# Technical manual

for the NSM phonograph

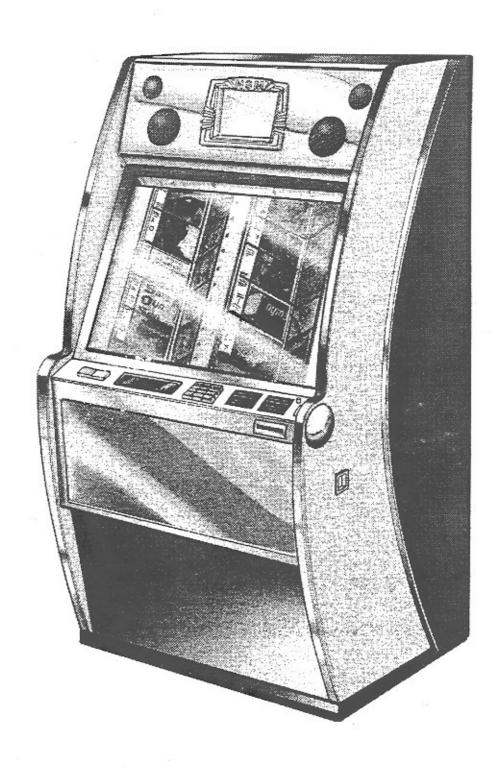
Sapphire

Part-No.: 179 430

NSM M.U.S.I.C.

# **Technical Manual**

# **SAPPHIRE**



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# 1. Section

# 1.1. Overview of components

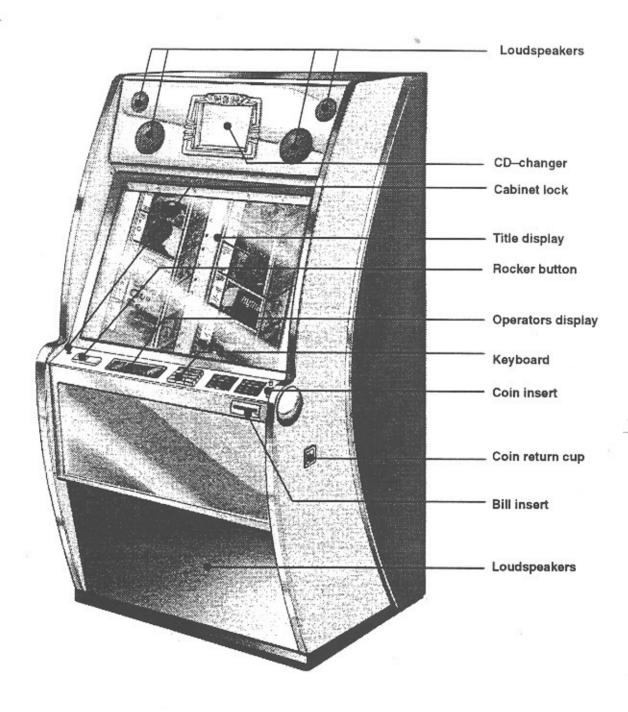


Figure 1: General view to the NSM phonograph, location of components

# 1.2. Technical data of the phonograph

#### **Electrical Data**

Main voltage:

100 V - 260 V setable by rewiring transformer

Frequency range:

50/60 Hz

Power consumption

stand by

170 W

play mode

450 W

Music power

4 Ω load

2 x 200 W

Sine wave power

4 Ω load

2 x 125 W RMS (Sinus)

#### Internal Loudspeakers

2 loudspeakers 12" (300 mm)

8 Ω Woofer

2 loudspeakers 5,3" (130 mm)

4 Ω Mid range

2 loudspeakers 1" calotte (26 mm)

8 Ω Tweeter

#### Lighting

Fluorescent lamps

1 x 8 W: 2 x 16 W

Lamps

12 V / 2 W

#### Dimensions

Height

appr. 64" (1620 mm)

Width

appr. 38" (970 mm)

Depth appr. 25" (633 mm)

Weight

157 kg (unerated)

#### Credit / Cash Input

Maximum credit display is 99.

Price list adjustable.

Free credit adjustment / permanent credit.

#### Keyboard

10 number keys

0-9

1 correction key

"C"

1 hit-step key

"H"

#### Displays

Display 1 with 4 seven-segment LED's

Display 2 with 2 seven-segment LED's

Display 3 with 4 seven-segment LED's

1 lamp display each for indication of "10 top hits", "background", "credit", "your selection" and "error, press key "C"

#### CD changer

NSM CD changer for up to 100 CD's. Disc-player: Philips CD-player unit.

#### **Special Features**

Computer-controlled amplifier protection for overload (mismatch).

## 1.3. Follow the following safety instructions

Remove all transportation security devices carefully from the phonograph and the CD-changer in order to avoid destruction and malfunctioning of it.

Level the phonograph carefully to avoid malfunctioning of the coin acceptor, the CD-changer and the title display unit.

Be careful with the power supply. Connect the phonograph only to the main voltage indicated on the label on the power cord.

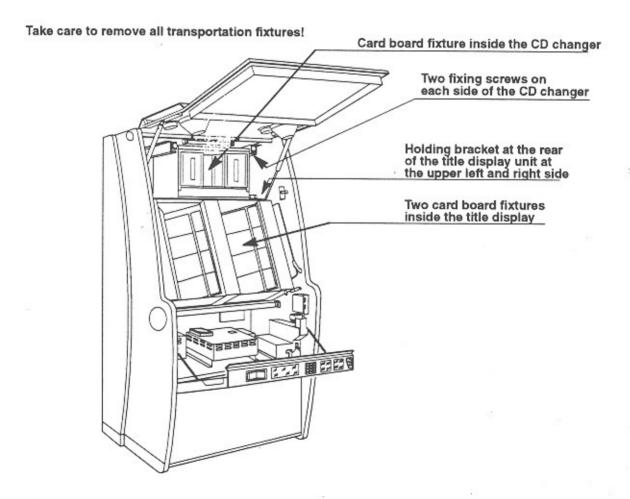
Check the operating conditions. Storage and operation of this phonograph are recommended in dry rooms only.

# 1.4. Check for transportation damages

If the shipping carton shows damage due to transport, this should at once be recorded on the delivery slip of the shipping papers and then endorsed by the person making the delivery.

Note:

The manufacturer is not liable for damages during transport!



Visually check all components for errored placement and secure installation.

Figure 2: View inside the opened phonograph

#### 1.5. Transportation fixtures

Before operating the phonograph all transportation fixtures for safety and protection during transport have to be removed. Regard information given in figure 2 and figure 3.

Note: Prior to any further transportation the security devices for safety and protection during transport have to be re-inserted.

Avoid static discharge to the phonograph. Electro Static Discharge (ESD) may destroy the opto-electronics and other ESD sensitive parts within the phonograph.

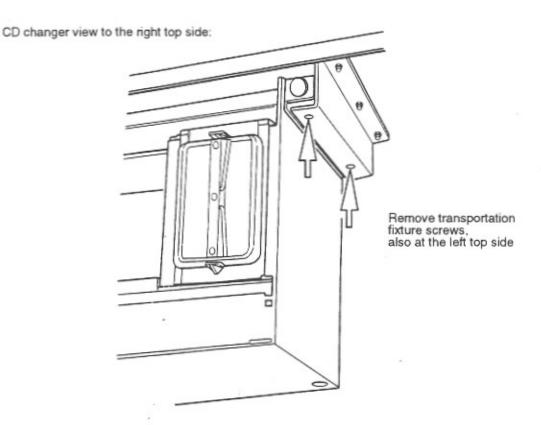


Figure 3: CD changer, transportation fixtures

#### 1.5.1. Removing the transportation fixtures

- 1. Open the phonograph. Turn the key and swing up the upper lid.
- 2. Remove the card board transportation fixture, located between the two CD storage magazines.
- 3. Swing both handles of a magazine ahead together if you want to take out a magazin.
- 4. Press the corresponding black knob to the outer side.
- The magazine automatically jumps out of the locking device and can easily be removed out of the changer. Take out the CD storage magazine.
- Loosen the 4 screws of the transportation fixture, 2 screws each at the left and right top of the CD changer (supports).

The CD-changer must be able to swing freely.

- Remove the two card board transportation fixtures inside the title display which fix the title holders.
- Loosen the screws and remove the two brackets at the upper rear left and right corner of the title display.

# 1.6. Leveling the phonograph

After you have removed all transportation security devices, you have to set up the phonograph in a level position in order to perfor correct functioning of the installed coin acceptors, the CD changer, and the title display unit.

In order to level the phonograph first check the level from the front to the back and then from the left to the right side of the phonograph. If necessary, insert spacers (size 4"x4") under the castors of the lower corner of the cabinet.

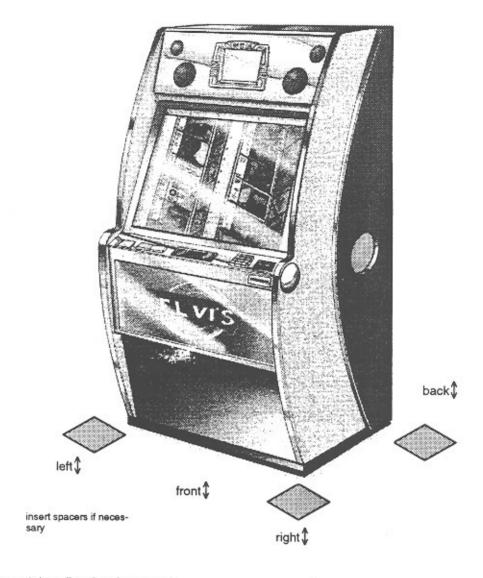


Figure 4: Leveling the phonograph

# 1.7. Options and accessories

Part-No.:
177 491
170 266
170 459
171 883
118 504
117 310
118 197
171 743
170 212
177 450
177 488
224 223
171 880
172 187
225 260 225 758
177 486
173 348
178 979

# 1.7.1. Installing a MARS CASHFLOW 330 electronic coin acceptor (optional)

This phonograph may be equipped with an electronical coin acceptor to check up to 4 or 5 different coins, depending on the type of the coin acceptor.

The three sensors in the validator register each separately thickness, material quality and diameter of each deposited coin. If an inserted coin has passed the sensors, the determined data are compared with the information of valid coins stored in the PROM of the coin acceptor. If the validation criteria are identical with a data set stored in the PROM a "valid signal" is generated.

Depending on the coin value the valid signal is sent as output signal IB to IF to the CB ADAPTER. From there the signal reaches plug ST8 of the control unit.

The monetary value settings of the individual program steps are assigned to corresponding output

signals:

P071 to signal IF

P072 to signal ID

P073 to signal IC

P074 to signal IE

P075 to signal IB

Note:

When inserting a coin during program steps P070 to P075, the program step assigned to this coin is automatically represented in display 1.

The monetary values are programmed in monetary value units. For details see programming section.

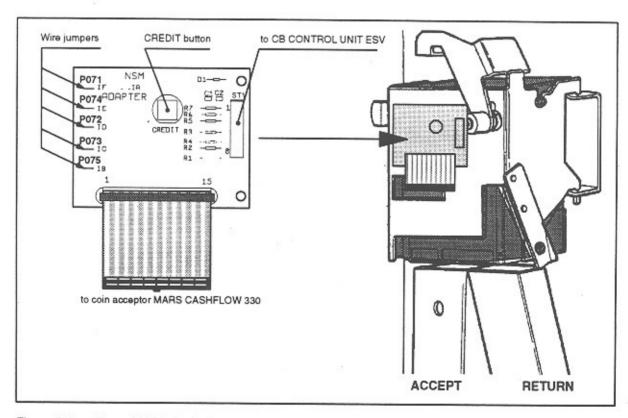


Figure 5: Installing a MARS CASHFLOW 330 coin acceptor using the CB ADAPTER

Note:

To avoid misuse or manipulation non-used channels are to be programmed with "0" and also should be blocked mechanically.

For this purpose the soldered wire jumpers of the corresponding channels IB to IF on the CB ADAPTER have to be cut.

## 1.8. Connecting the phonograph to the main voltage

Note:

Check main voltage before connecting the phonograph!

The label placed on the rear side of the phonograph near the power connector shows the factory setting of the mains voltage.

Attention:

To protect your phonograph or any connected device from any damages please follow:

Before you connect any device, or before you make any changes to the connection between the phonograph and a device, please make sure to switch off the power supply of the phonograph and any connected device (i.e. external audio amplifier).

Otherwise damages may be caused to the phonograph and/ or the connected device(s).

Danger:

The green-yellow wire of the three-wire power cord must be connected to the ground (protective earth) according to the international safety code.

On main voltage fluctuation of ± 10% the phonograph operates correctly.

On higher main voltage fluctuation you have to add a voltage stabilizer having a

On higher main voltage fluctuation you have to add a voltage stabilizer having a power output of 500 VA (Watt) at minimum.

For constant under voltage or over voltage and for other desired voltage settings you have to re-wire the mains transformer of the phonograph -> see wiring diagram sticker near the transformer.

The wiring of the ballast for the fluorescent illumination must not be changed!

If you have changed any voltage setting then you have to note this new setting to the label on the rear side near the power connector.

The power switch is located at the rear side of the cabinet. After having established the necessary connections, switch on the phonograph. The fluorescent lights should now light up.

The phonograph is now ready to operate.

## 1.9. Loading CDs into the CD storage magazines

Open the phonograph if not already done.

In order to avoid movement of the lift (attract mode) while working within the CD changer pull out the service switch. Now the phonograph is in service mode.

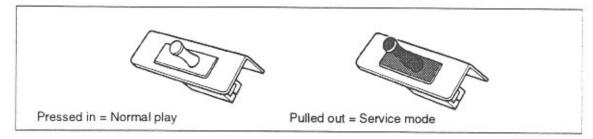


Figure 6: Positions of the service switch

The magazines are equipped with tilting handles; simply fold the two handles to the front if you wish to take out a magazine.

Remove the right-hand storage magazine by holding the handles with your right hand and pressing the right-hand knob to the right side. The magazine automatically jumps out of the lock.

Remove the left-hand storage magazine by holding the handles with your left hand and pressing the left-hand knob to the left side. The magazine audibly jumps out of the lock.

Remove a number of CD trays corresponding to the number of CDs you wish to insert into the magazine.

Always place the CDs face up (label up) into the recess of each tray, and thereupon slide the tray into the first available slot of the magazine.

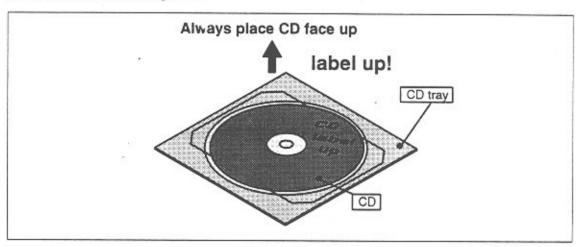


Figure 7: Placing CDs into CD trays

Note:

CDs have to be placed label up into the CD trays. Otherwise the CD changer will cause an error when accessing an incorrectly inserted CD.

When re-inserting the magazines take care that each magazine locks automatically with a slight bump in the locking device. If you don't push in the magazine strong enough, a disfunction of the CD changer may result!

Note:

Due to the CD magazine's construction they can be transported outside the CD changer without any special transportation securities. Only when treated too rough the CD holders will fall out of the locking devices within the magazine.

Please don't store or transport magazines upside down.

## 1.10. Memorizing the titles of the loaded CDs to the control unit

The memorization of the title information of the loaded CDs takes place within service program step P160. If the phonograph is not yet in service mode,

open the cabinet lid (door) and pull out the service switch (refer to fig.6)

Now the phonograph is in service mode. The display shows e.g.:



Figure 8: Display after entering the service mode

Perform the following steps in order to start the initialization:

press "C" display shows P\_\_\_\_ enter P160 display shows P160 press "H" and "0" to start the memorization

The control unit of the phonograph then checks every tray, one after another, of both CD storage magazines to read the information from the inserted CD concerning the number of tracks.

Note:

The control unit searches all CD trays up to the number of CDs specified in P042.

The factory setting of the value in P042 is 0032, which means 100 CDs with 32 tracks each. If you have not installed 100 CDs, you must first change the number of accessible CDs and tracks in P042.

Take care that you do not leave CD trays empty in the selected number of CD's in P042.

After starting the initialization routine the phonograph needs less than 15 minutes to check all CDs. During this routine you may close the cabinet door. The phonograph returns automatically to the normal play mode after finishing the initialization procedure. If money is inserted during that time it will retain the number of credits but selections cannot be made during the memorization process.

## 1.11. Changing the price - and monetary value settings

The following text is a short description of the program steps P060 to P066 and P070 to P075. The detailed description and corresponding tables are contained in chapters "Price Settings" and "Monetary Value Settings" in section 5: "Programming".

# 1.11.1. Programming the price settings, that means plays per price

Example for setting the price settings:

1 play = 25 c

2 plays = 50 c

5 plays = 1 \$

no discount for album selection

Table 1: Programming of price settings

Programming information	Action of the ope-	Displays		
5 037 	rator	1	2	3
Enter the service mode of the phonograph	pull out the service switch	P010	_1	73
			Play	price
Clear display and enter the following commands:	С	P	_	
Direct selection of a command, display of previous setting in P061.	61H	P061	_1	0100
Enter new setting in P061 "1 play/25c".	010025	P061	01	0025
Confirm setting and advance to next command, display shows previous setting in P062.	Н	P062	_1	0100
Enter new setting in P062 "2 plays/50c".	020050	P062	02	0050
Confirm setting and advance to next command, display shows previous setting in P063:	Н	P063	_3	0200
Enter new setting in P063 "5 plays/1 \$.	050100	P063	05	0100
Confirm setting and advance to next command, display shows previous setting in P064:	Н	P064	03	0200
If setting is not used enter "0".	0	P064	_	0
Confirm setting and advance to next command, display of previous setting in P065:	Н	P065	03	0200
If setting is not used enter "0".	0	P065	_	0
Confirm setting and advance to next command, display shows current setting for P066 (album selection without discount).	Н	P066	_	1

After confirmation of a setting (e.g. for P062) the system automatically turns to the next program step (here: P063).

Caution! Press "C" key in the event of incorrect programming or when display flashes (Error press C).

If you want to terminate the changing of settings you have to press the "C" key twice or close the cabinet door to return to standard operating mode (play mode).

## 1.11.2. Example of Programming the monetary value settings

Depending on the type of coin acceptor the individual coin channels must be programmed for the associated monetary values in the corresponding program steps. Unused channels must be programmed with the monetary value "0"!

- Checking the monetary value settings: Select one program step between P070 and P075. After inserting any coin the channel associated with the coin is displayed, e.g. 50 cents in channel 2: display P072 0050.
- 2. Changing the monetary settings: As an example, if the 25 cents slot (channel 1) is not to be used: First enter program step P071 as described above. In the coin acceptor or on the adaptor PCB of electronic coin acceptors the respective channel has to be blocked so that these coins drop into the coin return.
- 3. Standard settings: The programming of standard settings is done with the command P070 and entering the number of the desired table values (see table 7 "Monetary value settings" in section: "Programming"). The correct programming of all channels is done automatically after entering the number and pressing the key "H".

The way inserted coins are counted on an electronic cash counter is set to "monetary value /100" (P078 is set to "0").

Table 2: Programming the monetary value settings

Programming information	Action of the operator	Displa 1	ays 2	3
Enter the service mode of the phonograph	pull out the service switch	P010	_1	_73
Clear display and enter the following commands:	С	P	_	
Direct selection of a command, display of previous setting in P071.	See text (2.)	P071		_500
Enter new setting; no coin conversion within channel 1	0	P071		0
Confirm setting and advances to next command, display of previous setting in P072.	Н	P072		_500
If the standard setting according to the table of monetary standard settep P070 (as described previously).	ettings is to be us	ed, call	up pro	gram
Ready for standard setting P071 through P075	See text (3.)	P070		XXXX
Program entry "10" of the standard table (for USA mechanical coin acceptor).	10H	P070		_10
Confirm setting and advance to next command:	Н	P071		_010

Caution! Press "C" key in the event of incorrect programming or when display flashes.

If you want to terminate the changing of settings you have to press the "C" key twice or close the cabinet door to return to standard operating mode (play mode).

#### 1.11.3. The "Credit" button

The phonograph also offers a so-called **free-credit button**, located on the CB adaptor (see fig. 5) with electronic coin acceptors. Action on this button is only possible when the phonograph is in service mode. Pressing the credit button once gives "1 free credit". Credits generated by pressing the credit button are not registered statistically. In phonographs using a mechanical coin acceptor you will not find a free-credit button. You can push the micro switch beneath the coin acceptor instead.

# 1.12. Components of the NSM phonograph

In the following chapter you shortly will be introduced to the main components of the NSM phonograph. (Refer to figure 1 and 2 for locating the several components.)

## 1.12.1. The cabinet of the phonograph

The cabinet is made of wood, in order to enhance the acoustical characteristics of the internal loudspeakers. These characteristics are also influenced by the cross over network.

## 1.12.2. The playing instruction

To earn credits for playing different titles you have to insert either coins or bills.

You also have the possibility to change the number of credits for a title selection or an album selection. Then you have to replace the corresponding credit stickers with new ones.

Note: If you wish to change any credit setting don't forget to change the playing instructions.

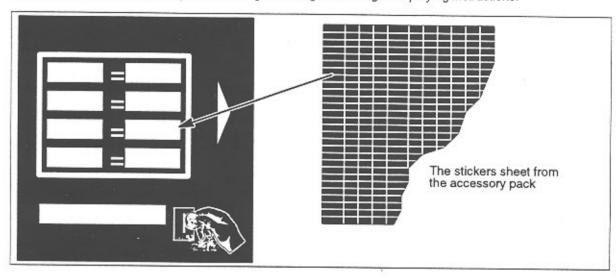


Figure 9: The playing instruction of the phonograph

#### 1.12.3. The operating instruction

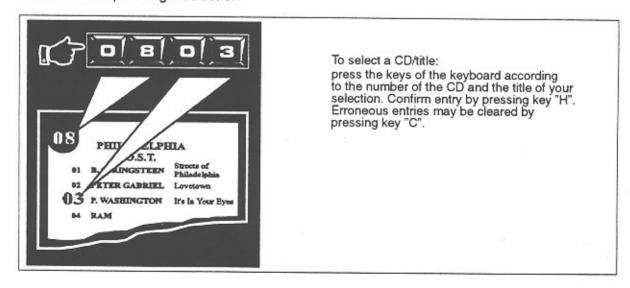


Figure 10: The operating instruction of the phonograph

## 1.12.4. The title display

The title display is capable of storing up to 112 (2x 7x8) CD covers and title strips. If you want to insert or remove title strips and/or CD covers you first have to open the phonograph. Firmly lift the lid.

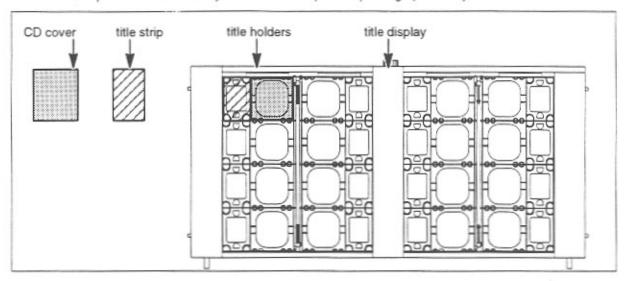


Figure 11: Loading title strips and CD covers

You have to be careful while inserting the CD covers and title strips into the title holders. Be sure CD covers and title strips are inserted under all the black plastic tabs. This will insure that they don't fall out. The title display will always show 2x eight covers of inserted CDs. You have to press the rocker button, placed in the operators console of the phonograph, if you want to move the title holders within the title display.

#### 1.12.5. The rocker button

The title holders can be moved into the corresponding direction by pressing the rocker button in the operator's console. Upon each button operation sixteen new CD-covers including title strips are shown. Lamps inside the rocker buttor, will light showing the possible direction of moving the title holders. In case of a limitation of selectable CDs by programming P042 (refer to chapter **Programming of the phonograph**), you have to take care to insert only the corresponding number of title strips and CD covers.

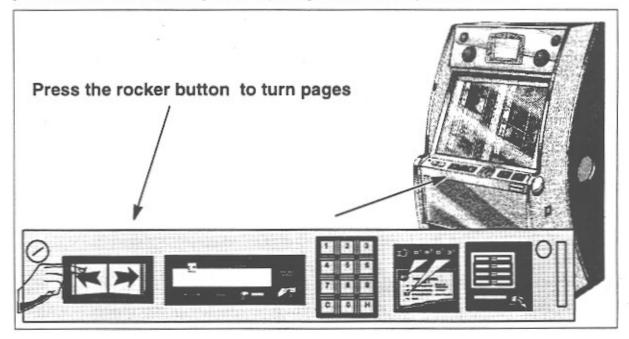


Figure 12: Locating the rocker button

#### 1.12.6. Display and keyboard

In the operators console you will find a keyboard with digits "0" to "9" and "H" and "C". The multi-functional display consists of three parts. You will get different information via the display depending on the mode of operation of the phonograph:

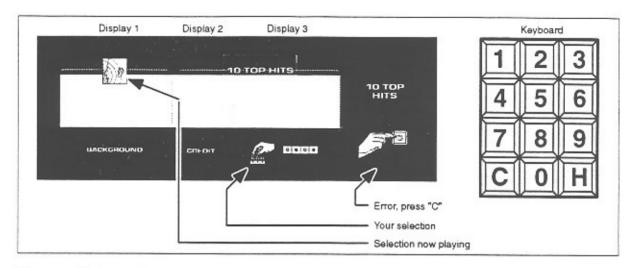


Figure 13: Display and keyboard in the operators console

Immediately after power—on the phonograph performs a self—test of the memory components of the control unit and all pre—programmed values. Afterwards display 1 shows the program version of the phonograph software for 2 sec. If an error is found during the self—test, the error code is displayed as "Er xx" for 2 sec. With Er 31 (unverified memory contents) and Er 40 (price settings incorrect) display 1 shows the program step which needs to be re—programmed as Pxxx.

Note: For other Er—numbers on display 3, even during operation, refer to the Service manual of the phonograph to get more information about error locating or trouble shooting.

<u>During stand-by</u> the phonograph calculates the ten most played titles out all titles played. On display 3 the title numbers of the 10 most popular titles are shown the rankings (1–10) are shown on display 2 (if enabled in P56). This "hit display" is changed in intervals of 2 sec. Also the lamp "10 top hits" lights up.

When pressing the key "H", the hit display can be stopped for 16 sec. Each pressing of the key "H" causes an advance to the next hit.

Note: When the popularity counters are erased (program step P033), the hit parade is erased, too. In that case "0" appears for ranking until CD's are played again.

After insertion of a coin the hit display is interrupted, the lamp "10 TOP HITS" turns off, and the lamps "credits" and "your selection" ( ) light up. Display 2 shows the number of credits.

For every selection credit is deducted. If not enough credits are available for the selection, the lamp "credit" flashes. No more coins being inserted within 16 sec. or no selector key being pressed, the mode changes back to "hit display".

After selection of a title the CD to be played is transported to the player and then played.

Just before start the number of the title is shown on display 1 ("SELECTION NOW PLAYING"). After the disc has been played, the display is erased and the CD is transported back to its magazine space.

Note: If an error occurs with the CD changer or the player, "Er 7x" or "Er 6x" appears for 2 sec. In that case refer to section 3 to get more information about error locating or trouble shooting.

<u>During programming mode</u> the display shows the selected programming step with actual values. Use the keyboard to change settings (refer to section 2 to get more information on programming).

Note: Programming is possible only if the phonograph is in service mode.

## 1.12.7. CD changer

The CD changer used within this phonograph is our fast 100 CD changer "MBC III" . This high quality product uses two CD storage magazines capable of storing max. 50 CDs each.

A simple locking mechanism is integrated to hold the two CD storage magazines.

Refer to figure 14 to get familiar to the location of the components. You will need this information later when loading CDs.

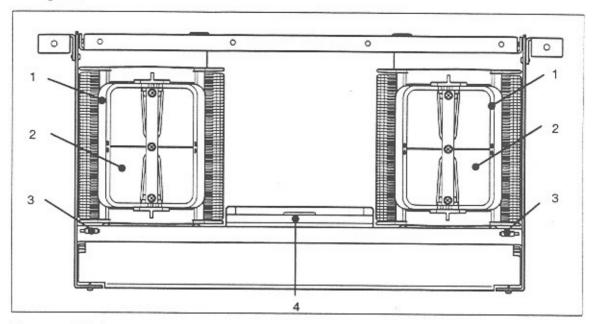


Figure 14: CD changer

The components are:

1 = Handle of the CD magazine

2 = CD magazine

3 = Locking lever for CD magazine

4 = CD lift

#### 1.12.8. Central Unit

The power supply, stereo amplifier with fan control, interfaces for the inputs of microphone, CD drive, tape and remote control, interfaces for the output to control unit, CD drive, and illumination are all integrated on one circuit board "CENTRAL UNIT ES5.1".

The music power per channel is 200 Watt when matched to a loudspeaker impedance of 4 Ω.

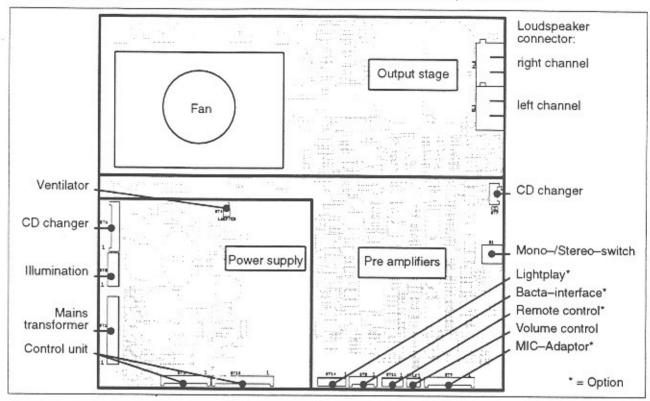


Figure 15: Structure of the circuit hand Central Unit ES5.1

#### 1.12.9. Control Unit

This PCB contains the microprocessor which controls all functions of the phonograph.

Evaluation is performed with the phonographs keyboard and display or with data transfer via the serial interface connector located on this PCB.

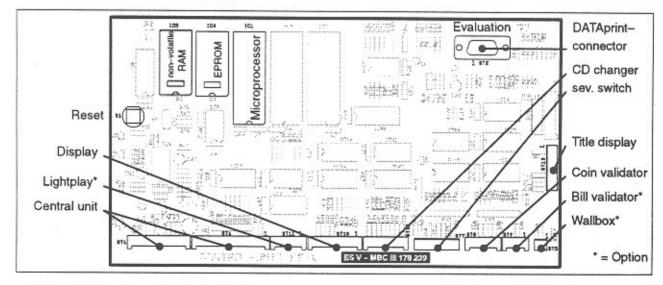


Figure 16: Structure of the Control Unit

## 1.12.10. Audio system

The audio system of this phonograph consists on the following main parts:

CD player stereo amplifier output transformer cross over network with loudspeakers

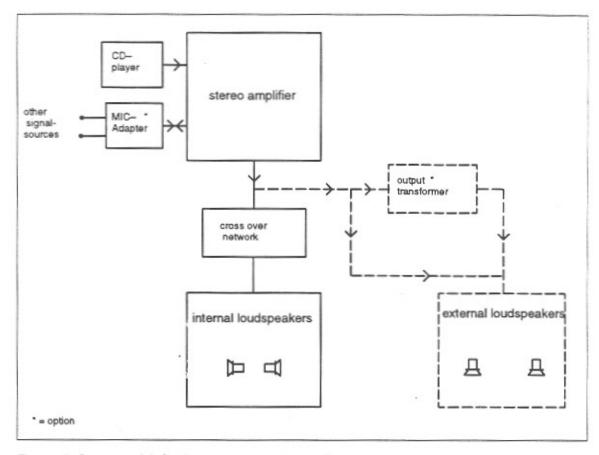


Figure 17: Structure of the main components of the audio system

#### 1.13. Remote control

The phonograph can optionally be equipped with cable—type remote control or infrared remote control. All functions and the operation of both models are identical. Therefore, this description is valid for both of them.

The buttons "+" or "-" attached to the rear of the cabinet allow a common adjustment of volume for both channels. By pressing "REJECT" you can return the CD currently playing.

These three functional buttons attached to the phonograph correspond to the function of the buttons I+II, and REJECT on the remote control.

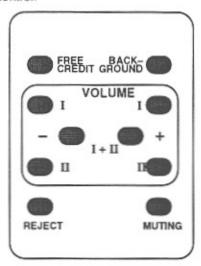


Figure 18: Remote control

#### 1.13.1. Setting the volumes

We differentiate between four volumes:

- 1.- the "normal volume" of selected titles, random play titles
- 2.- the "background volume" of titles to be played in background mode
- 3.- the "MIC volume" for microphone announcements, if the microphone is switched on
- 4.- the "tape volume" for reproduction of tape music

The keys have the following function:

- Keys "I" controlling the left channel (increase and decrease)
   Keys "II" controlling the right channel (increase and decrease)
- Keys "+" increase of volume of both channels.
   Keys "-" decrease of volume of both channels.

When pushing the center keys "I+II" (red) the channels are regulated together. If they were differently set, they are first "balanced" and regulated together.

When no selection is being made, the volume for the channels is shown on display 3 during the adjustment, in steps of "1" to "31".

While "Muting" is active the message "OFF" appears in display 1. No more titles will be played until "Muting" is cancelled by pressing "Muting" again.

The last volume setting is stored during "power off".

The maximum possible volume can be limited

- for normal volume by programming P051 in steps of "1" to "31"
- for background volume by programming P052 in steps of "1" to "31"
- for microphone volume by programming P055 in steps of "1" to "31" and
- for tape volume by programming P058 in steps of "1" to "31"

For P051, P052, P055 and P058 refer to programming section.

Note:

To protect the amplifiers a check is made whether an overload occurs due to mismatching. Upon recognition of an error the volume of the corresponding channel is reduced step by step automatically by the control unit until a non-critical point is reached.

#### 1.13.2. The key "MUTING"

The volume of both channels can be set to "off" by pressing the key "MUTING". The message "OFF" appears on display 1 in the operators console. Again pressing the key "MUTING" or pressing one of the "VO-LUME +" keys causes the system to switch back to the previously set volume for both channels.

Note:

With display "OFF" no more CD's are played until "Muting" is cancelled.

## 1.13.3. The key "FREE CREDITS"

Free credits can be called up by pressing the key "FREE CREDIT". The following free credits are possible depending upon the programming of P091–P095:

- Number of set free credits can be called up individually one by one
- Unlimited free credits can be called up individually one by one
- Permanent credit (free play) when pressing key "FREE CREDIT" for the first time (credit displays "99"). When key "FREE CREDIT" is pressed again, permanent credit is taken away.
- Permanent credit automatically within the time window

By using the program steps P091 to P093 a time window can be defined. While this time window is active free credits can be called up.

If no time window is defined of free credits can be called up at any time.

By setting the program step P095 you can define if free credits (1-99) are renewed automatically every day or weekly.

## 1.13.4. The key "BACKGROUND"

The background mode can be switched on by pressing the key "BACKGROUND". The lamp "Background playing" in the operators console is turned on. When pressing this key again, the background mode is switched off and the lamp is turned off.

The phonograph offers the possibility to program four (4) different time windows for each day. In the background mode up to 4 times 20 "random" records are played as defined in P105 and P107. The time at which background music is to be played can be set in P101 to P103.

If a CD is selected by the customer while background music is playing, this interrupts the background disc and the selected disc (title) is played at "normal volume".

#### 1.14. Evaluation of the statistics

# 1.14.1. Read-out of statistical values using the internal service program

You should make a statistical evaluation	of the phonograph at regular periods.
--	---------------------------------------

- "REJECT" a still playing CD
- Open the phonograph and pull out the service switch to enter the service mode.
   Display 3 automatically shows the least played CD with ranking e.g.: P010 \_\_1 \_\_73
- Read counters:

```
P010 and H = Popularity (P010 least played, P011 most played titles)
```

P012 and H = Hitparade (Top 10 Hits)

P013 and H = Cash total

P014 and H = Counter for number of coins

P016 and H = Counter for plays

P017 and H = Number of selected titles
P018 and H = Number of selected albums
P019 and H = Number of overplay titles
P020 and H = Number of payed credits

P021 and H = Number of free credits provided P022 and H = Number of background titles played

P023 and H = Number of autoplay titles
P024 and H = Number of advertisement titles
P025 and H = Number of Happy-Hour credits

P026 and H = Number of power-on hours of the phonograph

After you have read—out the statistical values of your interest you have the possibility to erase the corresponding counters, thus to start a new statistics period. While you are in the service mode

- Erase counters:

P033, and selected code number:

0 and H = delete all memory contents Attention, all counters are erased!

1 and H = delete only hitparade (P012) 2 and H = delete popularity only (P010)

3 and H = delete all cash counters (P013 - 025)

4 und H = delete credit memory only
5 und H = delete selections only
6 und H = delete error messages only

#### 1.14.2. Data transfer and storage with DATAprint

You also have the possibility to make a printout of the statistical informations of the phonograph. Therefore you need the NSM DATAprint for statistic collecting / printing, which is connected to the evaluation socket on the control unit of the phonograph.

- "REJECT" a still playing CD
- Open the phonograph and pull out the service switch to enter the service mode.
   Display 3 automatically shows the least played CD with ranking e.g.: P010 \_\_1 \_\_73
- Plug the printer connector into the 9 pin socket "EVALUATION" of the CB CONTROL UNIT.
- Press key "C" to clear display. The display shows P\_\_\_\_\_

Using a NSM DATAprint you can print out simple tables including statistical data (text mode) or graphically prepared statistical data (graphic mode).

To print out the statistics of the phonograph in "text mode" (Example: see figure 20)

- Enter 30H, the display shows P030
- Enter 0. Counters + Errors, as well as popularity are transferred into the DATAprint.

Note:

After successfully transferring the statistical data to the DATAprint the statistical data is erased in the phonograph when you close the lid (door) or exit the service mode.

To print out the statistics of the phonograph in "graphic mode"

- - 0 = complete information
  - 1 = all cash counters
  - 2 = all counters
  - 3 = settings
  - 4 = popularity
  - 5 = hit parade of all titles of this location
  - 6 = last 20 error messages

## Attention:

After finishing the graphical printout you must clear the statistical counters separately using P033, because they are not cleared automatically after closing the lid or exiting the service mode.

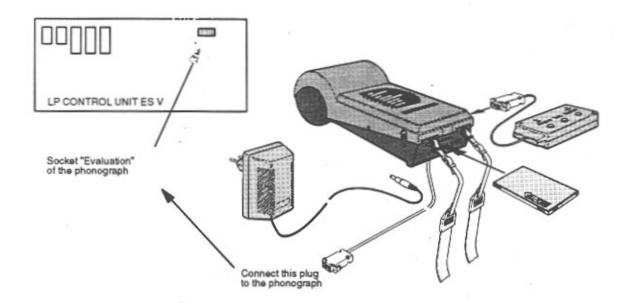


Figure 19: Evaluation unit NSM DATAprint

Note:

If an error occurs during data transfer or if the printer does not start, "E0" appears on display 3. When a popularity counter has reached value 256, all popularity counters are divided by half. After dividing, the popularity printed out is relative. The number of divisions appears in the printout e.g.: "RELATIVE 5". This division is also made for the HITLIST.

08.02.94 / 09:46 V3.20 DATENSATZ: 5	indicates that this is the 5. data set in the DATAprint.
*NSM*	The state of the s
BOX ES V V.0106	Version of the phonograph software.
BOX-ANALYSE:           BOX.NR.         0000           TIME         15:06           DATE         12.03.97	BOX-ANALYSE: indicates to which phonograph this print-out belongs.  Also date and time of printing are shown.
COUNTERS: CASH	COUNTERS: shows the contents of the listed counters.
TITLE—SELECTIONS	
### FREE PLAYS	
POWER-ON HOURS	POPULARITY: shows the number of plays of each CD (5 CD's per row).  Not played CD's have no entry. All 100 CD's are listed.
006, 086, 096, 072, 080, 084 011, 141, 084, 066, 180, 085 016, 076, 001, 008, 100, 072 021, 005, 032, 193 002,	
026, 072, 100, 060, 111 031, 061, 216, 061, 031, 007 036, 004, 016, 038, 087	
081, 066, 084, 066, 016, 068 086, 004, 106, 082, 016, 088 091, 006, 120, 016, 090, 090 096, 122, 066, 069, 106, 084	
HITLIST: RANK CD TRACK PLAYS	HITLIST: shows the TOP 10 of the hitlist of this phonograph Format Rank-CD-Track-Plays
10101 7 25101 4 31701 2	
4 3201 2 5 0601 2 6 0201 1 7 0301 1	
8 0401 1 9 0501 1 10 0701 1	
ERRORS NO.CODE # TIME DATE NO ERRORS!	ERRORS: shows the last 20 errors as CODE with argument # and with date and time.  # = CD- / Title display position number.
COLLECTIONS: NO DATE TIME H/DAY	COLLECTIONS: shows the current and the last 5 collections with date and time.
CURRENT COLLECTION  08 12.03.97 . 15:06  LAST COLLECTIONS  07 11.03.97 . 10:09  06 10.03.97 . 13:14  05 09.03.97 . 15:31  04 08.03.97 . 11:45  03 07.03.97 . 16:01	H/DAY shows the average value of power-on hours per day.
END- 60751 BYTES FREI	-END- indicates the end of this printout. The following number shows the available storage capacity of the DATAprint 3000.

Figure 20: Sample printout in text mode, generated on DATAprint 3000

		- ~ ~
BOX ES V V0106 BOX-ANALYSE:		HAPPY HOUR SETTINGS: START TIME
BOX-ANALTSE;	BOX-ANALYSE:	STOP TIME 00:00
BOX.NR	indicates to which phonograph this	ACTIVE ON DAYS 0000000
TIME	print-out belongs. Also date and time	HAPPY HOUR BONUS D
DATE	of printing are shown.	TITLE DISPLAY SETTINGS:
DATE 12.03.97	TITLE DISPLAY SETTINGS:	START TIME
COUNTEDO	show the actual settings of	STOP TIME
COUNTERS:	P180 to P187.	ACTIVE ON DAYS 0000000
		TITLE DISPLAY PERIOD 0
PLAYS 0 TITLE-SELECTIONS 0	COUNTERS;	TITLE DISPLAY MODE
ALBUM-SELECTIONS 0	shows the contents of	TITLE DISPERT MODE
OVERPLAYS	the listed counters.	POPULARITY:
FREE PLAYS	POPULARITY:	CD:
BACKGROUND PLAYS 49	shows the number of plays of each CD.	0 20 40 50 80 100 120
AUTO PLAYS 0	Numbers >120 are not shown.	la l
ADVERTISE PLAYS 0	Halligers F120 and Hot griderit.	81
HAPPY HOUR CREDITS 0		15
POWER-ON HOURS 17		99
POWEN-ON HOURS		18
BOX-STATUS:	DOV STATUS.	19
BOX-CODE	BOX-STATUS:	20
CDS/TRACKS	shows the actual setting of P041 to P052.	33
STANS-BY-LIGHTINGS 1105	P041 t0 P052.	33
ACTIVE LIGHTINGS 1000		2
MAX.TIME/TRACK		
ORDER OF PLAY		49
TRACKS IN A ROW		51
CLR CREDIT		8
CLR SELECTIONS		50
MAX.VOLUME		62
MAX.BGM-VOLUME 16		89
MAX.MIC-VOLUME 0		<b>4</b>
		72
PRICE SETTINGS:	PRICE SETTINGS:	83
P6X PRICE ! P7X VALUE	shows the actual setting of	1 2
1 1 0100 ! 1 100	P061 to P077.	87
2 1 0100 ! 2 500	1 001 101 111	85
13 3 0200 1 3 200		99
4 3 0200 ! 4 .0 5 3 0200 ! 5 0	1/.	
	100000000	
ALBUM SETTING	HITLIST:	HITLIST:
BILL BONUS 0	shows the TOP 10 of the hitlist	RANK CD TRACK PLAYS
MONEY CONVERSION 0	of this phonograph.	-10101 7 25101 4
FREE CREDIT CETTINGS	Format: Rank-CD-Track-Plays	
FREE CREDIT SETTINGS:	1.00	3 1701 2
START TIME 00:00		5 0601 2
STOP TIME		6 0201 1
ACTIVE ON DAYS 0000000 FREE CREDITS200		0 0201 1
RENEWAL PERIOD		FRRENC
BGM SETTINGS:	ERRORS:	
START TIME	shows the last 20 errors as CODE	NO.CODE # TIME DATE
STOP TIME 00:00	with argument # and with date and time.	
ACTIVE ON DAYS 0000000	# = CD- / Title display position number.	
LOCK FOR BGM		
AUTO PLAY SETTINGS:		
START TIME		
STOP TIME 00:00	COLLECTIONS:	COLLECTIONS:
ACTIVE ON DAYS 0000000	shows the current and the last 5	NO DATE TIME H/DAY
AUTO PLAY PERIOD	collections with date and time.	CURRENT COLLECTION
ADVERTISEMENT SETTINGS:	H/DAY shows the average value of	08 12.03.97 15:06 . 08
START TIME 00:00	power-on hours per day.	LAST COLLECTIONS
STOP TIME 00:00		07 11.03.97 10:09
ACTIVE ON DAYS 0000000	FREE CREDIT SETTINGS:	06 10.03.97 13:14
ADVERTISEMENT PERIOD 0	BGM SETTINGS;	05 09.03.97 15:31
LOCK OUT SETTINGS:	AUTO PLAY SETTINGS:	04 08.03.97 11:45
START TIME 00:00	ADVERTISMENT SETTINGS:	03 07.03.97 16:01
STOP TIME 00:00	LOCK OUT SETTINGS:	-END-
ACTIVE ON DAYS 0000000	HAPPY HOUR SETTINGS:	48153 BYTES FREI
ACTIVATE LOCK	show the actual settings of	40133 DITESTREI
	P091 to P144.	

Figure 21: Sample printout in graphic mode, generated with DATAprint 3000

## 1.15. Replacing and changing CD's

- "REJECT" a still playing CD either by pressing the REJECT-button on the rear of the phonograph or on the remote control.
- Open the phonograph and pull out the service switch to enter the service mode.
   Display 3 automatically shows the least played CD.
- By pressing key "1" repeatedly, each time the number of the next best CD is displayed.
- If necessary open the CD changer. Take out the left (CDs 0 to 50) or right (CDs 51 to 100) CD magazine. Pull out the selected CD trays of the CDs to be exchanged and change CDs. After changing a CD push back CD tray until it locks in. Close the changer after having changed the last CD.
- The title information of the new inserted CD's must be read into the phonograph by using program P161 (see programming section).
- Change corresponding title strips.
   Put the desired title strips and CD covers in corresponding position in the title display unit.

## 1.16. Connecting external loudspeakers in stereo mode

# 1.16.1. Connecting additional loudspeakers with same impedance

The connection wires of the external loudspeakers are led through the opening in the rear side of the cabinet to the inside and then to the connection terminals of the output stage.

## The polarity ▼ must be maintained because otherwise bass reproduction would nullify itself!

The stereo amplifier of this phonograph provides an output of 200 Watt music power at 4  $\Omega$  per channel (= 125 Watt RMS). The impedance of the internal loudspeakers is 8  $\Omega$ , therefore they will use 100 Watt music power from the amplifier, only half of the available power.

In that case, the additional loudspeakers you may connect (refer to figure 22) cannot have an impedance of less than 8  $\Omega$ . Otherwise the amplifier would be "mismatched" and the overload protection would operate.

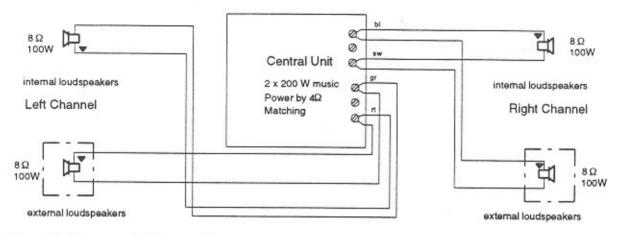


Figure 22: Stereo mode with normally connected loudspeakers

### 1.16.2. Connecting additional loudspeakers of higher impedance

If loudspeakers of a higher impedance are connected (refer to figure 23), a number of speakers can be connected parallel to the internal loudspeakers. In that case, a loudspeaker of a higher impedance would naturally be lower in volume.

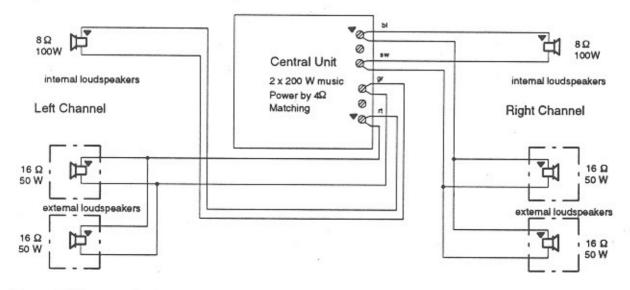


Figure 23: Stereo mode with connected loudspeakers of high impedance

# 1.17. Connecting external loudspeakers in mono mode

## 1.17.1. Sound system for separate rooms

If the volume is to be controlled independently for 2 rooms, the loudspeakers of the first room can be connected to one channel. The loudspeakers for the other room can then be connected to the second channel (refer to figure 24). The switch S1 "Mono/Stereo" located on the PCB "Central Unit" has to be switched to "MONO" (refer to Location of the mode switch). For this independent procedure a volume control with separate controls is necessary (refer to Remote control operation).

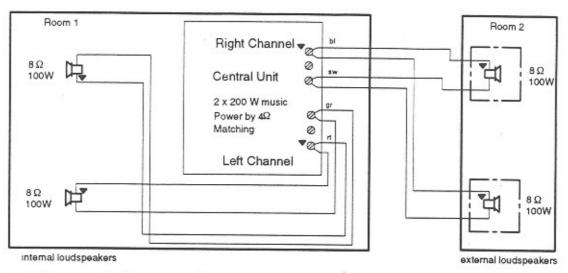


Figure 24: Mono mode with connected loudspeakers for seperated rooms

# 1.17.2. Mono mode with serial connected loudspeakers in one room

Take care that the total impedance of connected loudspeakers does not become less than 4  $\Omega$ . If you connect more loudspeakers in one room. It may be necessary to connect them in series or parallel. Series connected loudspeakers have less volume.

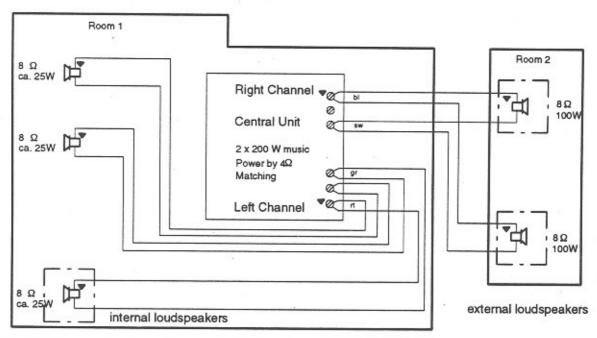


Figure 25: Mono mode with serial connected loudspeakers in one room

## 1.18. Location of the stereo / mono switch

NSM phonographs can be operated in different modes: stereo, mono or S–Stereo. S–stereo simulates a base wide sound system for better stereo sound effects.

The mode switch S1 used for this purpose is placed on the CB CENTRALEINHEIT ES 5.1.

Just move the switch into the desired position.

The factory setting of the mode switch is "STEREO".

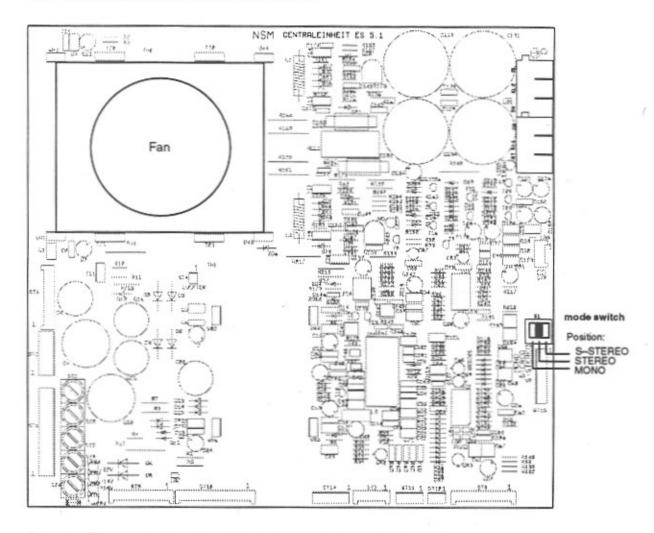


Figure 26: The mode switch S1 placed on the CB "CENTRAL UNIT ES 5.1"

# 1.18.1. Check that the phonograph is not overloaded

To avoid distortion of sound or destruction of equipment you should perform the following steps after changing any loudspeaker connection.

- A. Make sure that the internal and the external loudspeakers are connected to the proper connectors. Then power on the phonograph.
- Set the phonograph's volume to full power (display = 31) and make a selection.
- C. While the music is playing no overload distortion or interruption should occur. The volume should not be decreased automatically from its maximum 31, shown on the display. If any distortion or interruption occurs or if the volume is decreased, the amplifier is overloaded. Then you have to perform step D.
- D. Perform this step only if any distortion or interruption occurs. Turn off the phonograph. Find and correct the reason for this overload, perhaps there is a short circuit on a loudspeaker or too many loudspeakers are connected. Then repeat step A-C.

# Attention:

When playing a test–CD, the description that comes with the test–CD should be followed exactly. However, do not give sine signals with peak signal "0dB" at full volume level to the loudspeakers for more than 1 sec.

Other unfiltered noises and high–frequency signals (which are only used for measuring purposes) can also damage the amplifier and loudspeakers at full volume.

When checking channel separation, it has to be verified that the box is not switched to "Mono–mode" (refer to –>Mono mode operation).

# 1.19. Wiring of the built-in crossover network

The internal loudspeakers are connected to the amplifier via a crossover-network, thus to fulfil the best sound quality of the internal loudspeakers.

The following diagram shows the wiring of the internal crossover network.

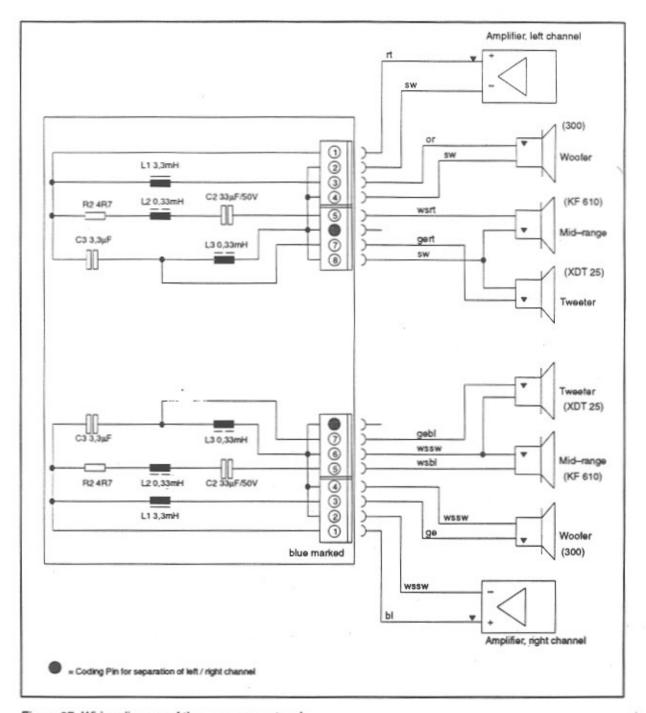


Figure 27: Wiring diagram of the crossover network

# 1.20. Adjustments for better sound quality

## How to get the best sound:

Using the service program (command P054) you can adjust the phonograph's sound settings for different kinds of room accoustics via the keyboard. Here treble and bass are set for both channels at the same time. The changed setting is immediately heard and stored in P054.

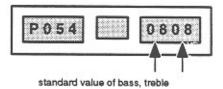
# Key pad layout for sound setting:

more bass	more bass + treble	more treble
4 mean value	5 mean values	6 mean value
7 less bass	less 8 bass + treble	less treble
Cancel	0	Step to the next command.

## Example for moderately-absorbent rooms:

Enter: P 054 H

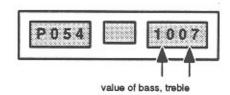
Change per pressing keys i.e. Key "8" = less bass and treble



## Example for non-absorbent rooms:

Enter: P 054 H

Change per pressing keys i.e. more bass and less treble



## 1.21. Output transformer

If you want to connect more external loudspeakers to the phonograph so that the total impedance will be less than 4  $\Omega$ , you have to connect the output transformer in order to avoid destruction of the output stage or distortions. See also the diagram "Loudspeaker Connection" at the end of this chapter.

## 1.21.1. Extension Loudspeaker Operation

To avoid a poor sounding phonograph, take care when adding extension loudspeakers. Regard the following requirements:

- Loudspeakers must be wired so that the power consumed by the phonograph loudspeakers and the extension loudspeakers (including remote selectors) does not exceed the amplifier power rating.
- Extension loudspeakers should produce the desired sound level relative to the sound level of the loudspeakers of the phonograph.
- All loudspeakers must be connected with the correct polarity.

Several tables have been included to assist you with connecting the extension loudspeakers. The diagram at the end of this chapter shows the entire sound system.

## Low Impedance Loudspeakers

## 4 Ω-loudspeakers

No more than one 4  $\Omega$ -loudspeaker should be connected to one loudspeaker line. If several 4  $\Omega$ -loudspeakers are to be used, each loudspeaker should have its own line.

## 8 Ω-loudspeakers

Low impedance loudspeakers with 8  $\Omega$  can be used if the connecting cable is less than 100 feet long. The loss on 100 feet of connecting cable (type: AWG 18/0,75 mm<sup>2)</sup> feeding one 8  $\Omega$ -loudspeaker is 15 %. The loss for two 8  $\Omega$ -loudspeakers is 30 %.

Do not connect a low impedance loudspeaker to a loudspeaker tap that exceeds the loudspeaker's power rating.

#### 70 V-loudspeakers

To avoid possible cable losses on long loudspeaker lines, 70 V-loudspeakers can be used. The power level in the 70 V-loudspeakers is set at each loudspeaker with its internal transformer.

## CAUTION:

In any loudspeaker installation, the sum of the power ratings of all loudspeakers must not exceed 250 W RMS (sine wave power, 125 W RMS per channel).

Music power: Often there are two values given as technical data of loudspeakers:

Besides the sine wave power (RMS) also the allowable peak load (music power) is given.

The music power can be calculated as follows: Multiplying the sine wave power by the value 1.6 results in the value of the music power (e.g. 125W RMS  $\times$  1.6 = 200W music power).

# 1.21.2. Selecting loudspeaker power

### General Instructions

This section will lead you through the power and loudspeaker selection process. This process consists of three major steps and several smaller steps. The major steps are:

- 1.) Identifying the extension loudspeakers and calculating their external loudspeakers power.
- Making the external loudspeaker connections.
- 3.) Determining and selecting the phonograph power.

# 1.21.3. Definition of extension loudspeakers and their power consumption

 Use a pencil (you may want to revise your entries) to write data to the work sheets on the following pages.

Use table 3 to calculate the amount of power consumed by the extension loudspeakers.

Note the quantity of 4 Ω-loudspeakers in the space of the column "Quantity".
 Enter stereo loudspeakers as two speakers.
 Multiply the quantity with the power consumption.

Write your results at the space "Total power consuption of  $4\Omega$  - loudspeakers ----W".

3) Afterwards note the quantity of 8  $\Omega$ -loudspeakers in the same manner.

Then also note the quantity of 70 V-loudspeakers.

Write the results of the corresponding calculations also at the space "Total power consuption of  $4\Omega$  – loudspeakers ——W".

Table 3: Calculation of the loudspeaker's power

4 Ω-stereo-loudspeakers	*) values give	n in W RWS	
	Quantity	Power consumption	Connecting taps
loudspeaker for 1,0*) W:	each 1,0 W	= W	(E1 and E2
loudspeaker for 4*) W:	each 4 W	= W	(E1 and E3
loudspeaker for 16*) W:	each 16 W	= W	(E1 and E4
loudspeaker for 28*) W	each 28 W	= W	(E1 and E5
loudspeaker for 62*) W:	each 62 W	= W	(E1 and E6
loudspeaker for 125*) W:	each 125 W	= ' W	(E1 and E7)
4 Ω-loudspeaker	Total	=W	
8 Ω-stereo-loudspeakers			
	Quantity	Power consumption	Connecting taps
loudspeaker for 0,5°) W:	each 0,5 W	= W	(E1 and E2)
loudspeaker for 2*) W:	each 2 W	=W	(E1 and E3)
loudspeaker for 8°) W:	each 8 W	= W	(E1 and E4)
loudspeaker for 14*) W	each 14 W	= W	(E1 and E5)
loudspeaker for 30°) W:	each 30 W	= W	(E1 and E6)
loudspeaker for 62*) W:	each 62 W	= W	(E1 and E7)
8 Ω-loudspeaker	Total	= W	
70 V-loudspeakers			
The variable power selection f transformer integrated in each Add the power consumption of	speakers cabinet.		Al B
70 V-loudspeaker	Total	= W	(A1 and A2)
After you have calculated al	I the necessary values	you have to add them to	get the
Total power consumption	of external loudspea	kers:	
Total power consumption of	4 Ω-loudspeakers	w	
Total power consumption of	8 Ω-loudspeakers	w	
Total power consumption of	70 V-loudspeakers	W	
otal power consumption of	all external loudsp	peakers W	/ in STEREO.
ow this is the necessary power	consumption which the	a amplifier of the phonogra	anh at least must s

Now this is the necessary power consumption which the amplifier of the phonograph at least must supply for external loudspeakers. This value must be less than the maximum power consumption of 250 W RMS (400 W music power). If it is more then 250 W RMS you have to reduce the number of connected loudspeakers. Afterwards calculate it once more.

5) Subtract this total power consumption for external loudspeakers from the maximum power consumption of the phonograph 250 W RMS (400 W music power) and note the result at the end of the following line:

Available power for the phonographs internal loudspeakers: \_\_\_\_\_ W in STEREO.

Remember: After subtraction of the total power from 250 W RMS you will get the "Available power for the phonographs internal loudspeakers". Make sure to note this value. You will need this value later, after you have connected all of the external loudspeakers, to calculate the connection of the internal loudspeakers.

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The amplifier may be rated up to 250 W RMS before the delimitation will start.

# 1.22. Connecting the loudspeakers of the phonograph

The connection between the amplifier of the phonograph and the output transformer is marked using colored wires. The **red** wire is used to connect the hot pole of the left channel and the **blue** wire is used to connect the right channel. The **black** wire and the **grey** wire are used as the corresponding reference potential (ground). The ground wires are always connected to the tap E1 (ground) of the output transformer. Refer to the table 4 to select output taps for more or less power for the connected loudspeakers.

Use this table 4 to select the correct connecting taps for the internal loudspeakers. Take care that the above calculated value of "Available power for the phonographs internal loudspeakers" is not exceeded.

# 1.22.1. Power calculation for the internal loudspeakers

The internal loudspeakers of the NSM phonograph have an impedance of 8  $\Omega$ 

Table 4 gives the loudspeaker power of the internal loudspeakers depending on the connecting tap of the output transformer.

Table 4: Selecting power for internal loudspeakers

Loudspeaker power	Connect the internal loudspeakers with
1,0 W	red wire to left E2, resp. blue wire to right E2
4,0 W	red wire to left E3, resp. blue wire to right E3
16,0 W	red wire to left E4, resp. blue wire to right E4
28,0 W	red wire to left E5, resp. blue wire to right E5
60,0 W	red wire to left E6, resp. blue wire to right E6
124,0 W	red wire to left E7, resp. blue wire to right E7

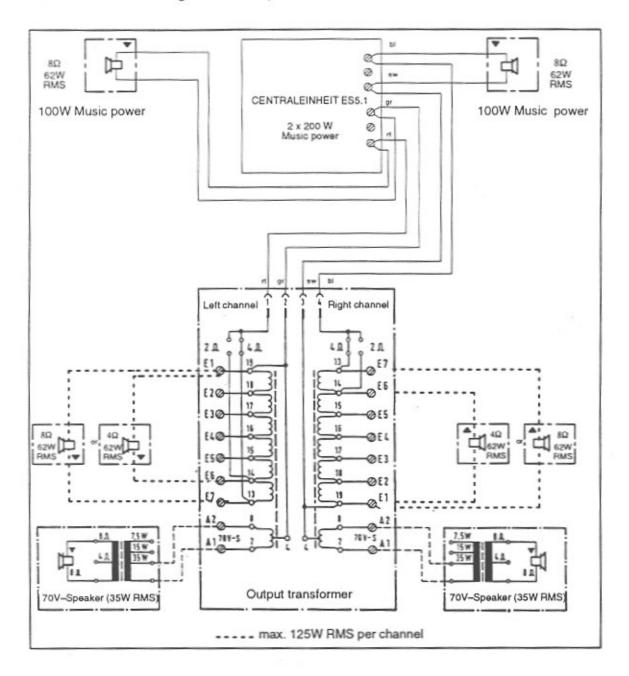
<sup>\*)</sup> For each channel only half of this values is available. Values given in "Watt RMS".

Take care not to overload the loudspeakers.

Do not change the connection of the black wire or the grey wire. They should stay on either the left or right E1 taps to define the reference potential.

See also to the "Connection diagram for output transformer".

# 1.23. Connection diagram for output transformer



Terminal		Loudspeaker impedance				
Position	1Ω	2Ω	4Ω	8 Ω	16 Ω	
E1-E2	4W RMS	2W RMS	1W RMS	0,5W RMS	0,3W RMS	
E1-E3	16W RMS	8W RMS	4W RMS	2W RMS	1W RMS	
E1-E4	64W RMS	32W RMS	16W RMS	8W RMS	4W RMS	
E1-E5	125W RMS	62W RMS	28W RMS	14W RMS	8W RMS	
E1-E6	-	125W RMS	62W RMS	30W RMS	16W RMS	
E1-E7	-	-	125W RMS	62W RMS	30W RMS	

Connection of 70 V-loudspeakers max. 60 W RMS

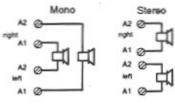


Figure 28: Connection diagram for external loudspeakers and output transformer

# 1.24. Adjusting the volume of additional loudspeakers using a "L-CONTROL"

If the volume of external loudspeakers should be controlled without changing the load of the amplifier, this can be performed using a volume controller (called L-CONTROL). The maximum volume is set at the phonograph's amplifier.

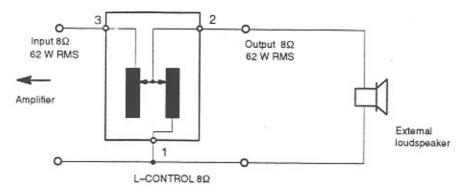


Figure 29: L-CONTROL, principle of function

Attention: The input impedance of this circuit is  $8\Omega$  independent of the position of the L–CONTROL. The phonograph's amplifier is always driven with a defined load. The power of the amplifier is distributed to the L–CONTROL and connected loudspeakers. In position 0 volume the L–CONTROL takes the whole power and in position max. volume the loudspeakers takes the whole power of the amplifier. So take care that both, the L–CONTROL and the loudspeakers are rated for the maximum power of the amplifier.

If a slight mutual influence on the volume adjustment is taken into bargain, the output transformer can be omitted when power is low by serially connecting two volume controllers:

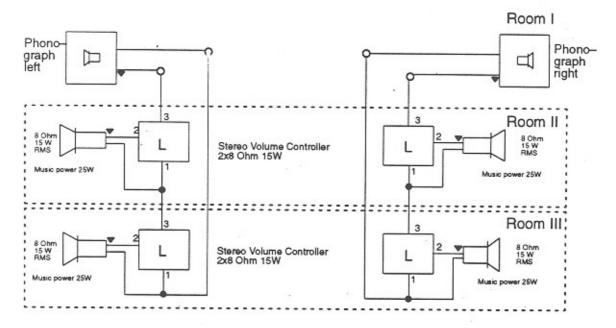


Figure 30: L-CONTROL, example of connecting

# 1.24.1. Independent control of more loudspeakers using L-CONTROL

Set the volume of the phonograph to its maximum level used every time.

The volume of additionally connected loudspeaker is then controlled independently via the separated L–CON-TROL of each room. The output transformer becomes necessary because of the total impedance of the whole system, which amounts to  $2,7\Omega$ .

## Seperate volume adjustment with volume controllers via output transformer

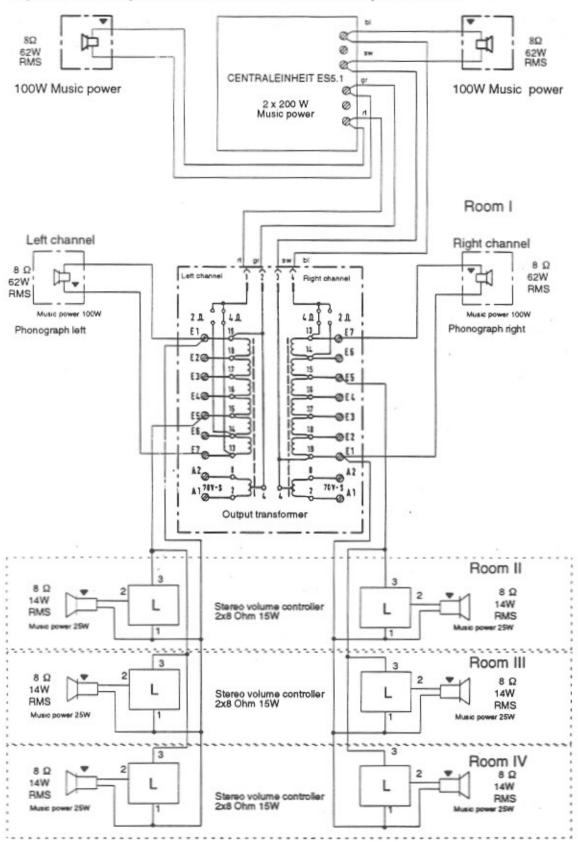


Figure 31: Volume controller with output transformer

# Section <u>C</u>

## 2. Section

# 2.1. Programming of special and individual settings

# 2.2. General information, programming overview

In order to program NSM phonographs in a simple yet extensive fashion, a service program has been installed with which the different settings can be altered via the keyboard of the phonograph.

In order to get into the service mode you have to perform the following steps:

open the front door of the cabinet pull out the service switch (cabinet interlock switch)

By changing the display, the phonograph indicates that it is in service mode now. The display shows the following information:

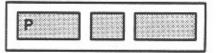


Figure 32: Display after entering the service mode

The display shows P010 and values concerning the popularity of the least played CD. For example:



After pressing the key "C" the display is changed. To the left the letter "P" appears,



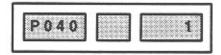
Now enter the desired program number. Zeros before the number can be left out.

A program called up in error can be cancelled by pressing "C". Pressing "H" confirms the entry.

For example:

Enter: P 40 H 1 H

to program the phonograph with all default values.



In order to find single programs more easily, all possible programs are put together in groups.

# 2.3. Table of commands in program version V0106

P001	Autorization: Enter authorization code:	"PPPP"
P002*	Change authorization code	"PPPP"
P003	Show version number: CCU	1: Eprom MBC 2: Laser
	Statistics:	
P010	O: Number of least played CD I: Number of second—least played CD 2: Number of plays 3: Data about any CD	
P011	0: Number of the most-played (best) CD 1: Number of the second-best CD 2: Number of plays 3: Data about any CD	
P012	0: Top-title, hit #1; 2: number of plays 1: Second-best title	13
P013*	Cash amount since last evaluation     Accumulated cashbox amount	
P014*	O: Number of coins through Chute 1 (K1) 1: Number of coins through Chute 2 (K2) 2: Number of coins through Chute 3 (K3) 3: Number of coins through K4 or bills into NP1 4: Number of bills into validator NP2 5: Accumulated (Acc.) counter for K1 6: Acc. counter for K2 7: Acc. counter for K3 8: Acc. counter for K4 or NP1 9: Acc. counter for K5 or NP2	
P016*	0: Counter of played titles	1:Acc. counter
P017*	0: Counter of selected titles	1:Acc. counter
P018*	0: Counter of album selections	1:Acc. counter
P019*	0: Counter of overplay titles	1:Acc. counter
P020*	0: Counter of paid credits	1:Acc. counter
P021*	0: Counter for free credits	1:Acc. counter
P022*	0: Counter for background titles	1:Acc. counter
P023*	0: Counter for autoplay titles	1:Acc. counter
P024*	0: Counter for advertising tracks	1:Acc, counter
P025*	0: Counter Happy-Hour-credits	1:Acc. counter
P026*	0: Counter for Power on hours	1:Acc. counter
P028	Number of unused credits	Tirroo. Godings
P029	Number of selections not yet played	
P030	Data transfer to DATAprint in text mode 0: cashbox, counters, hitparade, errors. 1: only the hitparade	
P031*	Data transfer to DATAptint in graphic mode 0: all available data 1: Cashbox 2: Counter and cashbox contents 3: General settings 4: Popularity of all CDs 5: Top all hits 6: Previous 20 error reports	
P032	Option, not used for USA	
P033*	Cancellation routines!  0+H clear all memory entries!  1+H clear hit parade!  2+H clear popularity!  3+H clear counters and cashbox contents!  4+H clear credits!  5+H clear error memory!	

Additional program steps->

		Standard In	dividual see page
	General settings:		
P040*	0+H Default values for 41 to 54 & 94 1+H Default values for 41 to 54 & 94 & 114, 117		13
P041*	Define machine #, max, 4 digits	0	13
P042	Selection limit for CD/track (title) max. 100 CDs, 99 tracks	0032	14
P043	Light show in stand-by, if installed	1105	
P044	Light show in operation, if installed	1000	
P045*	Time limit for playing of tracks in minutes (0=no limit)	0	14
P046	Sequence of playing normal selected tracks (0= fofo; 1=numerical; 2= random)	0	14
P047	Maximum number of titles in a sequence from one CD (0 = no limit)	0	14
P049*	Cancels credits after power off / stand-by (x=0-no, X=1 to 240-yes) x/10 hrs.	2	15
P050*	Cancels selection memory after power off (no: x=0, yes: x=1 to 240) x/10 hrs.	2	15
P051*	Maximum volume in play operation (max. 31)	31	16
P052*	Maximum volume for background music (0=normal; 1-31= separated volume)	16	16
P053	Sound system setting set volume	0505	16
P054	Sound system setting set troble and bass	0808	16
P055*	maximum volume for MIC 0. normal; 1–31 separated volume	0	17
P056	Display hitparade on console display 0: no; 1: after 16s with credit; 2: without credit	2	17
P057	Clear selection memory with remote control 0: no: 1. yes	0	17
P058*	maximum volume for tape 0. normal; 1–31 separated volume	0	17
	Price settings: see table "Price settings"		18
P060*	0+H Cancels previous setting n+H Selection "n" from table (s.a.)		18
P061*	Arbitrary price setting for chute 1 xx=selections, yyyy=price "xx yyyy"	0	19
P062*	same for chute 2'	0	19
P063*	same for chute 3	0	19
P064*	same for chute 4	0	19
P065*	same for chute 5	0	19
P066*	Bonus listing for album setting 0: No album selection allowed 1: No bonus 2: 1 bonus for 5 titles 3: 1 bonus for 4 titles 4: 1 bonus for 3 titles	1	19
	Monetary value settings: see table "Monetary value settings"		21
P070*	0+H Cancels previous monetary value n+H Selection "n" from table		19
P071°	Arbitrary monetary value setting for chute 1 zzzz=coin value (e.g. 0500=\$ 5,-) "zzzz"	0	20
P072*	same for chute 2	0	20
P073*	same for chute 3	0	20
P074*	same for chute 4	0	20
P075*	same for chute 5	0	20
P076*	Bonus credits for bill insert	0	20
P077*	indirecte revaluation     direct revaluation of inserted money	0	20
P078*	0: Display monetary value /100 1: Display monetary value /10	0	20
P080*	Programming real time clock: Set time "ddmmyy"		22
P081*	Set date "ddmmyy"		22
P082*	Set week-day (D=1 to 7) "D"		23

Donna	December 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Standard	Individual see page
090*	Programming free credits: 0+H: default values		24
2091*	Start time of time window "Free Credit"	00:00	24
092*	Stop time of time window "Free Credit"	00:00	24
P093*	Active on week-days "D" (D = 1 to 7) *) see footnote yes: 1+H; no: 0+H after day code display	0	24
P094*	Number of free credits: Enter: nnn+H 0; no free credit <200: No. of free credits individually used =200: unlimited use =201: Switch betwenn no/unlimited use =202: automatically unlimited use	0	25
P095	Rebuild number of free credits: 0: no rebuild 1: rebuild daily; 2: rebuild weekly	0	25
2100°	Backgroundmusic: 0+H: default values Cancels entries for selected time window (1 to 4)		26
2101*	Start time for time window "Background music" enter 4 time windows in maximum or skip by pressing H	00:00	26
P102*	Stop time for time window "Background music" enter 4 time windows in maximum or skip by pressing H	00:00	26
P103*	Active on week-days "D" (D= 1 to 7) Enter 1234+H after day code [ ex. 1_1234 = monday (1) active for all time windows or 3_24 = wednesday active only for 2, and 4, time window]	0	26
P104*	Lock for background music (BGM): Enter: n+H 0: No background music 1: BGM possible in time window 2: BGM automatically in time window enter for 4 time windows in maximum or skip by pressing H	0	26
105*	Enter 20 titles or CDs for each progr. time window Enter: (nnnn+H)	0	27
106*	Patron selection (0=free, 1=locked for guests) enter for 4 time windows in maximum or skip by pressing H	0	27
P107*	Sequence of play (0=FIFO, 1=RANDOM) enter for 4 time windows in maximum or skip by pressing H	0	27
P108*	Paid for background music Enter: nn+H (0= no credit)	0	27
2110*	Programming auto play: 0+H: default values; cancels entries+time		28
1111*	Start time for time window "Auto Play"	00:00	28
112*	Stop time for time window "Auto Play"	00:00	28
113*	Active on week-days "D" (D= 1 to 7) yes: 1+H; no: 0+H after day code	0	28
2114*	Time betwenn two titles in minutes Enter: nn+H (0=no auto play)	15	28
P115"	Enter 20 titles or CDs Enter: nnnn+H	0	29
116"	Patron Selection (0=free 1=locked for guests)	0 -	29
117*	Sequence of play (0=FIFO, 1=RANDOM)	1	29
120"	Programming of advertisement play: 0+H: default values		30
121*	Start time for time window "Advertisement"	00:00	30
122*	Stop time for time window "Advertisement"	00:00	30
123*	Active on week-days "D" (D= 1 to 7) yes: 1+H; no: 0+H after day code	0	30
124*	Time between two titles in minutes. Enter: nn+H (0=no adverts)	0	30
125*		0	31
126*		0	31
127*	Sequence of play (0=FIFO, 1=RANDOM)	0	31
2130°	Programming of lock-outs: 0+H: default values Cancels entries for selected time window (1 to 4)		32
131*	Start time for time window "lock-out" enter 4 time windows in maximum or skip by pressing H	00:00	32
P132*	Stop time for time window "lock-out" enter 4 time windows in maximum or skip by pressing H	00:00	. 32
P133*	Active on week-days "D" (D= 1 to 7) Enter 1234+H after day code [ ex. 1_1234 = monday (1) active for all time windows or 3_24 = wednesday active only for 2, and 4, time window]	0	32
P134*	Activate/deactivate lock-out titles: Enter: n+H  0: Title free; 1: Title locked in time window enter for 4 time windows in maximum or skip by pressing H	0	32
P135*	Enter 20 titles or CDs for each progr. time window Enter: nnnn+H	0	33

<sup>\*)</sup> Day code "D" means: 1 = Monday, 2 = Tuesday, 3 = Wednesday, 4 = Thursday, 5 = Friday, 6 = Saturday, 7 = Sunday

		otop do -d	I marking and the	
P140*	Programming Happy-Hour-credits:0+H: default values,no Happy H.	standard	Individual	see page
P141*	Start time for time window "Happy Hour"	00:00	_	34
P142*	Stoptime for time window "Happy-Hour"	00:00		34
P143*	Active on week-ends "D" (D = 1 to 7)	0		34
	yes: 1+H; no: 0+H after day code display			34
P144*	Calculation number (n=1 to 5) Enter: n+H 0=no Happy Hour	0		34
P150	Calling up Test programs: 0: Last reported error 1: Previous error report 2: CD# at which the error occured 3: Time of occurence 4: Date of occurence			
P151 to	p 159 are reserved for the service staff. See Service manual			
	Title memory:	-		
P160	0: read in all CD titles, i.e. with initial equipping of all CD's			
P161	Read in all titles of one newly equipped CD. Enter CD# "nn+H"			
P162	Read the title memory: 0: Number of titles from first CD 1: Number of titles from the next CD 2: Number of titles from the last CD 3: Number of titles from any CD Enter CD# "nn" +H			
P163	Cancels title memory of all CD's 0+H all entries set to 1			
P164	Switching signal sources: (This is only necessary when servicing)	-		
	0+H Mute (no signal source) 1+H CD-player 2+H Tape or cassette player 3+H microphone			
		standard	Individual	see page
	Switching evaluation protocol (only GB)		- Intervious	39
P170*	0+H: no protokol of this evaluation 1+H: BACTA-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) (DCL:= Data Cartridge Loader) 3+H: Data info at COM-Port with 1200 baud. 4+H: Data info at COM-Port with 2400 baud. 5+H: Data info at COM-Port with 9600 baud without delay. 6+H: Data info at COM-Port with 19200 baud without delay.			
P170*	0+H: no protokol of this evaluation 1+H: BACTA-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) (DCL:= Data Cartridge Loader) 3+H: Data info at COM-Port with 1200 baud. 4+H: Data info at COM-Port with 2400 baud. 5+H: Data info at COM-Port with 9600 baud without delay. 6+H: Data info at COM-Port with 19200 baud without delay.	not for the ?	v18 title dienlev	
	0+H: no protokol of this evaluation 1+H: BACTA-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) (DCL:= Data Cartridge Loader) 3+H: Data info at COM-Port with 1200 baud. 4+H: Data info at COM-Port with 2400 baud. 5+H: Data info at COM-Port with 9600 baud without delay. 6+H: Data info at COM-Port with 19200 baud without delay.  The following program steps are valid only for the 25x4 title display, and	not for the 30	x18 title display	40
P180*	0+H: no protokol of this evaluation 1+H: BACTA-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) 3+H: Data info at COM-Port with 1200 baud. 4+H: Data info at COM-Port with 2400 baud. 5+H: Data info at COM-Port with 9600 baud without delay. 6+H: Data info at COM-Port with 19200 baud without delay.  The following program steps are valid only for the 25x4 title display, and Programming title display:  0+H: Previous setting P181 to P187		x18 title display	40
P180* P181*	0+H: no protokol of this evaluation 1+H: BACTA-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) (DCL:= Data Cartridge Loader) 3+H: Data info at COM-Port with 1200 baud. 4+H: Data info at COM-Port with 9600 baud without delay. 5+H: Data info at COM-Port with 19200 baud without delay.  The following program steps are valid only for the 25x4 title display, and  Programming title display:  0+H: Previous setting P181 to P187  Start time for time window "title display"	00:00	x18 title display	40
P180* P181* P182*	0+H: no protokol of this evaluation 1+H: BACTA-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) (DCL:= Data Cartridge Loader) 3+H: Data info at COM-Port with 1200 baud. 4+H: Data info at COM-Port with 9600 baud without delay. 5+H: Data info at COM-Port with 19200 baud without delay.  The following program steps are valid only for the 25x4 title display, and  Programming title display:  O+H: Previous setting P181 to P187  Start time for time window "title display"	00:00	x18 title display	40 40
P180° P181° P182° P183°	0+H: no protokol of this evaluation 1+H: BACTA-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) 3+H: Data info at COM-Port with 1200 baud. 4+H: Data info at COM-Port with 2400 baud. 5+H: Data info at COM-Port with 9600 baud without delay. 6+H: Data info at COM-Port with 19200 baud without delay.  The following program steps are valid only for the 25x4 title display, and Programming title display:  O+H: Previous setting P181 to P187  Start time for time window "title display"  Stop time for time window "title display"  Active on week-day(s) "D" (D = 1 to 7) (0=no, 1=yes) +H	00:00 00:00 0	x18 title display	40 40 40
P180° P181° P182° P183°	0+H: no protokol of this evaluation 1+H: BACTA-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) (DCL:= Data Cartridge Loader) 3+H: Data info at COM-Port with 1200 baud. 4+H: Data info at COM-Port with 9600 baud without delay. 5+H: Data info at COM-Port with 19200 baud without delay.  The following program steps are valid only for the 25x4 title display, and  Programming title display:  O+H: Previous setting P181 to P187  Start time for time window "title display"	00:00	x18 title display	40 40
P180° P181° P182° P183° P184°	0+H: no protokol of this evaluation 1+H: BACTA-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) 3+H: Data info at COM-Port with 1200 baud. 4+H: Data info at COM-Port with 2400 baud. 5+H: Data info at COM-Port with 9600 baud without delay. 6+H: Data info at COM-Port with 19200 baud without delay.  The following program steps are valid only for the 25x4 title display, and  Programming title display: 0+H: Previous setting P181 to P187  Start time for time window "title display"  Stop time for time window "title display"  Active on week-day(s) "D" (D = 1 to 7) (0=no, 1=yes) +H  Timeout for the setting of the title display: 0+H = no automatically setting of the title display	00:00 00:00 0	x18 title display	40 40 40
P180° P181° P182° P183° P184°	0+H: no protokol of this evaluation 1+H: BACTA-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) 2+H: DCL-protokol (England) 3+H: Data info at COM-Port with 1200 baud. 4+H: Data info at COM-Port with 2400 baud. 5+H: Data info at COM-Port with 9600 baud without delay. 6+H: Data info at COM-Port with 19200 baud without delay.  The following program steps are valid only for the 25x4 title display, and Programming title display:  O+H: Previous setting P181 to P187  Start time for time window "title display"  Stop time for time window "title display"  Active on week-day(s) "D" (D = 1 to 7) (0=no, 1=yes) +H  Timeout for the setting of the title display: 0+H = no automatically setting of the title display 1 99+H = time to the next setting in minutes  Entry of 20 positions of the title display	00:00 00:00 0	x18 title display	40 40 40 40

# 2.4. The structure of the service program steps

The whole service program steps are divided into program groups

Table 5: Overview of program groups of the service program

Group	Name of command group	program steps	from page
1.	Authorization / Version	P001 P003	7
2.	Statistics	P010 P029	8
3.	Data Transfer/Cancellation	P030 P033	11
4.	Programming General Settings	P040 P057	13
5.	Programming Price Settings	P060 P066	18
6.	Programming Monetary Value Settings	P070 P078	19
7.	Programming Real Time Clock	P080 P082	22
8.	Programming Free Credits	P090 P095	24
9.	Programming Background Music	P100 P108	26
10.	Programming Auto Play	P110 P117	28
11.	Programming Advertising	P120 P127	30
12.	Programming Lock-out titles	P130 P135	32
13.	Programming Happy-Hour-credits	P140 P144	34
14.	Test Programs	P150 P159	35
15.	Initializing CD titles into title memory	P160 P163	38
16.	Switching signal sources	P164	39
17.	Switching signal sources	P170 (only GB)	39
18.	Programming the title display	P180 P187*	40

<sup>\*</sup> This program group is only valid for the "big" title display with 25x4 title strips with CD cover and not for the "small" title display with 3x18 title strips without CD cover.

The following chapter will describe the meaning and the syntax of each command of the service program in detail.

# 2.5. Authorization (P001 to P002) / Show Version (P003)

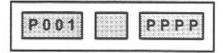
Because the jukeboxes can be programmed with so much important data as well as input in cash counter and statistics, it is even more important than before that only authorized personnel may have access. For this reason access to essential data of the phonograph can be protected by using an authorization code.

## 2.5.1.Enter Authorization Code

P001 In order to call up the protected programs, one must start authorization by using the P001 command.

Enter: P001 HPPPPH or P1 HPPPPH

Enter: P 001 H P P P P H (for authorization)

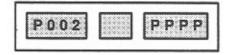


The authorization code "0000" has been programmed for delivery. The memories are not protected and the operator can choose his own code by entering command **P002**. For security reasons the code number is not shown. In the display each number is shown as "P. When "PPPP" is shown, the secret code number is complete and after pressing "H" and leaving the programming mode, the machine is protected.

# 2.5.2. Changing the Authorization Code

P002: During regular operation changing of the authorization code is only possible <u>after</u> entering previous authorization code.

Enter: P 002 H P P P P H (when entering new authorization code)



<u>Caution:</u> As described beforehand, the authorization code is NEVER shown! Therefore, it is important that the code is never lost since there is no opportunity to reprogram the phonograph.

#### 2.5.3.Show version

P003: Enter this program to get the version of the firmware of the phonograph the CD changer MBC III or the CD player.

Enter: P 003 H 0 shows the version of the phonograph's firmware:

1 shows the version of the CD changer MBC III:

2 shows the version of the CD player:

P 0 0 3 0 1 0 6

P 0 0 3 1 1 1

# 2.6. Statistics (P010 to P029)

Within the program group of statistics there is information regarding cash as well as statements as to how often CDs are played (popularity, hit parade).

The single programs for cash value and counters are divided into two groups. The regular information is under code "0". Cumulated values are under code "1" which have been added up since the jukebox has been operated.

Individual programs:

# 2.6.1.Popularity

Relating to CD albums, the programs P010 and P011 are dedicated in order to determine the popularity.

P010: 0: Display of number of least played CD

1: Display of number of the next more often played CD (stepping through with "1")

2: Number of plays

3: Information to any CD (enter CD number)

After entering the proper code, the display shows the information such as the following:

Enter: P 010 H 0 i.e. least played CD no. 45

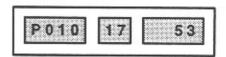


Enter: P 010 H 2 i.e. 13269 plays



Enter: P 010 H 353 H

i.c. CD no. 53 in 17th place



P011: 0: Display of number of most popular CD

1: Display of number of next worst CD (advance with "1")

2: Number of plays

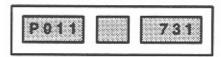
3: Information regarding any CD (enter CD number).

After entering the proper code, the display shows the respective data.

Enter: P 011 H 0 i.e. most popular CD no. 19



Enter: P 011 H 2 i.e. 731 plays



Enter: P 011 H 3 24 H

i.e. CD no. 24 in 2nd place



## 2.6.2. Hit Parade

The hitparade of the phonograph has a range of 500 titles each to count up to 65535. Titles and counters are stored until the next read—out with P030 or the next clearing with P033.

With DATAprint only the TOP TEN hitparade is printed to save capacity and paper. On special request you can print out the 500-hitlist (see P031).

P012: With P012 you can read out a 100-hitlist of the phonograph:

0: Display of the number of the top title, Hit no. 1

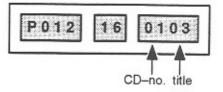
1: Display number of the next worst title (advance with key "1")

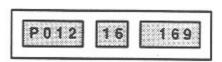
2: Number of plays of the actual title

Enter: P 012 H 0

i.e. in 16th place:
 The third title of CD 01

2 i.e. this title was played 169 times until now





## 2.6.3. Contents of the statistical counters

Use the following commands to display the actual cash contents as well as diverse counter readings since the last collection. You receive statistics concerning the entire time of operation by displaying the cumulated counters.

#### 2.6.4. Cashbox contents

The display of the cash amount is done by total numbers, read out in currency amounts. It is calculated on the basis of the programmed value setting in command group P07x (i.e. \$1,— is entered as 0100 in P07x). As cashbox contents the cash amount divided by 100 (depending on the programming of P078 also divided by 10 is possible) is displayed on displays 2 and 3. The remainder of the division is ignored. Example: calculated cashbox content of 123450 is displayed as 1234 (= \$1.234,— while P078 = 0)

calculated cashbox content of 123450 is displayed as 12345 (= \$1,234,50- while P078 = 1) Display of the cash contents is indicated by maximum 6 spaces (max. display = \$99 9,999,-).

P013: 0: display of cash contents since the last collection

1: cumulated cash contents

Enter: P 013 H 0

i.e. \$34.829,-



## 2.6.5. Counter for number of coins / bills

Besides displaying the cash levels, the counters of the individual money chutes can be called up. This makes possible an additional control of the cash contents.

The five integrated counters are distributed as follows:

Chutes 1 to 3: only coins (defined by monetary value setting P071 to P073) Chute 4 and 5: coins as well as bills (can be selected with P074 to P075)

The total of the individual counters corresponds to the total of the cashbox contents.

P014: 0: Number of coins through Chute 1 (enter P071)

- 1: Number of coins through Chute 2 (enter P072)
- 2: Number of coins through Chute 3 (enter P073)
- 3: Number of coins through Chute 4 and/or bills counted in Bill validator 1 (enter P074)
- 4: Number of coins through Chute 5 and/or bills counted in Bill validator 2 (enter P075)
- 5: Cumulated counter Chute 1 (enter P071)
- 6: Cumulated counter Chute 2 (enter P072)
- 7: Cumulated counter Chute 3 (enter P073)
- 8: Cumulated counter Chute 4 (enter P074)
- 9: Cumulated counter Chute 5 (enter P075)

Enter: P 014 H 0

- 1 i.e. 12.543 coins through
- 2 channel 2:



The respective cashbox total is derived by multiplying: number of coins x monetary value of coin.

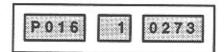
# 2.6.6. Additional Counters

With programs P016 to P026 diverse counters can be called up which can be used as actual counters and as cumulative ones as the commands described previously. The statistical data contained therein can be used to settle accounts.

- P016: 0: Number of titles played (1: Cumulated counter)
- P017: 0: Number of titles chosen (1: Cumulated counter)
- P018: 0: Number of albums chosen (1: Cumulated counter)
- P019: 0: Number of overplay titles (1: Cumulated counter)
- P020: 0: Number of credits paid (1: Cumulated counter)
- P021: 0: Number of free credits (1: Cumulated counter)
- P022: 0: Number of background titles (1: Cumulated counter)
- P023: 0: Number of titles in auto play mode (1: Cumulated counter)
- P024: 0: Number of advs. lising titles (1: Cumulated counter)
- P025: 0: Number of Happy-Hour-credits (1: Cumulated counter)
- P026: 0: Counter for power-on hours (range from 1-65536 hours, 1: Cumulated counter)

I.e.: calling up number of titles played; a total of 10273 titles were played on this phonograph.

Enter: P 016 H 1 i.e. 10,273 titles played in total



Further interesting data are recorded in counters P028 and P029.

P028: Number of credits unused.

This shows the number of paid credits available for selections of titles or albums.

P029: Number of chosen unplayed titles.

This shows how many entries are remaining in the selection storage.

# 2.7. Printout of the statistical data (P030 to P031)

In this group of service programs commands the contents of the counters mentioned beforehand are prepared for output to a DATAprint or to evaluation devices which process the data. After calling up the corresponding program and entering the respective code, data transfer follows.

There are two possibilities to print out the statistical data:

P030 transfers all available data in text mode.

The data is stored within the DATAprint.

The Data can be printed out or edited on a PC i.e. with the software DATAcontact.

The counters of the phonograph are deleted after the printout is done and the cabinet is closed.

P031 transfers all data in graphic mode.

The data is printed out directly after downloading.

See also the sample printouts shown in section "Evaluation of the statistic?"

# 2.7.1. DATAprint, printout in text mode

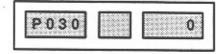
P030: 0: All data in the counters is processed and sent to DATAprint.

There they are stored and printed out depending on the setting of the DATAprint.

1: Only the hitparade will be sent to DATAprint (max. 500 titles).

The stored data can continue to be processed by a software tool for PCs, i.e. by DATAcontact.

Enter: P 030 H 0



Note:

The counters of the phonograph are cleared after the print out is done and the service switch is closed manually or after closing the front door/ lid of the cabinet.

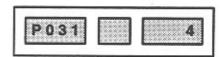
# 2.7.2. DATAprint, printout in graphic mode

Contrary to the output of P030, the entire statistics as well as individual statistical areas can be printed out by P031. But the data are not stored within the DATAprint.

- P031: 0: Print all data
  - 1: Cashbox amount
  - 2: Counter with cashbox
  - 3: General settings
  - 4: Popularity of all CDs
  - 5: Hitparade over all titles (max. 500 titles)
  - 6: The last 20 errors shown

Enter: P 031 H 0

i.e. 4 print-out popularity:



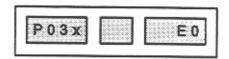
Note: The counters are not cleared after closing the door/lid of the cabinet.

If you just would not have selected this menu item, you just push in then pull out the service switch and you re-enter the service mode at the main menu level

# 2.7.3. Display of error numbers while transferring/printing

If an error is determined, "E0" is shown in display 3. In that case, please check the connection to the DATAprint unit.

Display of the phonograph if a transfer error occurs:



Remember to un-plug the interface cord after the print out is finished.

# 2.8. Clearing the statistical counters (P033)

The P30 group contains not only the printing commands but also the command for clearing counters P010 to P026. Thus to define a new statistical period.

Only the "regular" counters are cleared. The cumulated counters are not cleared.

The memories contents for credit and selection of titles as well as the error memory are cleared too.

Note:

To avoid the clearing of data by accident or by unauthorized persons, this function can be protected by an authorization code (see P001).

P033: 0+H: Clear all memory contents

Attention!

1+H: Clear hit parade (P012) 2+H: Clear popularity (P010)

3+H: Clear counters and cashbox contents (P013–P024)

4+H: Clear credit memory 5+H: Clear selection memory 6+H: Clear error memory

Note:

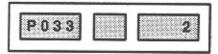
To additionally safeguard accidental clear programs, each input has to be confirmed by pressing the key "H".

Enter: P 033 H 0 H

1 H

2 H i.e. clear popularity:

6 H



# 2.9. Programming General Settings P040 to P057

In order to adjust each phonograph individually to the location requirements, certain general settings can be individually changed. Below you may find detailed values which have been set at the factory.

## 2.9.1. Default values

If you generally want to reset all values to the standard values of the factory settings, you have to perform this program step.

P040: 0+H: programming of default values (P041 to P057)

After calling this code the values of P041 to P144 are cleared:

P042 = 0032: Max. number of CD/titles P043 = 1105: Light play in stand-by, if installed P044 =1000: Light play in play mode, if installed P049 =2: Cancel credits after power-off (=12 min.) P050 = 2: Cancel selection memory after power-off (=12 min.) P051 = 31: Max. volume in play mode (max.31) P052 = 16: Max. volume for background music (max. 31) P053 =0505: Volume setting P054 =0808: Sound setting Max. volume for microphone (= same as play mode volume) P055 =0: Display hitparade on operators console P056 = 2: P057 =Cancel selection memory with remote control

P040: 1+H: as above, but plus additional programming of default values for:

P114 = 15: autoplay titles with

P117 = 1: defined acces to all CDs in random mode.

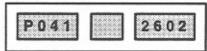
Enter: P 040 H 0 H 1 H i.e. set factory default



## 2.9.2. I.D. number of the phonograph

P041: Every phonograph can be programmed with its own I.D. number. DATAprint printouts can then be easily identified if you have evaluated several machines. The I.D. number has at most 4 digits.

Enter: P 041 H nnnn H

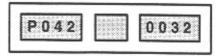


# 2.9.3. Maximum number of selectable CDs and tracks/titles

<u>P042:</u> When partially equipping phonographs, unused magazine slots can be excluded. A maximum of 100 CDs (01-to 00) as well as a maximum of 99 titles can thus be selected. (Default value: 0032). The number 100 is displayed as 00.

Enter: P 042 H 0032 H

i.e. allow 100 CDs with 32 titles each to be selected



Note: Please remember that with each change regarding the number of CDs, the new parameters should be reported to the phonograph via program step P160 or P161. Otherwise, there will be problems when playing the CD.

## Attention:

Some phonographs are equipped with a CD changer for only 50 CDs (MBC III-50).

Thus the maximum number of selectable CDs is limited to 50.

The default value of P042 therefore is 5032.

# 2.9.4. Limit play time of one track

P045: in minutes; in order to suppress long titles play time can be limited. The title playing will slowly fade when the time is up. When entering 0, there is no limit.

Enter: P 045 H nn H

*******

3 H: titles will slowly fade after 3 min.

# 2.9.5. Sequence of plays at normal selection

P046: In order to alter the music menu, three variations can be chosen when playing :

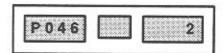
0: play as selected (FIFO)

1: play in numerically ascending numbers

2: play randomly (RANDOM).

Enter: P 046 H n H

2 H i.e. play randomly

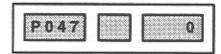


## 2.9.6. Maximum number of titles of one CD

P047: Use this program step to determine how many titles of one CD are played in sequence. Value "n" as number of titles to be played."0"means no limit.

Enter: P 047 H n H

0 H i. e. no limit



# 2.9.7. Cancel credit

P049: Remaining credits are cancelled after n/10 hours (n x 6 min.) of power off or stand-by.

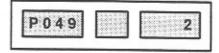
Value "n" can be between 0 and 240 with programs P049 and P050.

n = 1: waiting time = 6 min. n = 10: waiting time = 1 hr. n = 240: waiting time = 24 hrs.

n = 0 does not cancel any remaining credit.

Enter: P 049 H 2 H

i.e. cancel credit after 12 min. of power off/stand-by (2/10 hrs.):



# 2.9.8. Cancel selection memory

P050: Remaining selections entered in the selection memory are cancelled after n/10 hours (n x 6 min.) of power off.

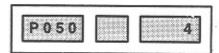
Value "n" can be between 0 and 240 with programs P049 and P050.

n = 1: waiting time = 6 min. n = 10: waiting time = 1 hr. n = 240: waiting time = 24 hrs.

n = 0 does not cancel any remaining selection.

Enter: P 050 H 4 H

i.e. cancel selection memory after 24 min. of power off:



# 2.10. Sound system settings

## 2.10.1. Maximum Volume Levels

Maximum volume levels during play and background mode can be pre-set to a certain limit. The manually adjustable volume level of the phonograph cannot go beyond the set levels.

P051: Maximum volume during play; can be set between 0 (mute) and 31 (loud).

P052: Maximum volume for background mode

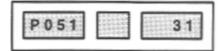
0: The background volume is like the phonograph's volume

n: Separate volume setting for background music (values n=1 to n=31)

The programmed value is the maximum background volume (default = 16).

Enter: P 051 H 31 H

i.e. maximum volume possible



# 2.10.2. Set volume for play mode

P053: With this program the volume of the phonograph is set.

This function can be set in two ways:

In the program mode it can be set via the key pad of the phonograph

or by using the remote control (optional equipment).

In play mode it can be set via the volume buttons at the bottom of the phonograph

or by using the remote control (optional equipment).

#### Key pad layout for volume setting:

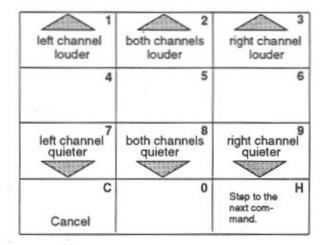
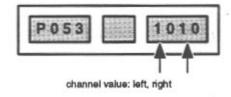


Figure 33: Key pad layout for volume setting

Enter: P 053 H

Change per pressing keys i.e. Key "2" = louder



# 2.10.3. Sound setting

P054: With program P054 the sound setting is performed in a range from 1 to 10. Here treble and bass volume are set for both channels at the same time. The changed setting can also be immediately heard.:

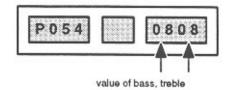
Key pad layout for sound setting

1	2	3
more bass	more bass + treble	more treble
4	5	6
mean value	mean values	mean value
less bass	less 8 bass + treble	less treble
Cancel	0	Step to the next command.

Figure 34: Key pad layout for sound setting

Enter: P 054 H

Change per pressing keys i.e. Key "8" = less bass and treble



# 2.10.4. Maximum volume for microphone

P055: With program P055 the maximum volume level for microphone is set. The set volume is the max, value for microphone volume.

0: Microphone volume = normal phonograph's volume (default value)

n: Separated microphone volume, range: n= 1 to n=31

The two dashes on the loft side indicate that the microphone is switched on.



## 2.10.5. Display the hitparade on the operators console display

P056: With program P056 the display mode of the operators console is defined.

0: No hitparade display, only credits are displayed

1: Hitparade displayed 16 seconds after selection or registrated credits

2: Hitparade displayed 16 seconds only if credits available. (default value)

## 2.10.6. Clear selection memory using remote control

P057: With program P057 the selection memory can be cleared using the remote control unit.

0: Clearing of selection memory is not possible (default value)

1: Clear selection memory as follows:

Press "MUTING"+"REJECT"+"REJECT" on the remote control unit within 10 seconds.

## 2.10.7. Maximum volume for tape

P058: With program P058 the maximum volume level for tape input is set. The set volume is the max. value for tape volume.

0: Tape volume = normal phonograph's volume (default value)

n: Separated tape volume, range: n= 1 to n=31

# 2.11. Price Settings P060 to P066

To make programming of credits easier a table for price settings, via code number, has been programmed for program. P060 in which actual price values have been entered. The programming of the five possible price levels can be automized with the table.

Look for your country and enter the code number for those listed prices. Another possibility is the individual programming of the individual price scales using commands **P061** to **P065**.

Please use 6 digits and keep the price settings in numerically increasing order (ie: P061 lowest price, P065 highest price)

# 2.11.1. Programming the price settings by default values

P060: In order to program the phonograph with the default values of the table, the respective code number is entered after command P060 and confirmed with "H". The setting selected (n = code no. of the table) is automatically matched to the respective price scales.

Enter: P 060 H n H 16 H i e. price setting: GB

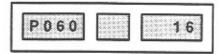


Table 6: Price Settings, predefined examples

Code No.	COUNTRY	P061	P062	P063	P064	P065	Remarks
0		00 0000	00 0000	00 0000	00 0000	00 0000	no coin conversion in this setting
1	Germany	01 0100	01 0100	03 0200	03 0200	03 0200	1 play = 1,-DM
2	Belgium	02 2000	02 2000	02 2000	06 5000	06 5000	
3	Netherlands	02 0100	02 0100	02 0100	06 0250	06 0250	2 different settings
4	France	02 0500	02 0500	10 1000	10 1000	10 1000	
5	Switzerland	02 0100	02 0100	05 0200	05 0200	14 0500	
6	Austria	01 0500	01 0500	03 1000	03 1000	07 2000	
7	Italy	01 0400	01 0400	01 0400	03 1000	03 1000	
8	Spain	01 0050	01 0050	02 0100	02 0100	05 0200	
9	Greece	01 2000	01 2000	01 2000	02 5000	02 5000	
10	Yugoslavia	01 0200	01 0200	01 0200	03 0500	03 0500	
11	Denmark	01 0300	01 0300	02 0500	05 1000	12 2000	4 different settings
12	Norway	01 0300	01 0300	02 0500	02 0500	04 1000	
13	Finland/Sweden	01 0300	01 0300	01 0300	02 0500	02 0500	
14	Hungary	01 2000	01 2000	01 2000	01 2000	01 2000	
15	Ireland	01 0010	01 0010	03 0020	03 0020	10 0050	
16	Great Britain	01 0030	01 0030	02 0050	02 0050	05 0100	
17	USA (1) / Canada	01 0050	01 0050	01 0050	03 0100	03 0100	Dollarbill on chan.5 (P065)
18	USA (2)	01 0050	01 0050	03 0100	03 0100	18 0500	, ,
19	Africa	01 0020	01 0020	03 0050	03 0050	07 0100	
20	Australia	01 0100	01 0100	01 0100	03 0200	03 0200	
21	Netherl. Antillen	01 0400	01 0400	01 0400	01 0400	01 0400	
22	New Zealand	01 0050	01 0050	01 0050	01 0050	01 0050	

# 2.11.2. Programming the price settings with custom settings

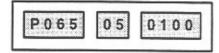
<u>P061 to P065</u>: The credit value for the individual price scales can also be separately defined. With programs P061 to P065 the respective credit value can be programmed.

You just have to observe the order of entering the values: P061 is programmed with the lowest and P065 is programmed with the highest price setting.

Unused steps may be programmed with zero or with the preceeding value (examples see table)

Example of individual price setting: 12 titles for £ 5,- (price scale 3).

Enter: P 065 H 050100 H



# 2.11.3. Programming an album bonus

P066: The setting of bonus credits for album selection is done with program P066 in the service program. The following settings are permitted:

0: no album selection possible

1: no bonus (default setting), this means credit for each track on the album.

2: 1 bonus for every 5th track,

3: 1 bonus for every 4th track,

4: 1 bonus for every 3rd track.

Setting is confirmed by pressing "H".

Enter: P 066 H 0 H

1 i.e. no bonus

4.



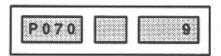
# 2.12. Monetary Value Setting P070 to P078

As with the price setting, the identification of the different coins as related to values processed by the phonograph, can be done automatically with the pre-defined basic values. Table 7 "Monetary Value Settings" shows which setting can be programmed as basic value.

#### 2.12.1. Standard values

P070: The standard values of the table are selected with command P070 "n" + "H" (n = code no. from table 7). Also the default value for the kind of money conversion is set: P077=0

Enter: P 070 H n H 9 H i.e. GB



"n" is the code number for the setting according to table 7. To avoid erroneous entries, each entry has to be confirmed by "H". This is very important since entry of Code Number"0" cancels the current monetary value setting and no currency acceptance is possible.

# 2.12.2. Individual monetary values

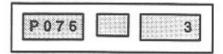
<u>P071 to P075</u>: The monetary value settings for different coin values of each chute can be individually identified. This is easily done by inserting one or more coins after command P070 has been called up. According to the coin value the program changes to the proper chute command P071 to P075. On display 1 the monetary value of each coin is displayed. This can be changed as needed. Unused chutes have to be programmed with monetary value 0.

Entries occur in the smallest counting unit of each currency that makes sense, for example GB: with £1, $- \Rightarrow 0100$ . Normally the standard setting is sufficient.

### 2.12.3. Bonus Credits

P076: With this program another bonus (value n = 0 to 4) is defined: the bonus for paying with bills instead of coins. When accepting a bill, this bonus is added to the regular credits.

Enter: P 076 H nn H 3 H i.e. 3 bonus credits



# 2.12.4. Indirect / direct money to credit revaluation

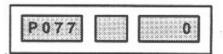
P077: Use this program to differ between the how and when of the revaluation of inserted coins.

0+H: Indirect revaluation: inserted coins are stored. At an appointed coins value the credit is defined from the highest possible price setting, including a possible bonus.

1+H: Direct revaluation: inserted coins are revaluated directly after insertion.

Then no bonus is possible with multiple insertion of coins.

Enter: P 077 H n H 0 H i.e. indirect revaluation



# 2.12.5. Programming the cash counter P013 and the electromechanical cash counter

<u>P078</u>: With this setting you can define whether values of inserted coins are counted as value/100 or value/10.

This setting is used to display/print-out the cashbox contents in P013 and with DATAprint too.

0: Counted as value divided by 100 (example: 10,00 £ -> counted 10)

1: Counted as value divided by 10 (example: 10,00 £ -> counted 100)

Default value = 0.

Enter: P 078 H n H

0 H i.e. divide by 100

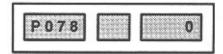


Table 7: Monetary Value Settings, predefined examples

Table No.	COUNTRY	channel 1(P071)	channel 2(P072)	channel 3(P073)	channel 4(P074)	channel 5(P075)	Remarks, example for 1 chan.
0		0	0	0	0	0	no coin conversion
	mechanical coin acceptor						
1	Germany, Switzerland, Venezuela	100	500	200	0	0	100 = 1,-DM 100 = 1 sfr 100 = 1,-Bol
2	Belgium	0	2000	500	0	0	2000 = 20 Bfr
3	Netherlands	25	250	100	0	0	250 = 2,5 hfl
4	Denmark, France	100	500	1000	0	0	100 = 1 dkr
5	Austria	500	2000	1000	0	0	500 = 5 OS
6	Italy	200	100	500	0	0	200 = 200 L
7	Spain	0	25	100	0	0	25 = 25 Pst
8	Finland, Norway, Yugoslavia	0	500	100	0	0	500 = 5 mK 500 = 5 Kr 500 = 5 Din
9	Great Britain, Ireland	20	50	10	0	0	20 = 20 p
10	USA	10	50	25	0	100	10 = 10 c, 100 = 1 \$
11	Canada	0	25	0	0	100	25 = 25 c, 100 = 1 \$
12	Union of South– Africa	20	100	50	0	0	20 = 20 c, 100 = 1 R
13	Australia	100	50	20	0	0	100 = 1 \$
14	Netherl. Antillen	0	100	25	0	0	100 = 1 NAF
	electronic coin acceptor						
15	Germany, Switzerland, Italy	500	100	0	200	0	500 = 5,-DM 500 = 5sfr 500 = 500 L
16	Belgium	5000	500	0	2000	0	100 = 1 Bfr
17	Netherlands	25	250	500	100	0	25 = 25 c, 500 = 5 hfl
18	France	1000	200	100	500	0	1000 = 10 F
19	Denmark, Austria	2000	500	100	1000	0	2000 = 20 dkr 2000 = 20 ÖS
20	Spain	200	50	25	100	0	200 = 200 Pst
21	Greece	0	50	20	0	0	50 = 0,5 Dr
22	Norway	1000	100	0	500	0	1000 = 10 Kr
23	Finland	0	500	100	0	0	200 = 200 L
24	Sweden	500	100	0	100	0	500 = 5 Kr
25	Great Britain	100	20	10	50	200	100 = 1£, 20 = 20 p
26	USA	100	25	0	50	0	100 = 1\$
27	Canada	10	100	25	0	0	10 = 10 c, 100 = 1 \$
28	Australia	0	100	20	200	0	200 = 2 \$
29	Netherl. Antillen	0	0	100	0	0	100 = 1 NAF
30	New Zealand	50	10	5	20	0	50 = 50 c

Chutes entered with "0" on this table are blocked. Be careful to block the coin pathways, so that these coins will not be accepted and are rather expelled through the coin return.

# 2.13. Programming Real Time Clock P080 to P082

The most important update starting with ES-V technology is the implementation of a real time clock. Referring to the data supplied by the clock, a number of functions have been developed that are dependent on chronological data for start and stop times. Together with the weekday programming which continues to be available, an "automatic program" for a whole week can be developed during which all functions operate automatically.

The real time clock runs quartz-precise with a battery backed power supply if the phonograph is turned off. The clock runs on military time.

#### 2.13.1. Set time

P080: Use this program to set the time of the phonographs control unit. The newly set minute information starts the counter for seconds automatically at zero.

Enter: P 080 H

change per pressing keys i.e. 10.45 h



∠\3	2	1
minute + 1		hour + 1
6	5	4
30 minutes	00:00	12:00
minute – 1	8	7 hour – 1
Step to the next command	0	Cancel

Figure 35: Key pad layout for command "set time"

## 2.13.2. Set date

P081: Use this program to set the date information of the phonographs control unit. The date is shown on displays 2 and 3.

Enter: P 081 H

change per pressing keys i. e. March 21, 1997:



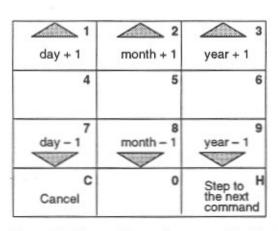


Figure 36: Key pad layout for program "set date"

# 2.13.3. Set day code

P082: Use this program to set the day code for the current day of the week.

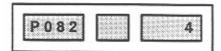
1 2 3 day code + 1
4 5 6
7 8 9 day code -1
C 0 Step to the next program

Day-code: 1 = Monday 2 = Tuesday 3 = Wednesday 4 = Thursday 5 = Friday 6 = Saturday 7 = Sunday

Figure 37: Key pad layout for program "set day code"

Enter: P 082 H

change per pressing keys i.e Thursday is 4:



After confirming the week-day entry the jukebox switches to the next program.

The data supplied by the real time clock are processed by programs P090 to P185 (described as follows) for the so-called time windows. Here the entry of the time window values also occurs via the illustrated key pad layout.

Furthermore the information of time and date are used for the print-out of statistical data to the DATAprint (P030 and P031).

# 2.14. Programming Free Credits P090 to P095

Using the programs of command group P09x the operator is able to give free credits (music selection without coin insert) at specified times.

The amount of free credits are set as well as the time periods.

All times are based on a 24-hour clock (ie: afternoon times are from 13:00 to 23:00)

<u>P090</u>: Set P090 = 0; a standard setting cancels automatically the previous setting.

The time factor is set to zero, so there are no automatic time periods for free credits.

Enter: P 090 H 0 H



P091: To set the starting time for the time window "free credit", the key pad is used (see P080).

Enter: P 091 H

Set by pressing keys i.e. starting time 12:34 confirm setting with key "H".



P092: Here the stop time of the time window is set (see P080).

Enter: P 092 H

Set by pressing keys i.e. stopping time 13:45 confirm setting with key "H".



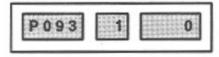
P093: Here the day is chosen on which the defined time window is to become active.

On the middle display the days (according to the programs of P082) are shown as numbers 1 to 7. Each weekday can be activated individually. "1" means active on that day. "0" means non-active. The inputs must be confirmed by pressing "H". To simplify the entries it is defined that the whole week is active with "0" or "1" (for all days).

Enter: P 093 H

0 or 1 H

Set per pressing keys i.e. monday is inactive confirm setting with key "H".



After confirming one day's entry the software steps to the following day.

P094: Entering the number of free credits.

Different settings are possible:

0: No free credits possible (default setting).

<200: Limited free credit. Free credits can be used one at a time then subtract from total input.

=200: Unlimited free credit while time window is active.

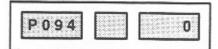
=201: Switching between no free credits and unlimited free credits while time window is active. Switching via remote control.

=202: Free play automatically while time window is active.

If non-active switching is done via remote control.

Enter: P 094 H 200 H

i.e. no free credit:



<u>P095</u>: Here the mode of rebuilding free credits is to be defined. Different settings are possible:

 No automatic rebuild of free credits. Free credits only once in a service period (default setting).

1: Daily rebuild of free credits at midnight.

2: Weekly rebuild of free credits at midnight between Sunday and Monday.

Enter: P 095 H 0 H

i.e. no rebuild:

	100000000000	***************************************
DODE	******	
	0000000	

Note: If all entries in P091, P092, P093 are set to "0" and if P094 is not set to "0" the time window will always be active.

# 2.15. Programming Background Music P100 to P108

The phonograph operator can call up the background mode. This operational mode remains even after a power failure. If money is inserted into the machine and a title selected, the background music is faded out and the "paid for selection" is started.

Background mode may be initiated up to four times a day, thus you have to enter four time windows for background mode.

P100: If the program P100 is entered, the display shows P100 \_1 \_\_\_\_. If you enter "0" and confirm with "H", the entries for the first time window is cleared. The display then shows P100 \_2 \_\_\_\_. You may enter "0" and "H" to clear the second time windows or you skip this by pressing "H" without previous "0". And so on with time window 3 and 4.

Enter: P 100 H 1 0 H

2 0 H

3 OH

4 0 H to clear all four time windows

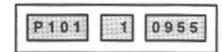


P101: With program P101 the starting time is set for the time window 1 to 4 of background mode. Key pad layout see P080.

Enter: P 101 H

Set per pressing keys
i.e. starting time 1 = 09.55 P.M.
confirm settings with key "H"
Display shows starting time 2,
enter value for second time window.
Confirm setting or

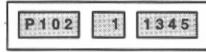
skip entry by pressing "H" without value.



P102: With program P102 the stopping time is set for the time window of background music. Key pad layout see P080.

Enter: P 102 H

Set per pressing key
i.e. stopping time 1 = 13.45P.M.
confirm settings with key "H"
Display shows stopping time 2,
enter value for second time window.
Confirm setting or
skip entry by pressing "H" without value.



P103

P103: With program P103 the week-days are set when background music should be played.

Enter: P 103 H 1 and/or 2 and/or 3 and/or 4 and H

Set per pressing keys

i.e. all four time windows are active

for wednesday.

Confirm settings with key "H"

If you don't enter a number 1, 2, 3, or 4

the corresponding time window is inactive for this week-day.

With confirming one entry the software steps to the following week-day. If you again enter P103 the display shows, e.g.

Enter: P 103 H

Here 1 0204 means that on monday i.e. only time windows 2 and 4 are active but time windows 1 and 3 are inactive.



1234

P104: With program P104 the mode of operation is set. Three types are possible:

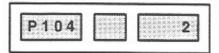
0: no background music. This value is the factory setting.

1: allows starting and stopping background music by pressing the background key on phonograph or on remote control in the time window.

2: automatically plays background music at defined times of the time window.

Enter: P 104 H n H

2 H i.e. automatically within the time window.



P105: The titles to be played as background music, are defined by the operator. With program P105, followed by 80 four-digit entries( 20 entries each for time windows 1 to 4), titles or CDs may be defined. With no entry in P105 all CDs (defined by P042 to be selectable) are played.

Enter: P 105 H nnnn H

1703 i.e. first entry: CD #17 title 3

and

so

on.



Up to 80 entries always confirmed by pressing "H".

The sequence of input is:

1...20 titles for time window 1

21...40 titles for time window 2

41...60 titles for time window 3

61...80 titles for time window 4.

Clear erronous input by pressing key "C" once.
Early termination is possible by pressing key "C" twice.

<u>P106</u>: The "Patron Selection" enables or disables the selection of titles by other customers while the time windows is active.

0: titles and albums free for selection.

1: titles or albums are locked.

Enter: P 106 H 1 n H

1 0 H i.e.while time window 1 titles are not locked

2 1 H while time window 2 titles are locked, and so on. P106 1 0

P107: The titles selected in P105 are played in the sequence selected in P107. This is also defined separately for each time window.

0: sequence of play in order of entry (FIFO), factory setting

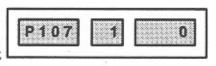
1: random play (RANDOM).

Enter: P 107 Hn H

1 0 H while time win.1 titles are played FIFO

2 1 H while time win.2 titles are played randomly,

and so on.



P108: With this step background music can be set up in such a way that it has to be paid for. In this case, every time BGM is turned on "n" credits are subtracted, independent of the number of titles to be played. When n=0 no credits are deducted.

0: Background music as in the past, without credit.

n: Background music deducts "n" credits (n=1 to 99).

Enter: P 108 H n H

2 H i.e. two credits are deducted:



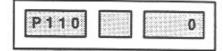
# 2.16. Programming Auto Play P110 to P117

The phonograph can be programmed to automatically play a title once in a while to attract the audience during stand—by, when no selections are being made. The factory setting (P040=1) makes it possible that any title is played every 15 minutes (P114=15, P117=1).

P110: The standard setting is "no auto play" because with command "P110 0+H" all entries in group P11x are set to zero.

Enter: P 110H 0 H

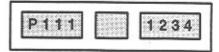
i.e. set default values:



P111: With program P111 the starting time is set for the time window of auto play. Key pad layout see P080.

Enter: P 111 H

Set per pressing keys i.e. starting time = 12.34 P.M. confirm settings with key "H"



P112: With program P112 the stopping time is set for the time window of auto play. Key pad layout see P080

Enter: P 112 H

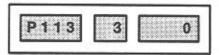
Set per pressing keys i.e. stopping time = 13.45 P.M. confirm settings with key "H"



P113: With program P113 the days are set on which auto play should be active. Key pad layout see P082.

Enter: P 113 H O or 1 H

Set per pressing keys i.e. wednesday inactive: confirm settings with key "H"



After confirming one day's entry the software steps to the following day.

P114: Define whether and when the auto plays are played:

0+H: no auto play

nn+H: time between two titles (nn = max. 99 minutes)

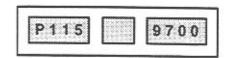
Enter: P 114 H nn H

30 H i.e. all 30 minutes play an animation title



P115: With program P115 followed by 20 four-digit entries (value nnnn), 20 titles or albums can be defined. Without entry in P105 all CDs (defined by P042 to be selectable) are played.

Enter: P 115 H nnnn H 9700 i.e.first entry: CD # 97 all titles and so



Up to 20 entries always confirmed by pressing "H".

Clear erronous input by pressing key "C" once.
Early termination is possible by pressing key "C" twice.

on.

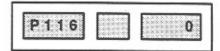
P116: also defines a "Patron Selection" (see P106) which defines if a title is locked or not

0: titles and albums are free for selection

1: titles and albums are locked.

Enter: P 116 H n H

0 H i.e. titles are not locked:



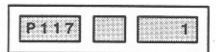
P117: defines the sequence of play for the titles or albums chosen under P115.

0: Play in sequence of entry (FIFO)

1: Play randomly (RANDOM)

Enter: P 117 H n H

1 H i.e. play randomly:



# 2.17. Programming Advertisements P120 to P127

The broad distribution of CDs has led to advertising for various areas being recorded on CDs. Thus, you have another source of income with phonographs with ES-V technology.

Standard value is again "no advertising".

P120: With the program "P120 0+H" all entries of group P12x are cancelled (set to zero) and no advertising is played.

Enter: P 120 H 0 H

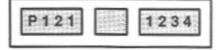
i.e. set default values:



P121: With P121 the starting time is set for advertisement play. See P080 for key pad layout.

Enter: P 121 H

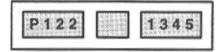
Set per pressing keys i.e. starting time = 12.34 P.M. confirm settings with key "H"



P122: With P122 the stopping time is set for advertisement play. See P080 for key pad layout.

Enter: P 122 H

Set per pressing keys i.e. stopping time = 13.45P.M. confirm settings with key "H"



P123: With P123 the is set for advertisement play. Show keypad layout again here.

Enter: P 123 H 0 or 1 H

Set per pressing keys i.e. sunday inactive: confirm settings with key "H"



After confirming one day's entry the software steps to the following day.

P124: With P124 it is set if or if not and how much time between advertising spots should be allowed. 0+H: no advertisement play nn+H: time between titles (nn = max. 99 minutes).

Enter: P 124 H nn H 30 H i.e. play a title every 30 minutes:



P125: With program P125 followed by 20 four-digit entries (value nnnn), 20 titles or albums can be defined.

Enter: P 125 H nnnn H

9003 i.e. first entry: CD # 90 3.title

and so

on.

Up to 20 entries always confirmed by pressing "H".

Clear erronous input by pressing key "C" once. Early termination is possible by pressing key "C" twice.

P126: defines "patron selection" again. See P106.

0: titles and albums are free for selection

1: titles and albums are locked.

Enter: P 126 H nH

> OH e.g.: titles and albums are locked



9003

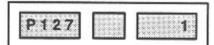
P125

P127: defines the playing sequence for advertising spots selected with P125.

0: Play in sequence of entry (FIFO)

1: Play randomly (RANDOM)

Enter: P 127 H n H e.g.: play in sequence of entry



# 2.18. Programming Lock-Out Titles P130 to P135

At certain times it may be necessary to lock—out one or more titles from being played. Perhaps these titles should not be played by minors or are simply damaged (bad playing quality). Standard is that all titles can be played.

P130: If the program P130 is entered, the display shows P130 \_1 \_\_\_\_. If you enter "0" and confirm with "H", the entries for the first time window is cleared. The display then shows P130 \_2 \_\_\_. You may enter "0" and "H" to clear the second time windows or you skip this by pressing "H" without previous "0". And so on with time window 3 and 4.

Enter: P 130 H 1 0 H 2 0 H

3 OH

4 0 H to clear all four time windows.

P130 1 0

P131: With program P131 the starting time is set for the time window 1 to 4 of lock-out. Key pad layout see P080.

Enter: P 131 H

Set per pressing keys
i.e. starting time 1 = 06.45 P.M.
confirm settings with key "H"
Display shows starting time 2,
enter value for second time window.
Confirm setting or
skip entry by pressing "H" without value.

P131 1 0645

P132: With program P132 the stopping time is set for the time window of lock—out. Key pad layout see P080.

Enter: P 132 H

Set per pressing key
i.e. stopping time 1 = 09.45P.M.
confirm settings with key "H"
Display shows stopping time 2,
enter value for second time window.
Confirm setting or
skip entry by pressing "H" without value.

P132 1 0945

P133: With program P133 the week-days are set when lock-out should be active.

Enter: P 133 H 1 and/or 2 and/or 3 and/or 4 and H

Set per pressing keys

i.e. all four time windows are active

for wednesday.

Confirm settings with key "H"

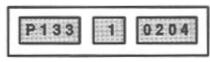
If you don't enter a number 1, 2, 3, or 4

the corresponding time window is inactive for this week-day.

With confirming one entry the software steps to the following week-day. If you again enter P133 the display shows, e.g.

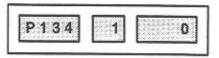
Enter: P 133 H

Here 1 0204 means that on monday i.e. only time windows 2 and 4 are active but time windows 1 and 3 are inactive.

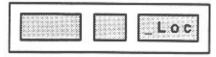


P134: With this program you define the mode of operation for each time windows 1 to 4: 0+H the titles can be selected while the time window is active. 1+H the titles are locked—out.

Enter: P 134 H 1 n H
1 0 H i.e. all titles are selectable within
the time window 1:
confirm settings with key "H"
2 n H and so on for time windows 2, 3, and 4.

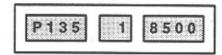


Note: If you select a locked—out title to be played the "Error–Lamp" in the operators display flashes for about 2 sec. and the display shows:



P135: defines a maximum of 80 titles or CD (20 for each time window) which are supposed to be locked—out. Input occurs with 4 digits for the CD number (nn\_) and the title (\_nn).

Enter: P 135 H 1 nnnn H 1 8500 i.e. 1.entry: CD #85 all titles and so on.



Up to 80 entries always confirmed by pressing "H".

The sequence of input is:

1...20 titles for time window 1

21...40 titles for time window 2

41...60 titles for time window 3

61...80 titles for time window 4.

Clear erronous input by pressing key "C" once.
Early termination is possible by pressing key "C" twice.

Note: Take care to change entries in P135 (if necessary delete entry) to a certain CD number if you change this CD. To delete an entry you step through the list of P135 by pressing key "H" as long as you reach the right entry. Now enter "0" and confirm with "H".

Or you delete all entries by setting default values with command P130 and "0" + "H".

# 2.19. Programming Happy-Hour-Credits P140 to P144

For additional attraction of the audience this function is implemented.

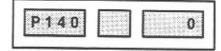
At defined times of the week additional free credits (Happy-Hour-credits) are given, depending on the number of paid for credits.

Standard setting is that no Happy-Hour-credits are given.

P140: With the program "P140 0+H" all entries of group P14x are set to zero so that there is no happy-hour.

Enter: P 140 H 0 H

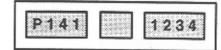
i.e. set default values No Happy-Hour:



P141: With P141 the starting time is set for the time window happy-hour credits. See P080 for key pad layout.

Enter: P 141 H

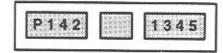
Set per pressing keys i.e. starting time = 12.34 P.M. confirm settings with key "H"



P142: With P141 the stopping time is set for the time window happy—hour credits. See P080 for key pad layout.

Enter: P 142 H

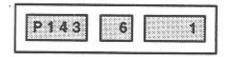
Set per pressing keys i.e.stopping time = 13.45 P.M. confirm settings with key "H"



P143: With P143 the week-day is set. See P082 for key pad layout.

Enter: P 143 H 0 or 1 H

Set per pressing keys i.e. saturday active: confirm settings with key "H"



After confirming one day's entry the software steps to the following day.

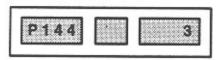
P144: Here a calculated number may be programmed. This number defines how many credits one must have bought to get an additional Happy-Hour-credit.

0+H: no Happy-Hour

n+H: after "n" bought credits (n=1 to 5) 1 additional Happy-Hour-credit is given.

Enter: P 144 H n H

3 H i.e. after 3 bought credits 1 additional Happy-Hourcredit is given



Note: The time window is always active, if all entries in P141, P142, P143 = "0" and P144 is not "0".

# 2.20. Initialization and Test Programs P150 to P159

To help the operator when trouble—shooting or servicing, several functions have been incorporated from earlier phonographs. Group 150 to 159 of the test programs includes functions such as read—out of error memory, various continuous run tests as well as input and display tests. For these purposes, the group code (Fx) is shown in the middle display.

# 2.20.1. Test Programs for Service Operation P150 to P155

P150: Read-out of Error Memory:

- 0: last registered error; see table 8 for "Error Codes" on the next page.
- 1: previous error; the phonograph records the last 20 error reports.
- 2: CD number during which the error occurred.
- 3: Time of error and
- 4: Date of occurrence

Display:



#### 2.20.2. Continuous run tests

With programs P151 to P153 various tests in continuous run mode are executed. A continuous run can only be stopped by using the cabinet switch.

P151: Plays all CDs for 16 sec. (F1):

Enter: P 151 H 0

Start continuous run 1:



CD / Track number of errors

P152: Plays selected CDs for 16 sec. (F2):

During CD play another number "annn" can be entered (continuous run 2). With each entry "Your Selection" will light up on the display panel.

Enter: P 152 H nnn H

(enter a CD-number)

P153: Other Continuous Play Tests (F3 to F5):

Enter: P n

- 0: All CDs are placed on player, but are not played (continuous run 3, F3).
- 1: 6 certain CDs (CD No. 1, 25, 50, 51, 75, 00) are placed and played 16 sec. each continually (continuous run 4, F4)
- Combination of twice continuous run 3 followed by 4 until cabinet switch is turned off (continuous run 5, F5).

P154: This testing routine is reserved for authorized service technicians to check the function of the CD changers opto couplers.

P155: Display Test (F6):

During the display test all digits of the displays and all control lamps are turned on and off. Pressing "H" will stop the test and continue it after pressing "H" again. The display test does not check the lamps of a light organ that might be connected.

Pressing "C" stops the test.

Enter: P 155 H

 Start lamp test (Display 2 shows briefly F6)



Table 8: Error Displays

Displays 1 2 3			Possible Causes	Corrections	
	Er	01	EPROM contents (CONTROL-UNIT) disturbed.	Change EPROM (IC2) .	
	Er	10	RAM (CONTROL-UNIT) defective.	Change RAM (IC 5). After that reprogram all program steps.	
	Er	11	RAM contents (CONTROL-UNIT) short-term disturbance.	No correction necessary; program is reinitalized. Change RAM IC 3 if frequently occurring.	
	Er	12	RAM battery is empty.	Change RAM (IC 5). After that reprogram all program steps.	
	Er	20	Verification errors in program (CONTROL UNIT).	No correction necessary; program is reinitialized. Change CPU IC 1 if frequently occurring.	
Pxxx	Er	30	Memory contents (CONTROL UNIT) lost or missing.	No correction necessary; program step Pxxx (in display 1) is automatically reprogrammed.	
Pxxx	Er	31	Memory contents (CONTROL UNIT) incorrect.	Program step Pxxx shown in display 1 must be reprogrammed.	
Pxxx	Er	40	Wrong price setting.	Check price setting and reprogram if necessary.	
	Er	50	Coin mechanism defective. Too much credit. Coin channel failure.	Check coin mechanism.	
	Er	6x	Error at CD player.	See Er 60 - Er 63.	
	Er	60	Connection to the CD-player interrupted. No supply voltage present for decoder board or CD player.	Check connection cables to the decoder board, check fuses.	
	Er	61	No CD recognized by CD player. No CD in CD tray, CD defective. Player defective.	Check CD and exchange if needed, Exchange CD player. Exchange decoder board.	
	Er	62	Specified track on the CD not found.	Check the CD.	
	Er	63	Malfunction while playing a CD.	Check the CD player with equipped CD for easy running.	
	Er	64	Connection to CD changer	Check connection cables and control cable to CD changer. Check fuses.	
	Er	70	Malfunction of operating control.	No correction necessary.	
	Er	71 - 74	Malfunction of CD changer.	If error display does not disappear after 2 sec., error cannot be automatically corrected. No CD will be played until cabinet switch or "power on" is activated.	
	Er	71	Error during grip from magazine.	Load CD-tray to magazine. Check alignment from magazine to pickup assy and adjust if necessary. Check function of light barriers sGrL and sGrR.	
	Er	72	Error during replacing CD in magazine. Malfunction of grip lever.	Check alignment of magazine to pickup assy and adjust if needed. Check function of grip. Check function of light barriers sGrL and sGrR.	
	Er	73	Malfunction during lift drive. Playing of CD not possible.	Check lift for jamming. Check function and correct adjustment of light barrier Encoder.	
	Er	74	End position of lift not o.k Playing of CD not possible.	Check function and adjustment of light barrier sLift.	
	Er	80	Short circuit on wallbox signal wire.	Check wallbox connection.	
	Er	81	Malfunction of the audio processor (CB CENTRALEINHEIT).	Change IC 1 = TDA 4390 if frequently occurring.	
	Er	90	Title display, three jams in sequence, not functional anymore.		
	Er	91	Jam in title display while left movement.	Un-jam Er 90 to Er 94 are valid only for the "big" title	
	Er	92	Jam in title display while right movement.	display with 25x4 title strips with CD cover.	
	Er	93	Jam in title display, stack left.	-	
	Er	94	Jam in title display, stack right.	-	

#### 2.20.3. Additional test programs for the service operator

This functions are only allowed to be carried out by authorized service staff, therefore you can find more information only in chapter 3.

Test of the Control Unit (Input Test "F7")

<u>P156</u>: The input test checks all input ports and shows the results in a matrix on display 3. The test can be stopped by pressing "C". You can find more information only in chapter 3, because this function is only allowed to be carried out by authorized service staff.

Checking the adjustment of the CD changer

P157: Manual control of CD changer via key pad (F8):

In this test program the CD changer is controlled manually via the keyboard. Several functions are executed by pressing the corresponding key depending on whether a CD is on the laser player or not. This test serves to check the light barrier in the various positions. You can find more information only in Appendix A: Technical description MBC III, because this function is only allowed to be carried out by authorized service staff.

#### Adjusting of grip-reference

<u>P158:</u> This function allows the service operator to set in the adjustment of the grips to the CD–trays via display and keyboard of the phonograph. You can find more information only in Appendix A: Technical description MBC III, because this function is only allowed to be carried out by authorized service staff.

#### Adjusting of the lift-reference

<u>P159:</u> This function allows the service operator to set in the adjustment of the lift to the CD–trays via display and keyboard of the phonograph. You can find more information only in Appendix A: Technical description MBC III, because this function is only allowed to be carried out by authorized service staff.

# 2.21. Recording titles into title memory P160 to P163

#### P160: Recording title quantities of all CDs

After calling up this command, the phonograph searches through all CD trays in both magazines up to the number of CDs defined in P042. During the search it reads the number of titles recorded on each CD and stores this information into the title memory. This command is to be used after initial loading of CD's or if several CDs are exchanged.

The number of titles on each CD is registered in the title memory. Simultaneously, the CD number and amount of tracks are displayed.

Enter: P 160 H 0

i.e. result: CD 01 has 24 titles

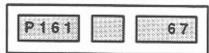


# P161: Initializing of one CD

After calling up this command and entering the number of the newly installed CD, its number of titles is registered in the title memory. The number of titles from each CD is also read with every normal play. This function serves as single entry cancellation, if a not initialized CD is selected.

Enter: P 161 H nn H

67 H i.e. = CD #67:



#### P162: Read-out all title memories

After calling up this command and entering the code number, the corresponding CD's data will be displayed.

- 0: Number of titles from CD #01
- 1: Switch to the next CD #
- 2: Return to the previous CD #
- 3: Title number of any CD

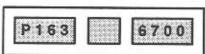


With P162,3 the two-digit CD number must be entered and confirmed with "H".

# P163: Erasing entry in title memory

All entries in the title memory are set to 1. So all CD titles are cleared, but the phonograph may access any CD tray. If new CDs are loaded and the command P160 is used you may be sure that all new titles are stored in the title memory.

Enter: P 163 H 0 H



Note: After removing a CD you also have to remove the corresponding CD cover in the display unit.

# 2.22. Switching signal sources for testing the audio amplifier

P164: For test purposes different signal input ports for the 3 intended signal sources can be switched individually. This is done with command P164 by entering different code numbers.

0: No signal source active, mute (amplifier turned off)

1: CD changer is signal source

2: An audio cassette player (tape recorder) is signal source.

3: A microphone is signal source.

This "manual" switching occurs automatically in normal play according to the signal source that is turned on.

Enter: P 164 H n H

2 H i.e. for tape recorder:



# 2.23. Interface protocol for COM-port (Bacta-interface for GB only)

P170: Use this program to switch the protocol and the data transfer rate used for the COM-port of the phonograph.

0+H: No protocol for the COM-port

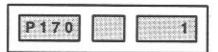
1+H: Bacta-protocol

2+H: DCL-protocol (DCL = Data Cartridge Loader)

3+H: Set data transfer rate to 1200 baud 4+H: Set data transfer rate to 2400 baud 5+H: Set data transfer rate to 9600 baud 6+H: Set data transfer rate to 19200 baud

Enter: P 170 H n H

1 H i.e. for use BACTA interface:



The interface protocol has been extended. Now it is possible to output cash contents and coin counters of up to 3 selector wall boxes.

Note: To activate the change of the interface protocol you have to power-off and again power-on the phonograph.

# 2.24. Animation via the title display P180 to 187

Attention: The program steps P180 to P187 are only valid for the 25x4 title display (title display III). The software automatically determines the type of title display (25x4 or 2x7x8).

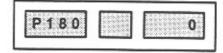
To move the CD-covers and the playing instructions placed on title strips inside the title display this group of service program stepswere implemented.

At defined times of the week the operator can program that the title strips are moved automatically, e.g. to show advertisement inlets at regular intervals. Of course the title display may be operated manually. This is the standard mode of operation.

P180: With program "P180 0+H" all entries in group P18x are set to zero and the title display works normal only by pressing the rocker button.

Enter: P 180 H 0 H

i.e. set default values: ONLY MANUAL CONTROL



P181: With program P181 the starting time is set for the time window of "Animation via title strips". Key pad layout see P080.

Enter: P 181 H

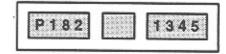
Set per pressing keys i.e. starting time = 12.34Uhr confirm settings with key "H":



P182: With program P182 the stopping time is set for this time window. Key pad layout see P080.

Enter: P 182 H

Set per pressing keys i.e. stopping time = 13.45Uhr confirm settings with key "H":



P183: With program P183 the days are set on which animation via title strips should be active. Key pad layout see P082.

Enter: P 183 H

0 or 1 H

Set per pressing keys i.e. monday = inactive:



After confirming one day's entry the software steps to the following day.

P184: With this program the delay time in minutes is set after which the title strips are moved again:

0+H: no automatical movement of the title strips n+H: movement after "n" minutes (n = 1 to 99)

Enter: P 184 H nn H

3 H e.g. move it after 3 minutes:



P185: With this program followed by 20 values (nn) you can define 20 target positions for the title display. Always enter the position number of the upper left title strip (e.g. 01, 05, 09, 13, 17, 21, 25, ..., 93, 97).

Enter: P 185 H nn H

01 H e.g. 1. entry = position 01;

P185 1 01

Enter: P

09 H e.g. 2. entry = position 09:

g. 2. entry = position 09:

Up to 20 entries always confirmed by pressing "H".

Clear erronous input by pressing key "C" once.
Early termination is possible by pressing key "C" twice.

and so on.

P186: With this program you define:

0+H: continually movement of title strips in Stand-by for one position or to the next programmed position.

1+H: single movement in Stand-by to the next programmed position.

2+H: continually movement of title strips for one position or to the next programmed position.

3+H: single movement to the next programmed position.

Enter: P 186 H n H

2 H e.g. continually movement:



P187: Limitation of the position of the title display corresponding to the numbers of inserted CDs:

0+H: Number of title strips is equal the number of CDs programmed in P042.

n+H: Enter number "n" of unused positions of the title display.

Enter: P 187 H n H

0 H e.g.number of titles strips= number of CDs:

***************************************	5000000000	**************
0497		Λ
E : 0 1		U
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	200000000000000000000000000000000000000

Note: The time window is always active, if all entries in P181, P182, P183 and P184 is not ="0".

# Section S

#### 3. Section

# 3.1. Maintenance and Service for the NSM phonograph SAPPHIRE

# 3.2. Cleaning the housing of the phonograph

Clean housing using a soft and damp leather rag.

Clean the glasses (front glass) of the phonograph using a solvent-free window cleaner.

Attention! Clean the upper and inner plastic glasses using only a soft damp rag.

Avoid using any chemicals for cleaning the phonograph! Plastic parts of the phonograph could be damaged.

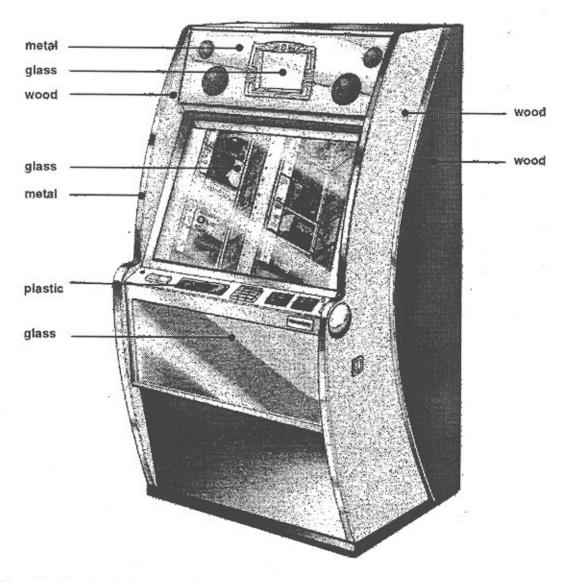


Figure 38: Cleaning of the phonograph

# 3.3. Cleaning the inside of the phonograph

Besides the outside cleaning of the phonograph, the inside has to be cleaned according to the degree of pollution once or twice a year with the help of a vacuum cleaner.

#### 3.4. Cleaning the title display unit

The title display unit in the Sapphire should be cleaned using a soft damp rag. Be careful that the title holders do not fall out of their leading if you press to much against it.

#### 3.5. Replacing fluorescent lamps

There are three fluorescent lamps in the phonograph, 2 x 16/18W and 1x 8W. For replacing the fluorescent lamps Power-off the phonograph and open the housing.

- 1. Unplug power cord and open the phonograph.
- 2. Swing up the front door.
- Unlock the pult-plate at the left and right side.
- 4. Swing down the pult-plate.
- 5. Take the title display unit with both hands and swing up into horizontal position.
- 6. Hold it in horiznotal position and then carefully replace the middle fluorescent lamp.

# Fluorescent lamps:

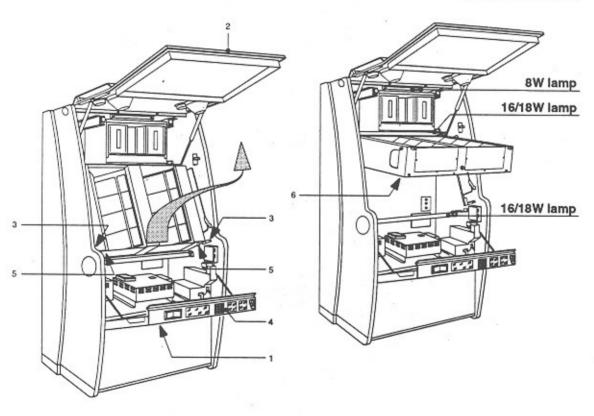


Figure 39: Replacing flourescent lamps

# 3.6. Trouble-shooting for ES V / ES5.1- CD-technology

# 3.6.1. Error description

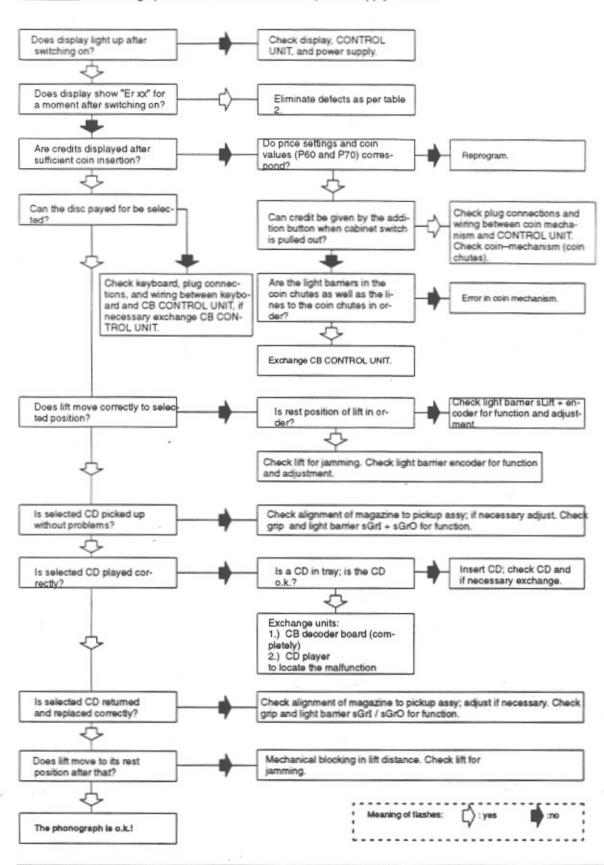
The following table gives you first hints on the possible causes of a mulfunctioning of the phonograph.

Table 1: Possible error causes

Error description	Possible error cause
Phonograph illumination <b>and</b> LED's in CB CENTRALEINHEIT ES5.1 do not light up.	Power cord     Main switch     Power fuse (switch plate/fuse box)
Phonograph illumination okay but LEDs in CB CENTRALEINHEIT ES5.1 do no light up.	Plug connection ST 1 of     CB CENTRALEINHEIT ES5.1     Fuses Si 1–5 of     CB CENTRALEINHEIT ES5.1     Power transformer connection
Fan for output stage does not run while disc is playing.	Plug connection ST 4     Triac TC 1.     Transistor T2 / T1.
LED's in CB CENTRALEINHEIT ES5.1 do not light up or appear too dark. Fuses are okay.	Voltage regulators VR 1–6 in     CB CENTRALEINHEIT ES5.1 defective     Short circuit in connected units.     (Pull plugs one after another and observe LED's).
No tone signal at loudspeaker even though a CD is playing and volume is given.	Loudspeaker connection     Plug connection of frequency volume and of output transformer     Interruption of signal wire
Volume reduced by electronic protection device in CB CONTROL UNIT.	<ol> <li>Loudspeaker mismatch (less than 2 Ω impedance) due to remote speakers.</li> <li>Transistor T 9 defective.</li> <li>Output transistor defective.</li> <li>CB CONTROL UNIT defective.</li> </ol>
Poor bass reproduction.	Loudspeaker connections reversed.
Phonograph operators display shows error message as: Er xx	See table 2: "Possible error messages".

#### 3.6.2. Error flow chart

Conditions: Line voltage present, line connection and power supply in order.



# 3.6.3. Error display / table of error messages

After power on the phonograph, respectively after terminating the service program, the microprocessor in the CB CONTROL UNIT checks all memorized values.

If any error is detected a corresponding error message appears on displays 2 and 3 for information, e.g. "Er 31" (31= error number). Additionally the lamp "error" flashes, and the corresponding command number appears on display 1.

In this case correct the necessary input in the service mode. After input of the correct value and pressing the key "H" this error is cleared.

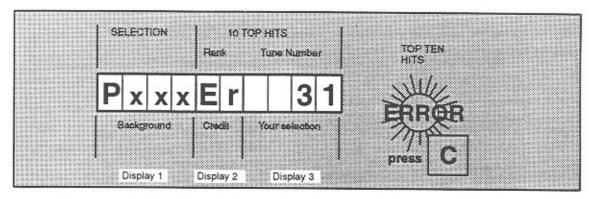


Figure 40: Display of the phonograph in malfunction case

After power on the phonograph, the malfunction display on display 3 and the flashing lamp "error" remain visible for about 2 seconds. Hereafter the phonograph returns to operation mode without considering the malfunctioning part.

#### 3.6.4. Read out the error memory

The group 15x of the test programs includes functions such as read—out of error memory, various continuous run tests as well as input and display tests. For these purposes, the group code (Fx) is shown in the middle display.

Use programm step P150 to read out the last 20 error reports with date, time and CD number of occurance.

#### P150: Read-out of error memory:

- 0: last registered error; see table 2: "Error Codes" on the next page.
- 1: previous error; the phonograph records the last 20 error reports.
- 2: CD number during which the error occurred.
- 3: Time of error
- 4: Date of occurrence

Example

Display:



In table 2 you will find all possible error displays with the corresponding notices for causes and corrections.

Table 2: Possible error messages

Displays 1 2		s 3	Possible Causes	Corrections	
	Er	01	EPROM-contents (CONTROL-UNIT) disturbed.	Change EPROM (IC2).	
	Er	10	RAM (CONTROL-UNIT) defective.	Change RAM (IC3). After that repeat all program steps.	
	Er	11	RAM-contents (CONTROL-UNIT) short-term disturbance.	No correction necessary; program is reinitialized. Change RAM IC 3 if frequently occurring.	
	Er	12	RAM-battery is empty.	Change RAM (IC3). After that repeat all program steps.	
	Er	20	Verification errors in program (CONTROL UNIT)	No correction necessary; program is reinitialized. Change CPU IC 1 if frequently occurring.	
Pxxx	Er	30	Memory contents (CONTROL-UNIT) invalid.	No correction necessary; the displayed command is automatically reprogrammed.	
Pxxx	Er	31	Memory contents (CONTROL-UNIT) invalid or not programmed.	Execute displayed command, program new values.	
Pxxx	Er	40	Wrong price setting.	Check price setting and reprogram if necessary.	
	Er	50	Coin mechanism defective, too much credit.	Check coin mechanism.	
	Er	60	Connection to the CD-player interrupted. No supply voltage present for decoder board or CD player.	Check connection cables to the CD player and control wires.	
	Er	61	No CD recognized by CD player. No CD in CD tray, player defective.	Check CD and exchange if necessary. Exchange CD player.	
	Er	62	Specified track on the CD not found.	Check CD.	
	Er		Malfunction while playing a CD. CD defective	Check CD.	
	Er	64	Contact to CD changer interrupted.	Check connection to changer and control lines. Replace CD changer or control unit.	

Display		Possible Causes	Corrections	
1 2	3	N. H	N	
Er	70	Malfunction of operating control.	No correction necessary.	
Er	71	Malfunction of CD changer.	If error display does not disappear after	
	-		2 sec., error cannot be automatically	
	74		corrected. No CD will be played until cabinet switch or "power in" is activated	
Er	71	Error during grip from magazine (left or right).	Equip CD-magazine with tray. Check	
-	/ 1	Error during grip from magazine (left or right).	alignment from magazine to pickup ass	
			and adjust if necessary. Check grip	
			lever for function. Check function of ligh	
			barriers sGrI and sGrO .	
Er	72	Error during replacing CD in magazine.	Check alignment of magazine to pickur	
			assy and adjust if needed. Check	
			function of grip. Check function of light barriers sGrI and sGrO.	
Er	72	Malfunction during lift drive,	Check lift for jamming. Check function	
	13	playing CD not possible.	and correct adjustment of light barrier	
		praying ob not possible.	sLift and encoder.	
Er	74	Lift cannot synchronize,	Check function and adjustment of light	
		playing CD not possible.	barrier sLift and encoder.	
Er	80	Short circuit on wallbox signal wire.	Check wallbox connection.	
Er	81	Malfunction of the audio processor	Change IC 1 = TDA 4390 if frequently	
		(CB-CENTRALEINHEIT ES5.1).	occurring.	
Er	90			
		(three blockings in sequence) .	Unjam.	
Er	91	Blocking title display while left movement.	112er = no more move possible	
Er	92	Blocking title display while right movement.	112er = no more move possible	
Er	93	Blocking title display, left stack.		
Er	94	Blocking title display, right stack.		

#### 3.7. Continuous run tests

With programs P151 to P153 various tests in continuous run mode are executed. A continuous run can only be stopped by closing the service switch (i.e. with closing the cabinet).

P151: Plays all CDs for 16 sec. (F1):

Enter: P 151 H 0

Start continuous run 1:



CD / Track

number of errors

P152: Plays selected CDs for 16 sec. (F2):

During CD play another number "nnnn" can be entered (continuous run 2). With each entry "Your Selection" will light up on the display panel.

Enter: P 152 H n n n n H

(enter one or more CD-numbers)

P153: Other Continuous Play Tests (F3 to F5):

Enter: P n

- 0: All CDs are placed on player, but are not played (continuous run 3, F3).
- 1: 6 distinct CDs (CD No. 1, 25, 50, 51, 75, 00) are placed and played 16 sec. each continually (continuous run 4, F4)
- Combination of twice continuous run 3 followed by 4 until cabinet switch is turned off (continuous run 5, F5).



# 3.7.1. Testing the phonograph illumination and display elements

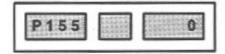
P155: Display Test (F6):

During the display test all digits of the displays and all control lamps are turned on and off. Pressing "H" will stop the test and continue it after pressing "H" again. The display test does not check the lamps of a light organ that might be connected.

Pressing "C" stops the test.

Enter: P 155 H

0: Start lamp test (Display 2 shows briefly F6)



#### 3.8. Additional test programs for the service operator

With the programs P156 to P159 you can call additional test routines. They are described in their corresponding chapter.

P156: Test of the Control Unit (Input and Output interfaces), see chapter 3.1.12

P157: Manual control of CD changer and opto status, see appendix A.

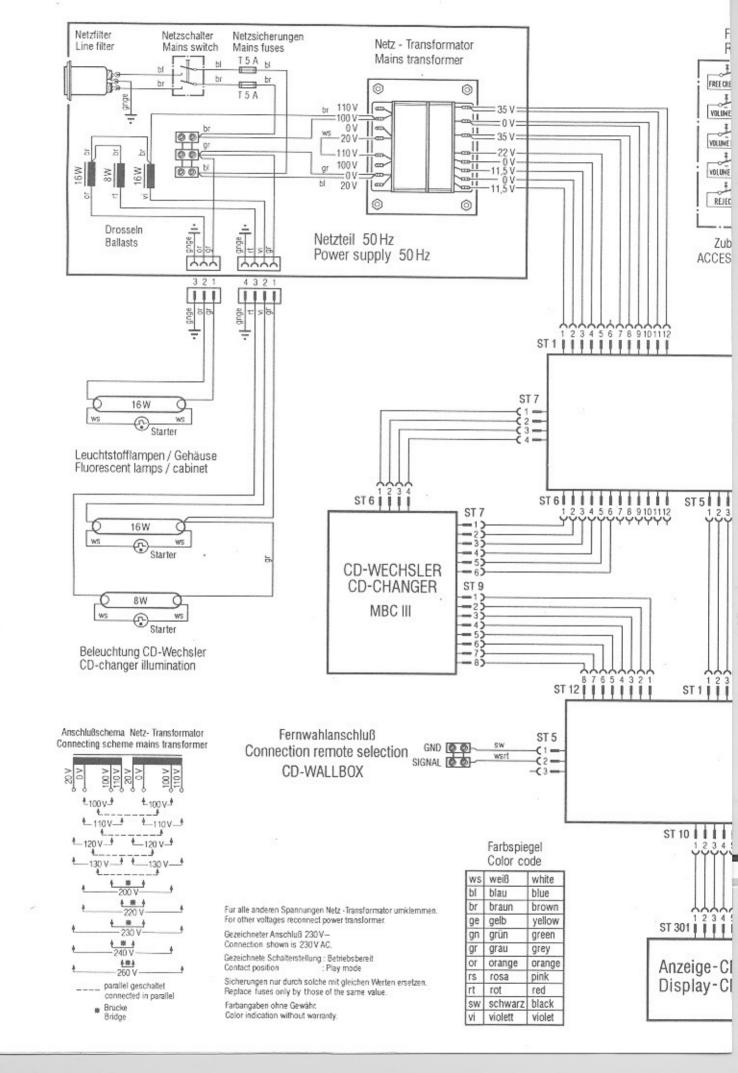
P158: Adjustment of grip-reference, see appendix A.

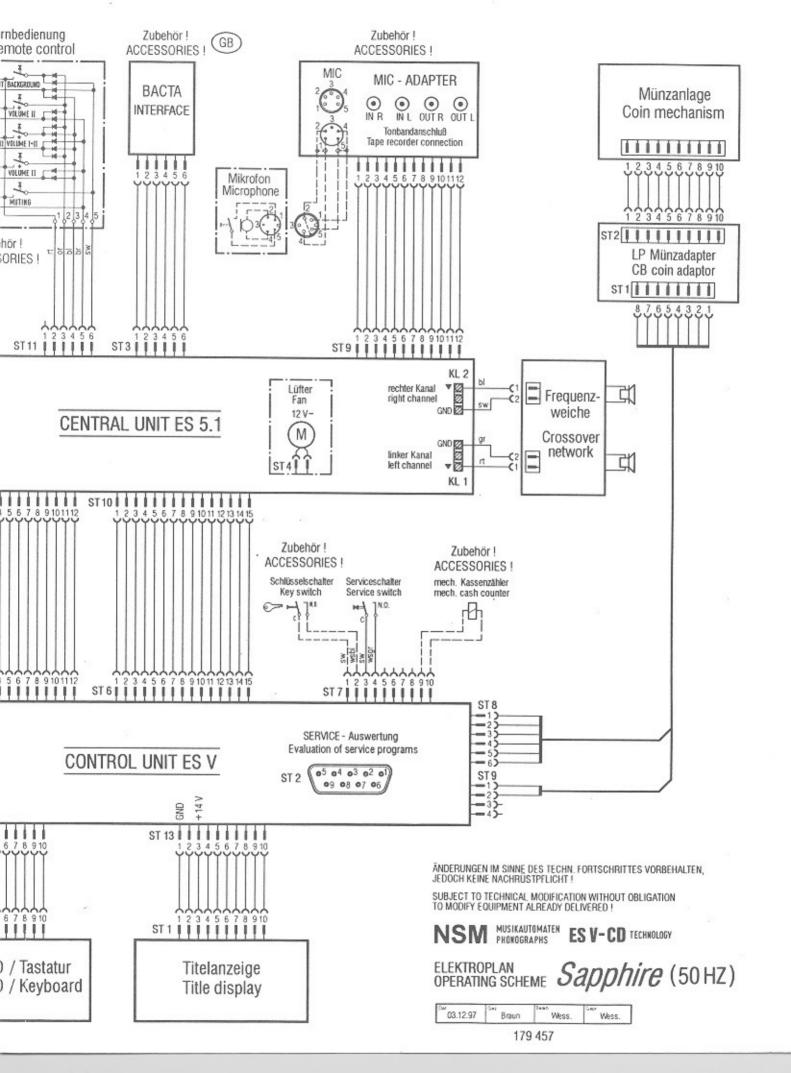
P159: Adjustment of the lift-reference, see appendix A.

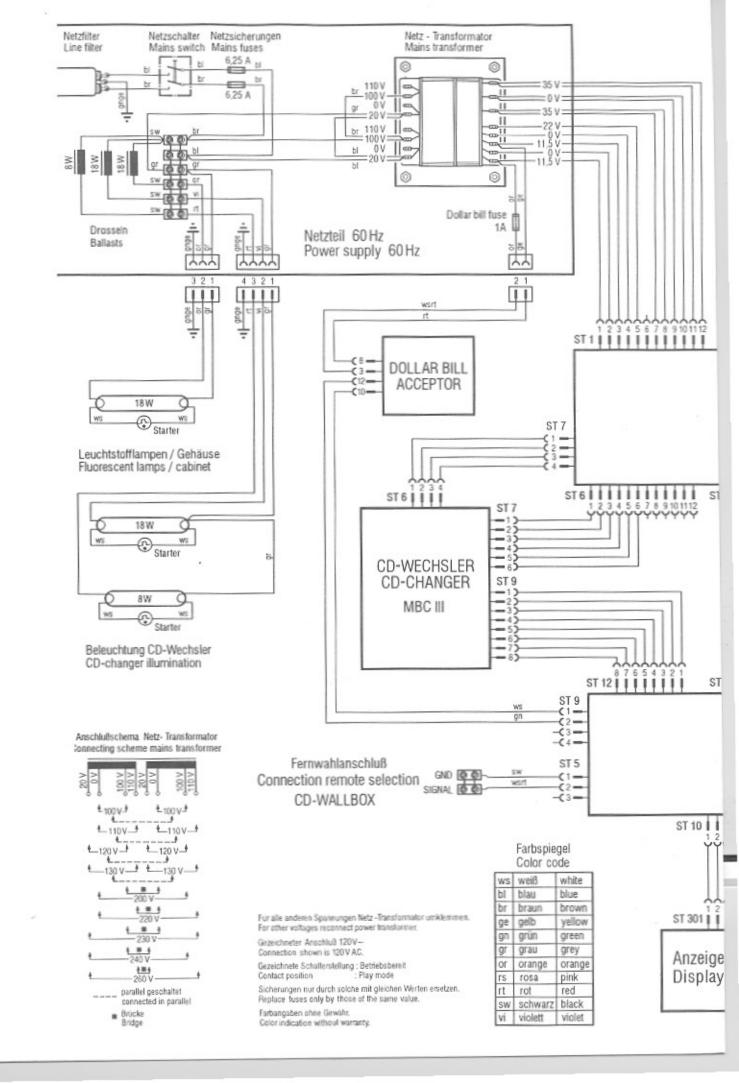
# 3.9. The phonograph SAPPHIRE

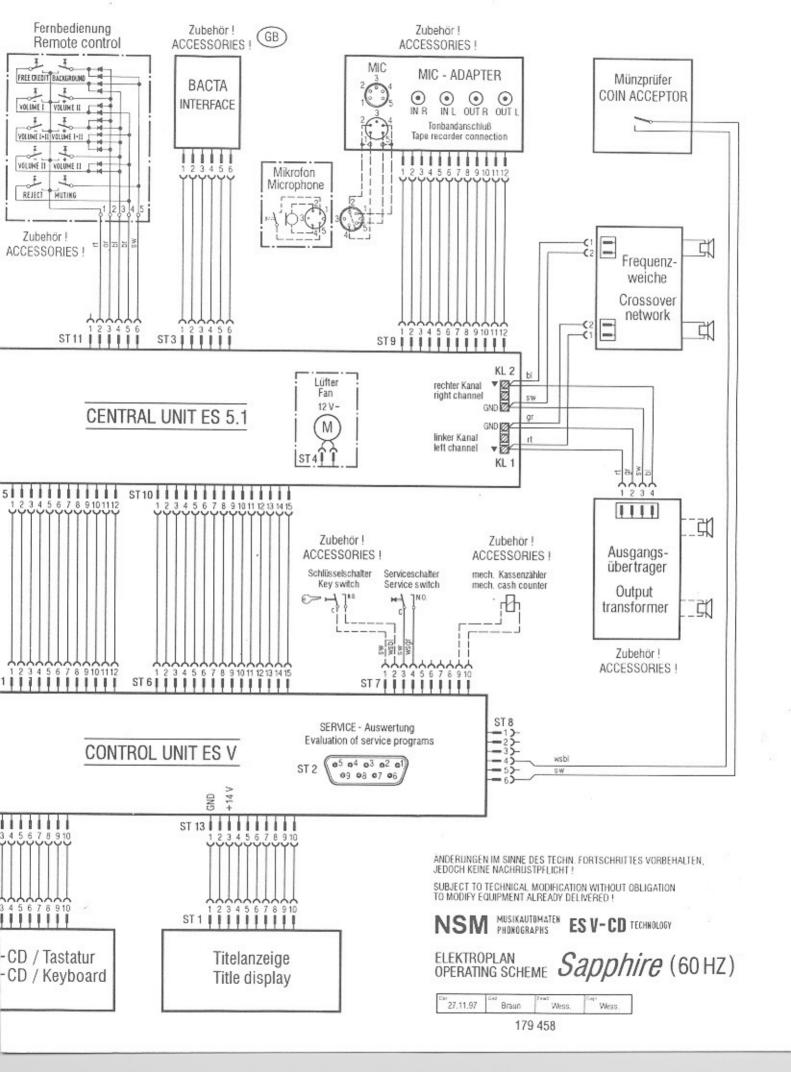
# 3.9.1. Operating scheme

The following page contains the operating scheme of the phonograph SAPPHIRE

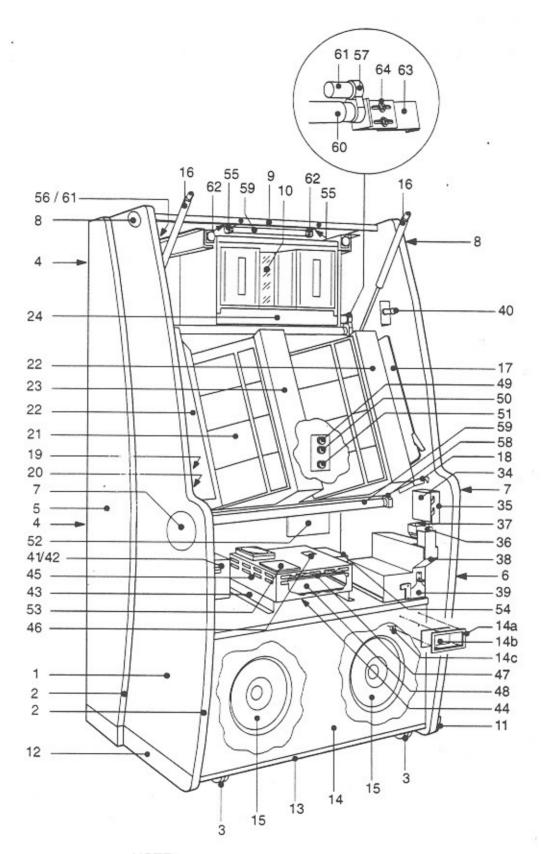








Part–No.	Description	Data	
	<u>Accessories</u>	W	
177 472	Output transformer, assy		
179 349	Cable harness, output transformer		6
177 488	MIC-Adaptor, assy		
118 266	Cable harness MIC-Adaptor	12	
176 719	Bacta-interface, complete		
178 979	Cable harness wallbox connection		
171 743	Remote control, complete with 5m cable		
174 258	Remote control, complete wireless		
206 783	IR-Remote control (transmitter)		
173 178	Remote control–receiver complete		
	Cable harnesses		
179 354	Housing switch		
179 347	Fluorescent lamp	8/16W	
179 348	Fluorescent lamp	16W	
179 359	Loudspeaker cover	467.63	
179 432	Central Unit EG 5.1 – CD–changer	4 poles	1850mm long
179 270	Central Unit 💵 5.1 – CD-changer	6 poles	1800mm long
179 624	Control Unit ESV - CD-changer .	8 poles	1750mm long
177 469	Control Unit ESV - Title display	10 poles	1920mm long
171 783	Control Unit ESV - Central Unit ES 5.1	12 poles	120mm long
171 782	Control Unit ESV – Central Unit ES 5.1	15 poles	120mm long
118 266 178 021	Central Unit ES 5.1 – MIC–Adaptor	12 poles	550mm long
179 269	Central Unit ES 5.1 – Mains transformer	11 poles	800mm long
179 352	Central Unit ES 5.1 – CB–Display–CD Central Unit ES 5.1 – crossover network woofer	10 poles	1550mm long
179 268	Rocker button – Title display	4 poles	1560mm long
		6 poles	2800mm long
176 718	Bacta-interface *GB*	6 poles	700mm long
179 349 177 434	Output transformer Volume control button	4 poles	400mm long
177 434	volume control button	4 poles	1090mm long
227 433	Mains cable	*EURO* *D	*/*EXP*
227 629	Mains cable with plug	*GB*	
25 522	Mains cable without plug	*AUS*/*NZ*	'/*CY*/*NA*
227 528	Appliance cord 110–127V	*USA*/*USI	E.



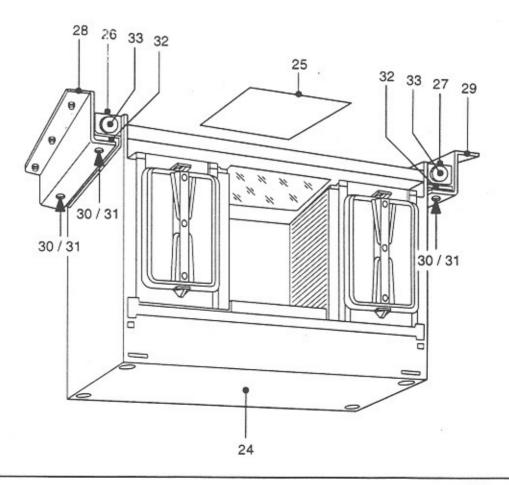
NOTE:

If you order pos.14—speaker grid, you have to order positions 14a, 14b and 14c separately.

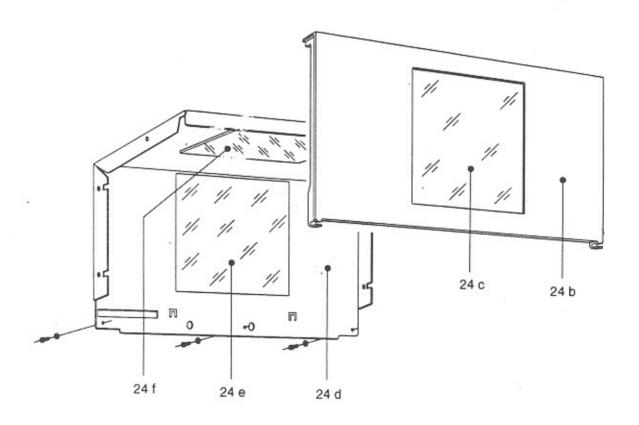
Pos.	Part-No.	Description	Data Qu	antity
1	203 869	Cabinet, without side surround	*SAPPHIRE*	1
2	212 941	Bandings 3/4" Casters Flexible "T"	1990mm long	1
3	217 506	Apparatus-Casters		4
4	170 852	Handle		4
5	203 870	Side surround left, blue	Option Design	1
6	203 871	Side surround right, blue	Option Design	1
5	203 872	Side surround left, red	Option Design	1
6	203 873	Side surround right, red	Option Design	1
5	203 874	Side surround left, wood	Option Design	1
6	203 875	Side surround right, wood	Option Design	1
7	216 668	Decor plate, great		2
8	216 669	Decor plate, small		2
9	179 376	Cover, pointed		1
10	212 948	Mirror	sticked on cover plate	1
11	179 300	Edge protection, right		1
12	179 301	Edge protection, left		1
13	179 281	Edge protection, front		1
14	179 375	Speaker grid, spot welded		1
14a	172 531	Frame	for NSM Logo	1
14b	212 803	Mask, printed	NSM Logo	1
14c	671 006	Spring nut 6	Frame fixation	4
15	224 277	Loud speaker	150W / $8\Omega$	2
16	216 655	LIFT-O-MAT	F1=350N	2
	179 364	Bond pin with flute	for LIFT-O-MAT	2
17	179 387	Inser plate right, premounted	for title display	1
18	179 389	Bar, right	single	1
19	179 388	Inser plate left, premounted	for Title display	1
20	179 390	Bar, left	single	1
21	117 200	Title display 112, complete (without design parts)	see page 33	1
22	179 455	Decoration mask	Option Design	2
23	179 234	Decoration mask, printed		1
	239 319	Title stripe		30

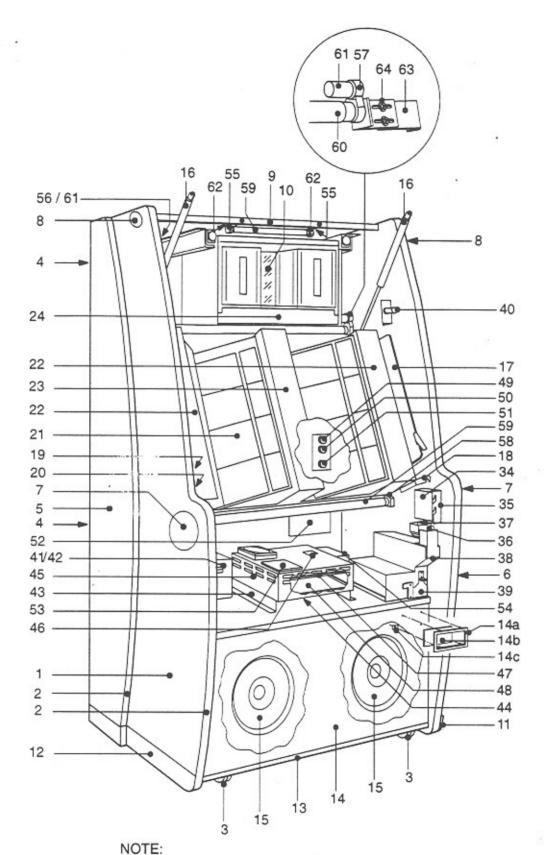
<sup>\* =</sup> Exchange unit

Pos.	,Part-No.	Description	Data	Quantity
24	179 241*	CD-changer MBC III-TOP, complete (w/o locking bracket left and right) (w/o design parts) (w/o magazines)	see Appendix A	1
25	179 437	Design foil MBC III, blue (to order at changer's exchange)	Option Design	1
26	179 320	Locking bracket, left (to unscrew at changer's exchange)		1
27	179 321	Locking bracket, right (to unscrew at changer's exchange)		1
28	179 312	Holding bar left, pointed		1
29	179 313	Holding bar right, pointed		1
30	140 285	Damping foot		4
31	205 353	Wire spring		4
32	179 317	Glide plate		2
33	614 003	Knurled screw	M4x8	2



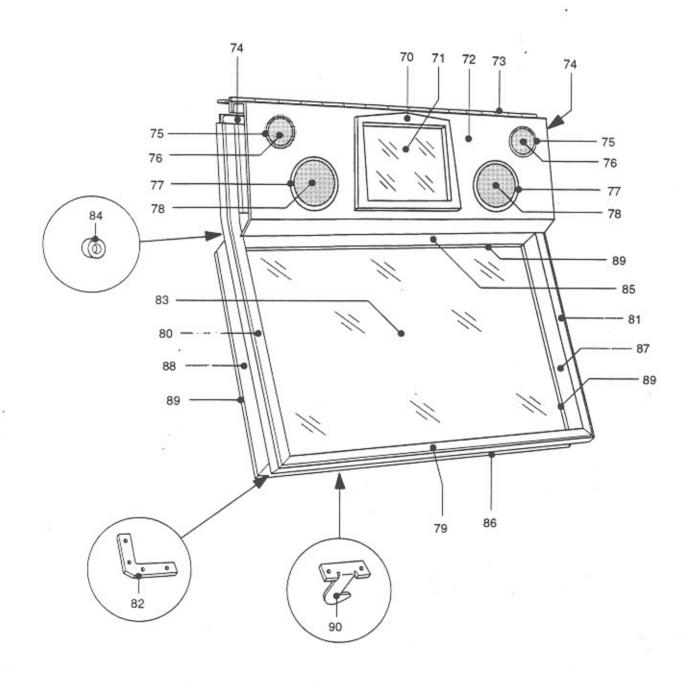
Pos.	Part-No.	Description	Data	Quantity
24 a-	f179 454	Installing kit – Front door Sapphire for MBCIII–TOP (to be removed when exchanging the CD changer)	Option	1
24 b	140 218	Front door, complete	(with pane)	1
24 c	140 212	Pane	single	1
	179 456	Housing, complete MBC III - TOP		1
24 d	179 460	Housing, sheet metal	single	1
24 e	212 958	Mirror MBC III - TOP	single	1
24 f	212 939	Covering pane	single	1
	300 264	Scotch tape 6mm white	560mm long	1



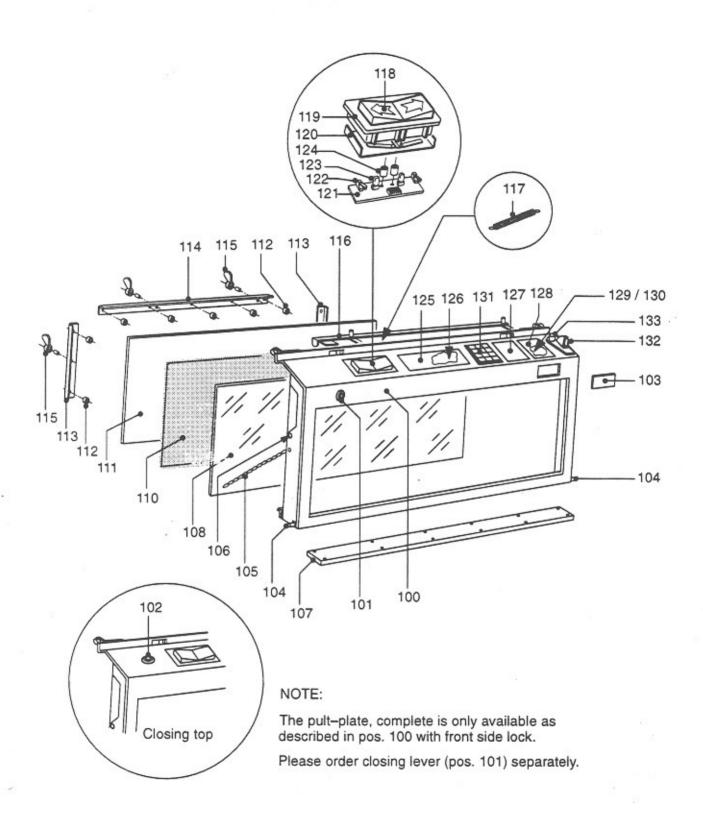


If you order pos.14-speaker grid, you have to order positions 14a, 14b and 14c separately.

Pos.	Part-No.	Description	Data	Qı	uanit
Conti	nuation: *SA	APPHIRE*			
40	222 509	Pushbutton Switch	cabinet switch		
11	177 736	Shielding box, pointed			
42	179 380	Power supply 50 Hz, complete	see page 26		
42	179 343	Power supply 60 Hz, complete	see page 27		
13	179 407	Basic plate, pointed			
14	179 403	Bottom	Central Unit		
45	179 404	Lid, pressed in			
2029	614 003	Knurled screw	M4		2
46	179 406	Cover plate			
17	178 239*	Control-Unit ESV-MBC III, complete	see page 55		
48	178 972*	Central-Unit ES5.1 / 50 Hz, complete	see page 45	10	
48	178 973	Central-Unit ES5.1 / 60 Hz, complete	see page 45		
19	222 452	Pushbutton, green			1
50	222 470	Pushbutton, white			1
51	222 471	Pushbutton, red			1
52	179 345	Crossover network, complete			
3	177 465	MIC-Adaptor, complete		Option	
	118 266	Cable harness	MIC-Adaptor	1	1
	174 115	Sleeve	CB-MIC-Adaptor		4
54	177 472	Output transformer, complete	-	Option	1
	179 448	Bacta-interface, complete	w/o cable harness		1
	176 718	Harness for Bacta-interface	6 poles	700mm long	1
	179 347	Harness for fluorescent lamp	8 / 16W		1
55	225 365	Lamp socket			2
6	225 364	Starter socket	TYP 02120		1
57 58	225 757 225 756	Insert socket	TYP 47206		1
00	225 /56	Insert socket	TYP 47106		1
	179 348	Harness for fluorescent lamp	16W		1
57	225 757	Insert socket	TYPE 47206		1
8	225 756	Insert socket	TYPE 47106		1
9	226 086	Fluorescent lamp	L8W/20		1
60	226 073	Fluorescent lamp		(50Hz)	2
0	226 074	Fluorescent lamp		(60Hz)	2
1	225 040	Starter		(50Hz)	3
1	225 343	Starter	S2	(60Hz)	3
2	179 394	Spacer bolt for lamp socket	30mm long		2
3	179 411	Lamp bracket I			4
64	179 413	Lamp bracket II, pointed			4
Eval	nange unit				



Pos.	Part-No.	Description	Data	Quanity
70–90	179 274	Front door, complete		1
70	179 278	Frame mask	Front plate	1
71	214 216	Plate	mirrored	1
	217 507	Rubber profile	820mm long	1
72	179 360	Front plate, spot welded and riveted	59	1
73	211 778	Hinge		
74	179 395	Spacer bolt	49,7mm long	2
75	179 322	Frame small, loudspeaker		2
76	179 324	Speaker grid, small		2
	224 288	Loudspeaker HIFI DOME TW.	100W / 8Ω	2
77	179 323	Frame great, loudspeaker		2
78	179 325	Speaker grid, great		2
	224 262	Loudspeaker	KF-130-1318	2
	179 275	Cover	for loudspeaker	2
	179 359	Harness loudspeaker cover		1
79	250 496	Frame profile		1
80	250 497	Frame profile, left		1
81	250 498	Frame profile, right		1
82	179 396	Hitch plate		2
83	214 218	Plate, top		. 1
	217 507	Rubber profile	2160mm long	1
84	179 397	Role	sight protection at the top	5
85	179 398	Sight protection at the ten		
86	179 396	Sight protection at the top Sight protection at the bottom		1
87	179 400	Sight protection at the bottom		1
88	179 400	Sight protection left		1
89	217 479	Edge protection profile for sight protection	2630mm long	1
90	179 402	Locking bracket	2000mm long	2

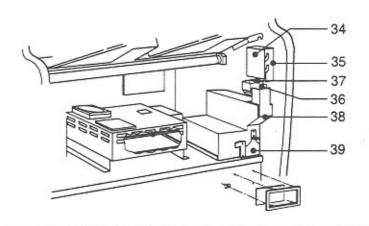


Pos.	Part-No.	Description	Data	Quanity
		,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,		
100–13	3 <b>179 442</b>	Pult-plate, complete	*uni*	1
100–13	3 <b>179 443</b>	(w/o design foil) Pult-plate, complete (w/o design foil)	*USA*	1
100	179 459	Pult-plate, riveted	for closing front side only	1
		Closing front side:		
101	217 814	Cylinder lock / 1 key	*Export*	1
	179 446	Closing lever	*Export*	1
101	206 903	Lock type 3293-13 FC3/16	*USA*	1
	179 447	Closing lever	*USA*	1
		Closing top:		
102	217 814	Cylinder lock / 1 key	*Export*	1
	179 419	Closing lever	*Export*	1
102	217 814	Lock type 3293-13 FC 3/16	*USA*	1
	179 414	Closing lever	*USA*	1
103	179 420	Back plate, pointed	Closing f. pult-plate opening	1
104	179 292	Spacer bolt	storage pult plate	2
105	211 084	. Knot chain K16, zinc coated	500mm long	1
106	229 230	Plastic dody-bound rivet 3,5	lateral spacer	2
107	212 947	Light mask		1
108	214 219	Plate, bottom		1
	217 507	Rubber profile	1640mm long	2
110	239 307	Design foil pult, *SAPPHIRE*	Option Design	1
111	212 942	Plate for deco	plastic	1
112	117 493	Sleeve		9
113	179 295	Holding bracket	plate side	2
114	179 293	Holding bracket	plate top	1
115	108 575	Toggle		4
	117 493	Sleeve	in toggle mounted	4
116	179 440	Lock plate, premounted		1
117	205 538	Tension spring	for lock plate	1
118	175 974	Pushbutton	rocker butter	
119	176 574	Frame	rocker button	1
115	207 199	Profilgummi black	100mm long	1
120	179 297	Cover plate, premounted		1
121	179 356	CB- Rocker button, complete		1
122	222 597	Micro switch	single standing	2
123	226 049	Lamp	single 12–15V / 2W	2
124	174 115	Sleeve	fixation of printed boards	2

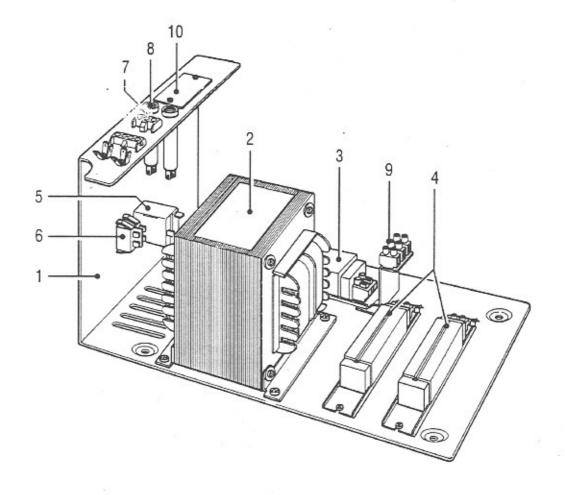
Pos.	Part-No.	Description		Data	Quanity
Cont	invetion. Du	h whee to A DDIJIDE*			
Cont	inuation; Pu	It-plate *SAPPHIRE*			
125	178 955	Plate, printed		Display	1
126	173 664	CB-Display-CD, complete		see page 59	1
	171 629	Holder red		for CB-Display-CD	4
127	179 436	Plate, printed		universal	1
127	179 382	Plate, printed		*USA*	1
128	176 653	Plate		playing instruction	1
129	179 433	Playing instruction		universal	1
129	179 267	Playing instruction		*USA*	1
130	179 283	Holding frame		playing instruction	1
131	178 059	Keyboard, complete			1
	211 302	Clamp		fixation keyboard	4
132	179 276	Coin insert		Standard	1
132	179 277	Coin insert	9.	*USA*	1
	179 304	Closing coin insert		*USA*	1
133	179 197	Press-pin			1
	205 683	Pressure spring		for press-pin	1
	179 279	Plate		for press-pin	1
	640 033	Oval head screw M4x10		for press-pin	. 1
	110 186	Ring		fixation coin insert	3

Pos.	Part-No.	Description		Data	Qua	ntity
			Total			
Conti	nuation: Ho	using - Coin acceptor (Illustratio	n see page 18)			
34	216 280	Cashflow 330 Ass	sumption left	*GB*	Option	3
34	216 254	Cashflow 330 As:	sumption left	"AUS"	Option	
34	216 675	-mechanical	25c	*USA*	Option	
	216 501	Dollar Bill Acceptor		*USA*	Option	1
	179 260	Coin validator – Coin		*USE*	Option	1
35	179 336	Coin validator holding plate, co	mplete			. 1
	178 661	CB-Coin adaptor, complete				1
	171 289	Distance sleeve		CB-Coin adap	otor	3
	179 435	Cable harness coin adaptor		8 poles	1600mm long	1
	179 259	Coin validator		*USA*	Option	1
35	179 336	Coin validator holding plate, co	mplete		200	1
	179 272	Cable hamess coin validator				1
	222 352	Micro switch E53-76B		for mech. coin	acceptor	1
	179 425	Holding plate left, pressed in		fixation Dollar	Bill	1
	179 426	Holding plate right, pressed in	*	fixation Dollar	Bill	1
	179 273	Cable harness Dollar Bill				1
	179 261	Coin validator Mars		*EXP*	Option	1
35	179 336	Coin validator holding plate, co	mplete	20.0000		1
	179 434	CB-Adaptor Cashflow, comple				1
	171 289	Distance sleeve		. CB-Coin adap	ptor	3
	179 435	Cable harness coin adaptor		8 poles	1600mm long	1
36	29 335	Coin return cup				1
37	102 495	Coin lid				1
38	179 367	Cash box, complete				1
39	179 373	Cash box guidance, riveted an	d spot welded			1

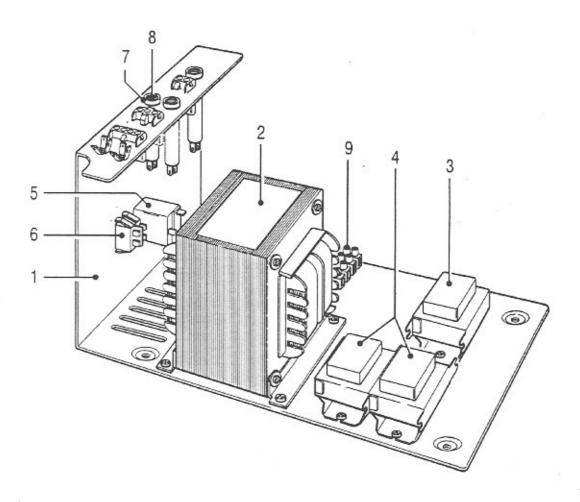
# Part view of Illustration page 18:



Pos.	,Part-No.	Description	Data	Quanity
	179 380	Power supply, complete	50 Hz	1
1	179 357	Transformer plate, pointed		1
2	223 454	Transformator		1
3	224 273	Ballast	230V/50Hz/10W	1
4	224 064	Ballast	230V/50Hz/16W	2
5	225 925	Noise suppression	3EEB1	1
6	222 574	Interrupter switch (Power-on switch)		1
7	235 135	G-Fuse holder		2
	225 537	G-Fuse	T5,0A	2
8	235 137	Cap	50Hz	2
9	235 049	Clamping bar	3 poles	1
10	179 365	Cover plate	•	1
	178 021	Harness mains transformer	11 poles	1
	179 381	Harness mains transformer 50Hz illumination	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	1



Pos.	Part-No.	Description	Data	Quantity
	179 343	Power supply, complete	60 Hz	1
1	179 357	Transformer plate, pointed		1
2	223 454	Transformator		1
3	224 256	Ballast	120V/60Hz/4,6,8W	1
4	224 253	Ballast	120V/60Hz/13-22W	2
5	225 985	Noise suppression	6EEB1	1
6	222 574	Interupter switch (Power-on switch)		1
7	235 135	G-Fuse holder		3
	225 227	G-Fuse	1A/250V	1
	225 218	G-Fuse	6,25A/250V	2
8	235 138	Cap	60Hz	3
9	235 148	Clamping bar	6 poles	1
	178 021	Harness mains transformer	11 poles	1
	179 344	Harness mains transformer 60Hz-Illumination		1
	179 350	Harness Dollar Bill		1



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# 3.10. Cleaning and greasing of the title display unit

The title display unit in the Sapphire should be cleaned using a soft damp rag. Be careful that the title holders do not fall out of their leading if you press to much against it.

## 3.10.1. Removing the title display unit

Removing the title display unit from the Sapphire.

- 1. Unplug power cord and open the phonograph.
- 2. Swing up the front door.
- 3. Unlock the pult-plate at the left and right side.
- 4. Swing down the pult-plate.
- 5. Take the title display unit with both hands and swing up into horizontal position.
- 6. Now carefully hold it and unplug the cable connections at its rear side.
- 7. Lift the title display unit a little and take out of the phonograph towards you.

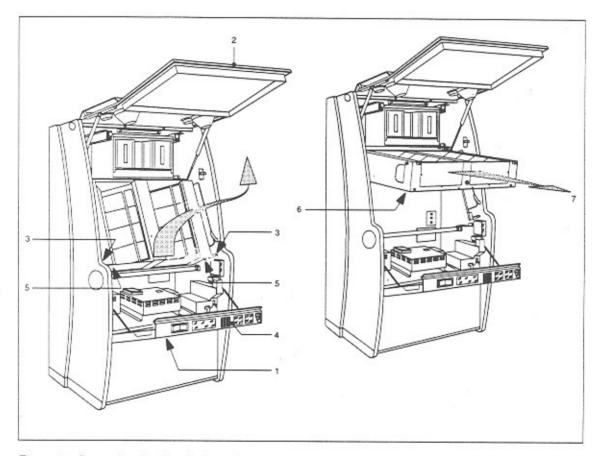


Figure 41: Removing the title display unit

The insertion of the title display is done in reverse sequence.

## 3.10.2. Greasing the title display unit

After a period of about one year you should check if there is enough grease and if necessary you should add it. place the title display unit on your workbench and check the following parts.

We have used a grease type "Isoflex Topas AK50 (509 006) to grease the following parts.

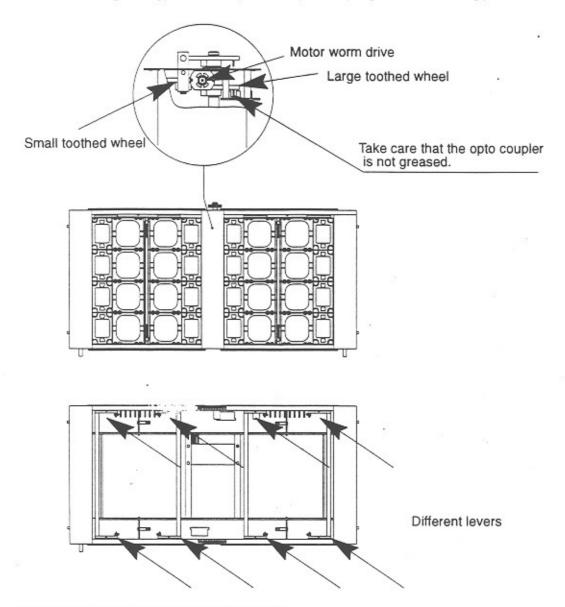
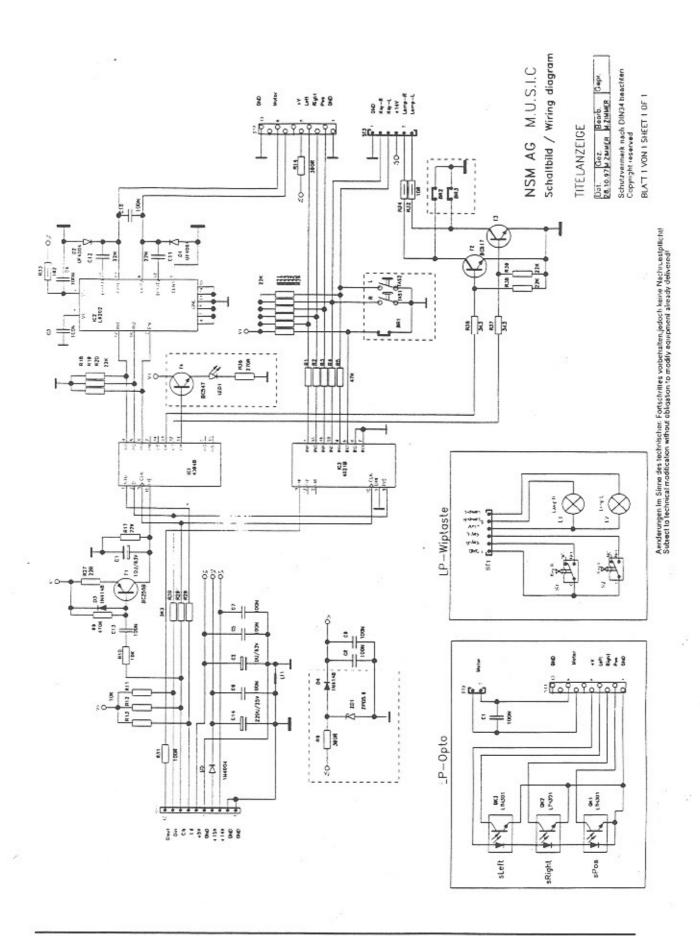
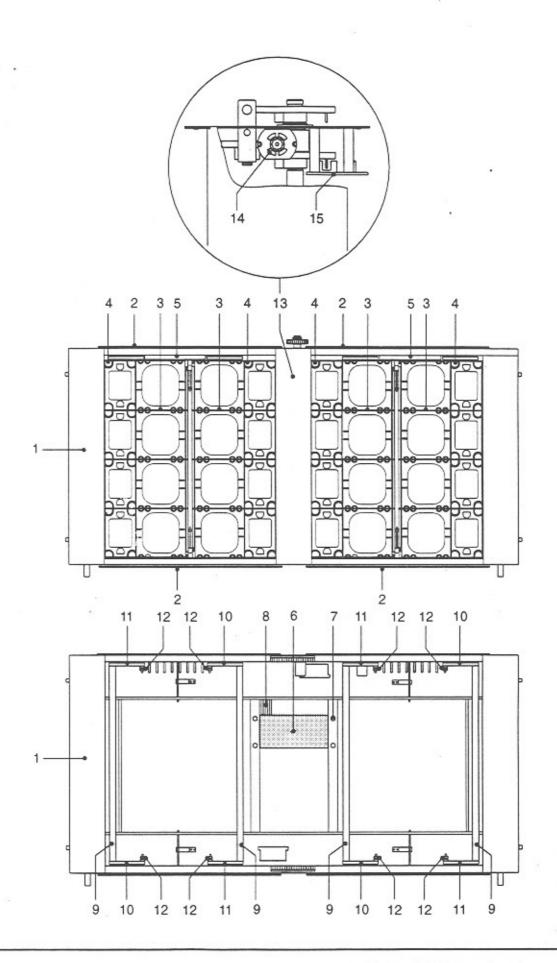


Figure 42: Greasing points in the title display unit

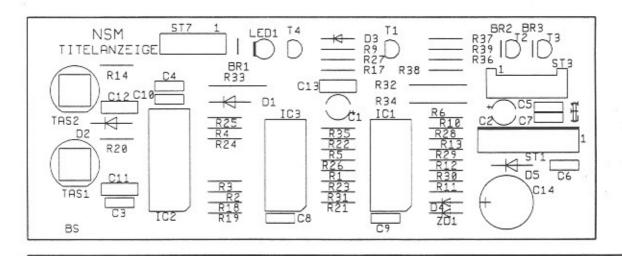
The following pages contain the necessary spare parts list for this title display unit.





Pos	Part-No.	Description	Data Qu	anity
	179 200	Title display 112, complete		1
		w/o design parts	(Design parts see page 15)	
1	179 201	Housing, premounted		1
2	212 940	Cover mask	white	4
3	179 225	Title holder,		16
4	219 861	Adhesive sticker	00-99	2
5	179 217	Spacer		2
6	179 251	CB-Title display, complete	see next page	1
7	229 157	Spacer LCBS-4N	CB-Title display	4
8	179 222	Harness Opto-title display	10 poles 130mm long	1
9	179 229	Bar		4
10	179 218	Lever, right		4
11	179 219	Lever, left		4
12	140 908	Retaining washer	for lever	8
13	179 202	Gear unit, complete		1
14	179 213	Motor, complete	*	1
15	179 250	CB-Opto, complete		1
	231 322	Opto courter	LTH-301A-N	3

Pos .	Part-No.	Description	Data		Quanity
	179 251	CB-Title display, complete			1
ST3	225 992	Pin plug	6 poles red	standing	1
ST1	225 440	Plug connector	10 poles		1
St7	225 873	Sub-connector AMP-Micro-Match	10 poles		1
IC2	231 805	IC-Motor-driver	L6202		1
IC1	221 771	IC-Logic	HEF4094B		1
IC3	221 763	IC-Logic	HEF4021B		1
T1	221 459	Si–Transistor	PNP BC556B		1
T2,T3	221 492	Si-Transistor	NPN BC517		2
D1.D2	231 863	Si-Diode	UF4004		2
DЗ	221 114	Si-Diode	1N4148		1
D5	221 115	Si-Diode	1N4004		1
R27	221 620	Resistance	22Ω	0,34W	1
R31	221 600	Resistance	100Ω	0,34W	1
R14	221 098	Resistance	390Ω	0,34W	1
R28-30,					
R36,37	221 033	Resistance	3,3ΚΩ	0,34W	5
R10-13	221 035	Resistance	10ΚΩ	0,34W	4
R17-26,					
R38,39	221 604	Resistance	22ΚΩ	0,34W	12
R1-5	221 038	Reistance	47ΚΩ	0,34W	5
R32,34	221 273	Resistance	10Ω	0,5W	2
R33	231 139	M-tiox-Resistance	1,2Ω	0,5W	1
					4
C11,12	220 344	Ceramic capacitor	0,022µF	63V	2
C3-10	220 481	Ceramic capacitor	0,1μF	63V	8
C13	220 334	MKT-capacitor	0,1µF	63V	1
C1,2	220 162	Electrolytic-capacitor	10μF	63V	2
C14	220 391	Electrolytic-capacitor	220 μF	25V	1



## 3.11. Functional description of the CB CENTRAL UNIT ES5.1

The power supply, stereo amplifier, and output stage are all integrated in the circuit board "CENTRAL UNIT ES 5.1".

The music power per channel is 200 Watt when matched to loudspeakers having an impedance of  $4 \Omega$ . The sinus (RMS) power is 125 Watt per channel with a klirrfactor of max 1%.

## 3.11.1. Power supply

The power transformer supplies 22 V, 2x11,5 V and 2x35 V from three separate secondary coils.

The following supply voltages are generated by the 22 V:

the supply voltages for VR1 ( $V_3 = +15 \text{ V}$ ), VR2 ( $+V_A = +15 \text{ V}$ ) and  $V_4 = +28 \text{V}$  by a bridge rectifier D2–D5

The following supply voltages are generated by the 2x11,5 V:

- the supply voltage for VR 4 ( $+V_M = +10 \text{ V}$ ) VR 3 ( $V_1 = +5 \text{ V}$ ) and  $V_2 = +14 \text{V}$  by a two-way rectifier (D6 / D8) and the center tap of the transformer
- the supply voltage for VR 5 (-V<sub>M</sub> = -10 V) by D7 / D9
- the supply voltage for VR 6 (-V<sub>A</sub> = -15 V) by a voltage doubler D13, D14, D15 and C20

The supply voltages V<sub>+50</sub> and V<sub>-50</sub> for the output stage of the amplifier are generated by the 2x35 V through a bridge circuit of the double diodes D44/D55 and center tap of the transformer.

Fusing is accomplished for the voltages

V<sub>+50</sub>; V<sub>-50</sub>

through Si 1/ Si 2 with T5A

+V; -V; -VA; V1; V2

through Si 3/ Si 4 with T3, 15A

V3. V4: + VA

through Si 5 with T2,5 A

The LED's indicate the following supply voltages when lightning at the same intensity:

LED 1 = +28 V

LED 2 = +14 V

LED 3 = -14 V

LED 4 = -22 V

LED 5 =  $\pm -50 \text{ V}$ 

LED 7 lights up with picked-up REL 1 (2 sec. time-variant) after power on.

The amplifier then operates in normal mode.

#### 3.11.2. Stereo amplifier

The stereo amplifier is built up with a Siemens audio processor TDA 4390. An integrated AVC (automatic volume compensation) will be effective when input levels of CD, tape, or microphone differ considerably.

It contains a mode switch for mono, stereo, s-stereo, as well as a POWER-MOSFET output stage for 2x200 Watt music power at loudspeakers with a 4  $\Omega$  impedance.

#### 1 Signal path

The audio signal of the CD changer is connected via IC 3A resp. IC 3B to PIN 1 resp. PIN 28 of the input selection circuit of the audio processor. The inputs IC1 3/26 are connected via MIC, the inputs IC1 2/27 via TB. Via the AVC with switch S1 (basis extension) the signal reaches the sound adjustment network and the volume stage of the audio processor monitored by the I2C—bus.

The signal outputs PIN 13/16 of IC1 are situated near the input of the operation amplifier IC4 of the output stage. With LB6 being openT29 leads to a phase angle rotation if the output of the output stage shall be operating in bridge circuit mode, resp. mono mode for special connection (left channel inverted). The driver transformers T14/ T15 resp. T17/T18 are connected to the complementary POWER–MOSFETs T20 /T22 resp. T21/T23.

#### 2 Protective functions for amplifier and loudspeaker

- 1. Rise-delay time of loudspeakers, therefore avoiding of noises when switching on and off.
- 2. Direct current—control of the amplifier outputs when output stage is defective. If a disturbance occurs the loudspeakers will be switched off within a short time. LED 7 signalizes the disturbance.
- 3. Overloading through undermatch. T27 /28 function as threshold value switches of the electronical fuses. T8 and T9 care for a reduction of volume through the CB Control unit. Volume is reduced until the electronical fuse does not react anymore.
- 4. The thermal switches on the heat sinks switch off the power of the output stages when the heat sink temperature reaches approx. 90° (cooling malfunction). The switch—on point is at about 60°C (switch—on hysteresis).

The moving load at the loudspeaker output shall not fall below 3,2  $\Omega$ . When undermatch resp. short circuit occur the limitation by an electronic fuse sets in. As consequence the volume is reduced. After clearing the undermatch the amplifier is operative again and volume can be reset.

#### 3 Adjustment of volume:

The adjustment of volume for normal acoustic is controlled by P053 in the service program for each right and left channel separately.

With keys "1" resp. "7" more volume and with keys "3" resp. "9" less volume is adjusted.

With keys "4" resp. "6" volume is adjusted synchronically for both channels.

Volume also can be adjusted with the remote control (option) or with the keys on the rear side of the phonograph.

#### 4 Adjustment of sound:

The adjustment of bass and treble is controlled by P054 in the service program. Both channels are adjusted synchronically.

Keys "1" resp. "7" change bass, key "4" mean value for bass.

Keys "3" resp. "9" change treble, key "6" mean value for treble.

The necessary adjustment mainly depends on the acoustics of the environment of the phonograph.

A maximum treble response is only necessary in strongly damped rooms.

## 5 Stereo / mono switch

The mode switch S1 is located on the CB CENTRAL UNIT. With it you can settle different operational modes for accoustic irradiation of the crivironment.

Table 3: Stereo / mono switch of Central Unit

Switch S1:	•
Position	Operational Mode .
MONO	e.g. for separated volume control in different rooms
STEREO	normal mode
S-STEREO	base wide function

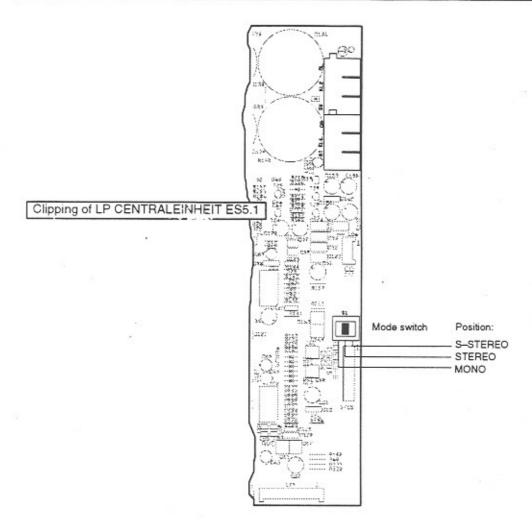


Figure 43: Mode switch S1 on the CB CENTRAL UNIT ES5.1

## 3.11.3. Repair Assistance CB CENTRAL UNIT ES5.1

## 1 Malfunction: No sound, no output power

It is assumed that:

- LED 1-5 and LED 7 light with the same intensity if the power supply is o.k.
- a CD is being played on the CD player
- normal volume has been set in program step P 053 to "31" (maximum)

LED 7 is dark: REL 1 is down, loudspeakers are off. The constant voltage level of >1V is at the loudspeaker output. Verify at L1 resp. against GND on which channel the constant voltage is located. Replace MOSFET-transistors T20 /T22 resp. T21 /T23.

LED 5 is dark: SI 1; SI 2 defective, ±50V supply or MOSFET-transistors defective.

#### 2 Setting of static current

After exchange of MOSFET-transistors the static current has to be controlled. The value of the static current depends on the value of the operating voltage (U/2). Measurement takes place with source resistors R163 and R164 respectively R190 and R191 in cold state at volume level = "0".

If necessary correct the value of the measured direct voltage using trimmer R175 respectively R200 according to the following table.

operating voltage (U/2)	measured value	tolerance
44 V=	0,2 mV	+/-0,05 mV
46 V=	0,5 mV	+/-0,1 mV
48 V=	i,0 mV	+/-0,2 mV
50 V=	2,0 mV	+/-0,4 mV

Note:

Do not perform the adjustement of the static current if the operating voltage is less than 44V=.

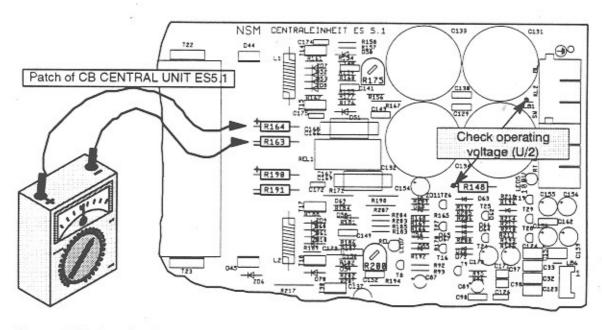


Figure 44: Setting of static current

## 3 Audio signal tracing

The audio signal arriving at plug ST 7 is to be traced according to table. Probably the error cause may be detected on the signal path preceding the point of interruption of the signal.

Table 4: Audio signal tracing

NF-Signal point	Error cause when signal fails	
IC1, Pin 1 resp. Pin 28	IC 3- C48/ C52	
IC 1, Pin 5 resp. PIN 24	IC 1	
IC 1, Pin 6 resp. PIN 23	IC 2 (AVC)	
IC 1, Pin 13 resp. PIN 16	IC 1	
IC 4, Pin 1 resp. PIN 7	IC 4, T12, T13	
T14 /T15 / T17 / T18 (collector)	the respective transistor	
L1/L2	T20 /T22 or T21 / T23	

For the location of the signal points refer to the figure 44, page 31.

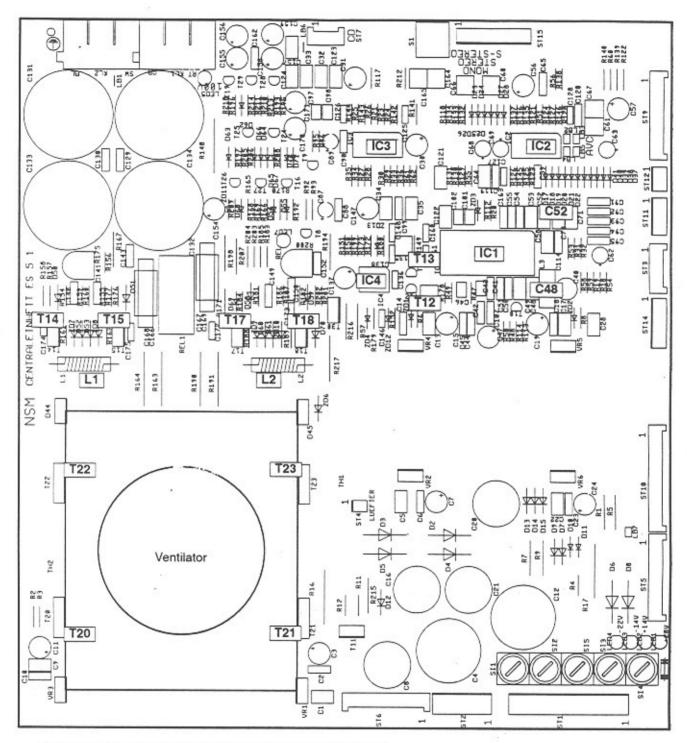
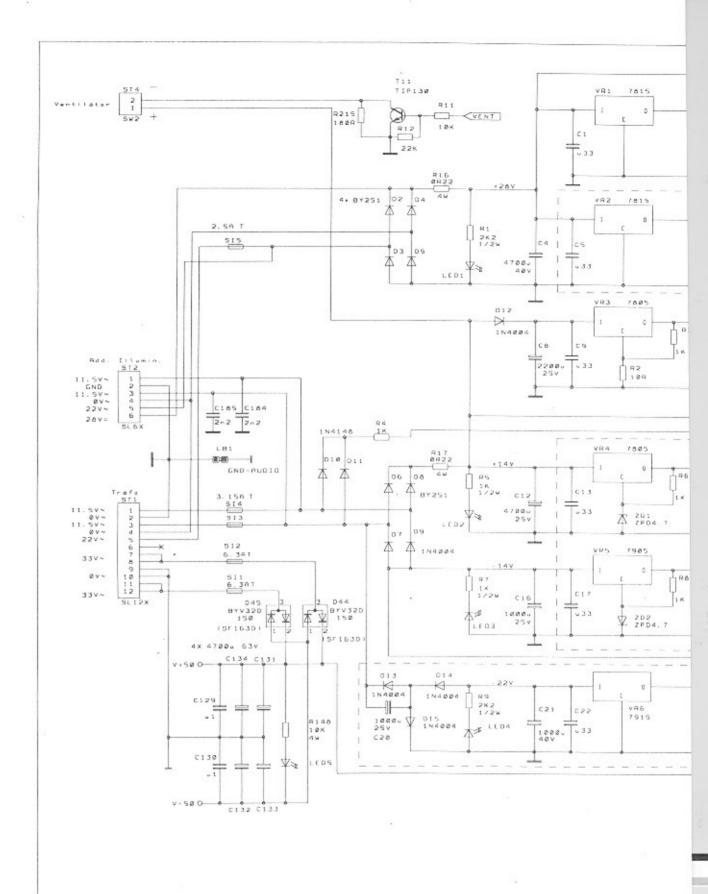
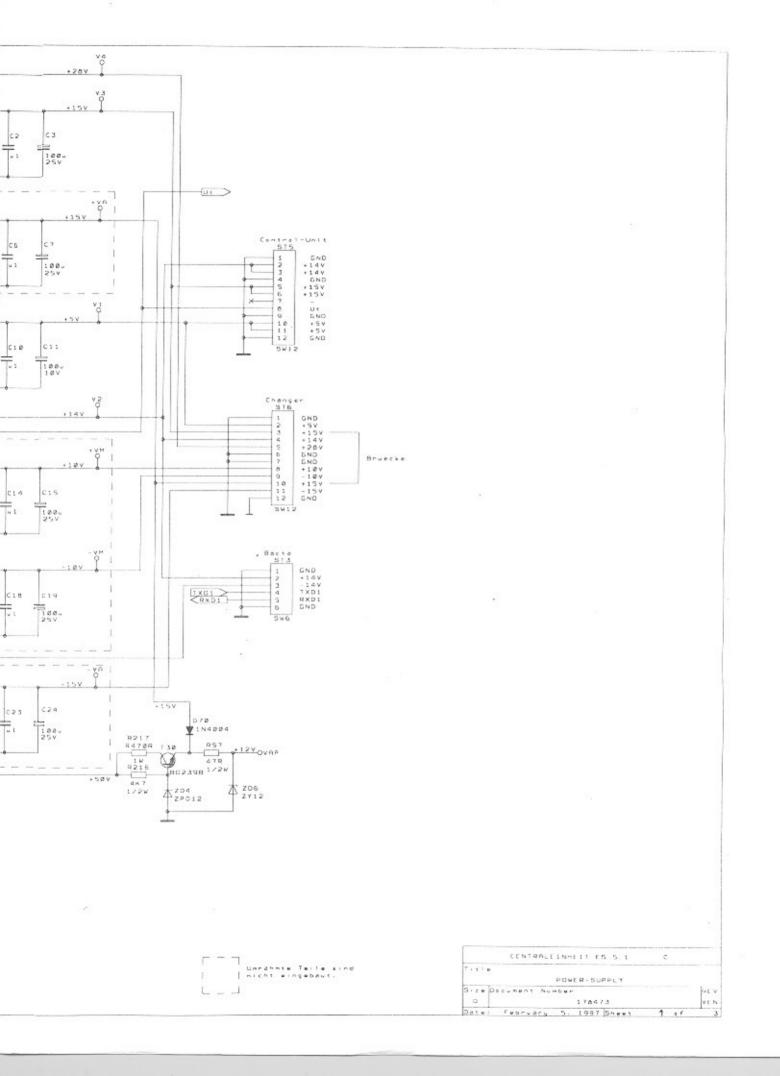
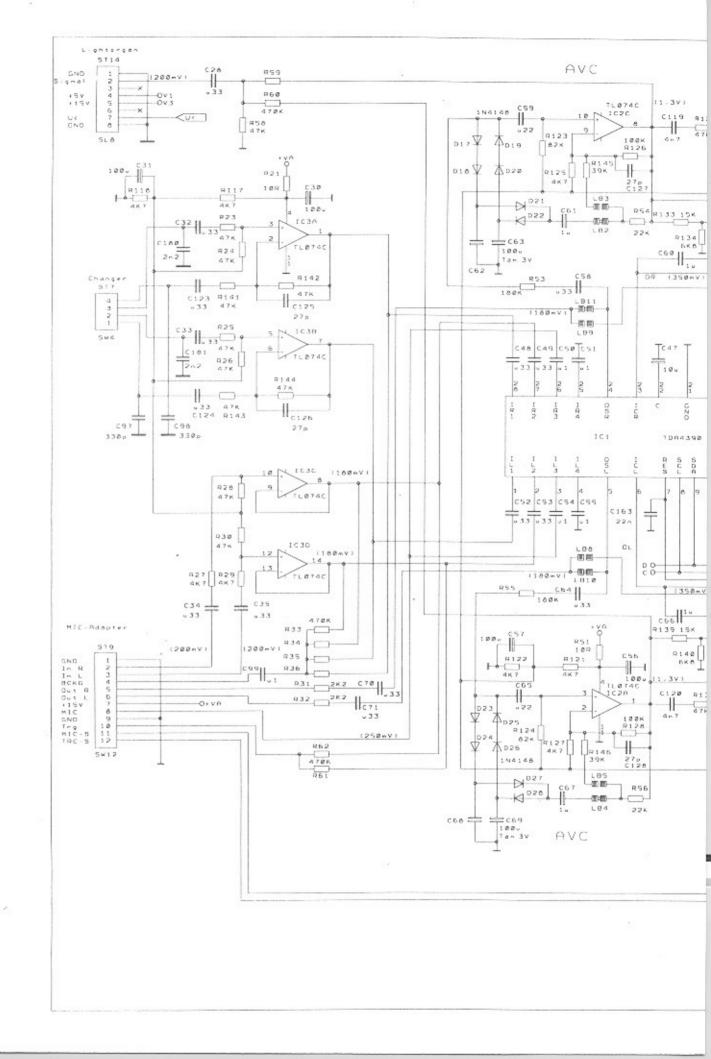
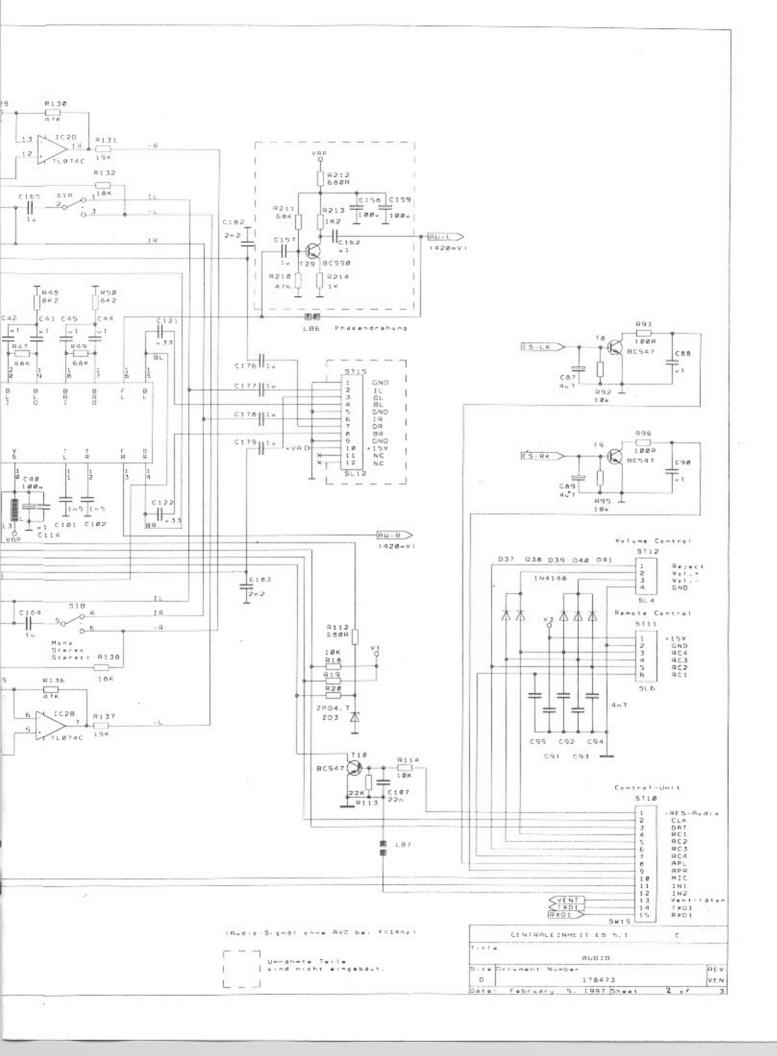


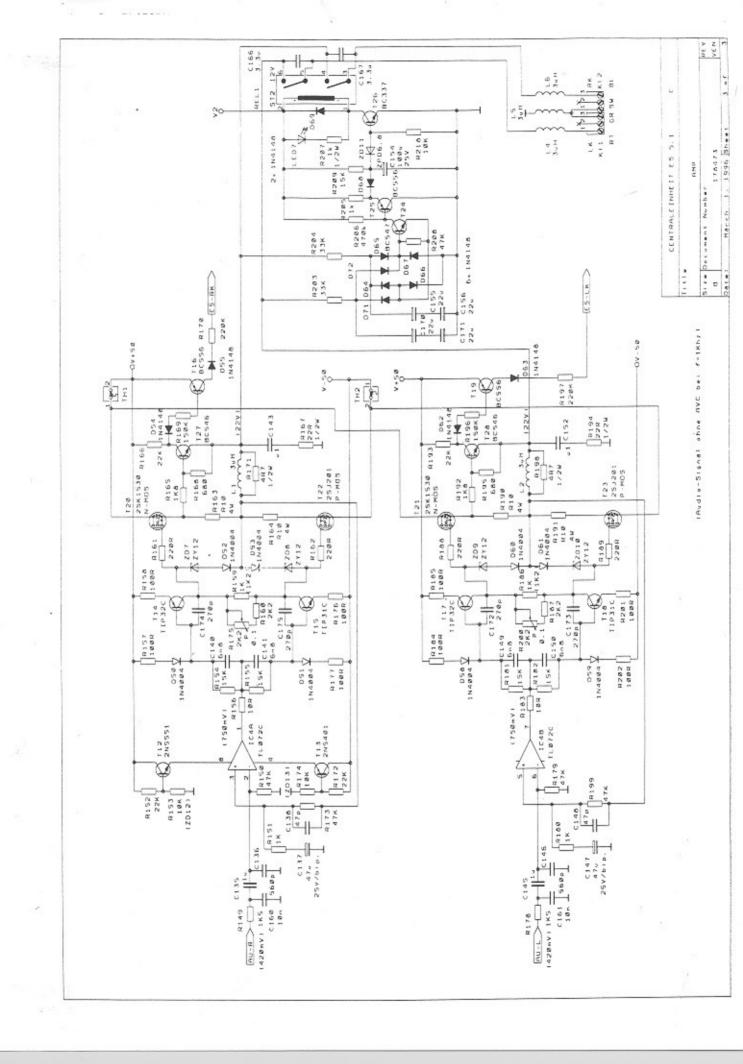
Figure 45: NF-signal points in the CB CENTRAL UNIT ES5.1

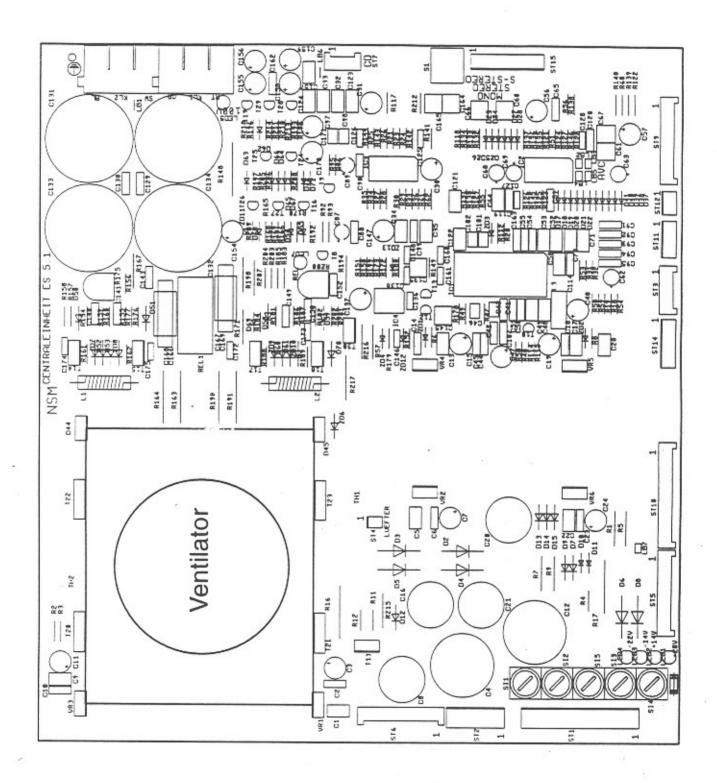


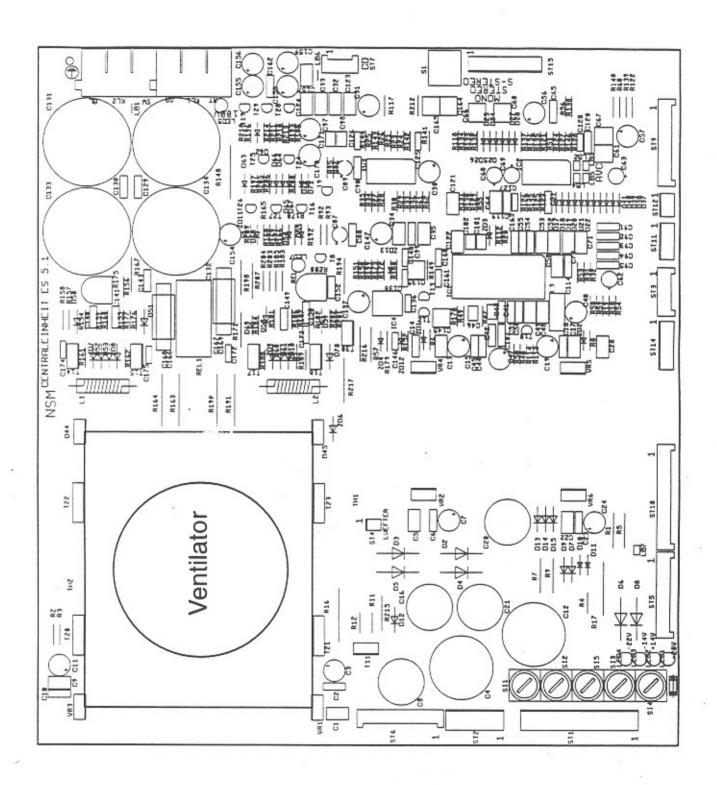












Pos.	Part-No.	Description	Data	Quantity
	178 972*	Central Unit ES5.1 / 50 Hz MBC III, complete		1
	235 137	Cap	50 Hz	5
Si5	225 538	G-fuse	T2,5A	1
Si3, Si4	225 029	G-fuse	T3,15A	2
Si1, Si2	225 374	G-fuse	T6,3A	2
	178 973	Central Unit ES5.1 / 60 Hz MBC III, complete		1
	235 138	Cap	60 Hz	5
Si5	225 222	G-fuse	2.5A / 250V	1
Si3, Si4	225 225	G-fuse	3,2A / 250V	2
Si1, Si2	225 218	G-fuse	6,25A / 250V	2
		Central Unit ES5.1-MBC III		1
Si1=Si5	235 136	G-fuse		5
L3	220 488	HF-Ballast	*Ferrit*	1
L1.L2. L4-6	220 387	Ballast	3μΗ, 19ΜΩ	5
REL1	223 453	HD-Relay	ST2 12V	1
S1	222 550	Slide switch		1
TH1,TH2	222 485	Temperature guide		2
	177 440	Ventilator, complete		1
ST4	225 441	Plug connector	2 poles	1
ST12	225 418	Plug connector	4 poles	1
ST2	235 042	Plug connector	6 poles	1
ST11	225 443	Plug connector	6 poles	1
ST14	225 444	Plug connector	8 poles	. 1
ST1	235 045	Plug connector	12 poles	1
ST7	225 651	Pin plug	4 poles	1
ST3	225 711	Pin plug	6 poles	1
ST5,6,9	225 714	Pin plug	12 poles	3
ST10	225 656	Pin plug	15 poles	1
KL1,KL2	225 422	Clamping bar	3 poles	2
VR1	112 976	IC-voltage regulator	15 V/1,5 A	1
VR3	112 974	IC-voltage regulator	5 V/1 A	1
IC1	222 447	IC-socket	28polig	1
IC1	231 540	IC-linear	TDA 4390	1
IC2,IC3	231 355	IC-linear	L 074CN	2
IC4	231 692	IC-linear	TL 072C	1
D	221 114	Si-diode	1N4148	31
D	221 115	Si-diode	1N4004	12
D2-D6, D8	221 463	Si-diode	BY 251	6
LED1-3,5,7	231 475	LED	LTL-4223021	5
ZD3	231 079	Zener-diode	ZPD 4,7	1
ZD11	231 410	Zener-diode	ZPD 6,8	1
ZD4	221 512	Zener-diode	ZPD12	1
ZD6-10	221 406	Zener-diode	ZY12	5
D44.45	177 703	Double diode	SF163D	2

<sup>\*</sup> Exchange unit

Pos .	Part-No.	Description	Data		Quantity
•					
Continuati	ion: Central U	nit ES5.1-MBC III			
Т30	221 883	Si-Transistor	BD 239B		1
T26	221 332	Si-Transistor	NPN BC 3	37-16	1
T27,28	221 485	Si-Transistor	NPN BC 5	46B.	2
T8-10.24	221 757	Si-Transistor	NPN BC 5	47B	4
T16,19,25	221 459	Si-Transistor	PNP BC 5	56B	3
T11	231 150	Si-Transistor	NPN TIP1	30	1
T13	231 693	Si-Transistor	PNP 2N54	101	1
T12	231 694	Si-Transistor	NPN 2N 5	551	1
722.23	231 695	MOS-Transistor	2SJ 201		2
T20.21	231 696	MOS-Transistor	2SK1530		2
T15.18	231 697	Darlington-Transistor	NPN TIP3	1C	2
T14,17	231 698	Darlington-Transistor	NPN TIP3		2
		Durington Transistor	14114 111 5	20	
R93,96,157. 177,184,185					
R202.	231 815	MetResistance	100 Ω	0,34W	10
R161,162.	201010	mot. Trodictarico	100 34	0,0411	10
188,189	231 816	MetResistance	220 Ω	0,34W	4
R112,	001 017	Mot Desistance	0000	0.04141	
R168,195	231 817	MetResistance	680Ω	0,34W	3
R165,192	231 814	MetResistance	1,8ΚΩ	0,34W	2
R2,21.51,					
156,183	221 611	Resistance	10 Ω	0,34W	5
R3.4.151.18	0				
R205	221 029	Resistance	1ΚΩ	0,34W	5
R159,186	221 627	Resistance	1,2ΚΩ	0,34W	2
R149,178	221 030	Resistance	1,5ΚΩ	0,34W	2
R31,32,160			•		
R187	221 031	Resistance	2,2ΚΩ	0,34W	4
R27.29.117.					
R118.121.					
	27 221 034	Resistance	4,7ΚΩ	0,34W	8
R134,140	221 607	Resistance	6.8ΚΩ	0,34W	2
R48.50	221 172	Resistance	8,2ΚΩ	0,34W	2
140,50	221 1/2	riosistanos	0,2114	0,0411	-
R11,18-20,9	92,95,				
R114					
153,174,218	221 035	Resistance	10ΚΩ	0,34W	10
R131,133,13	37,139,				
R154,155.18	81				
R182,209	221 036	Resistance	15ΚΩ	0,34W	9
R132,138	221 501	Resistance	18ΚΩ	0,34W	2
R12.54,56.1	13,152,			48353800077	
	93, 221 604	Resistance	22ΚΩ	0,34W	8
R203,204	221 037	Resistance	33ΚΩ	0,34W	2
R145,146	221 623	Resistance	39ΚΩ	0,34W	2
Dog. oc oc :	20 50 100 100 1				
R23-26,28.3 136,141-14	30, 58,129,130,1 4,150,173	35,			
	221 038	Resistance	47ΚΩ	0,34W	20

Pos.	Part-No.	Description	Data		Quantity
Continuation	n: Central U	Init ES5.1-MBC III			
47,49.	221 629	Resistance	68KΩ	0,34W	
123.124	221 044	Resistance	82KΩ	0,34W	
126,128	221 048	Resistance	100ΚΩ	0,34W	
169,196	221 045	Resistance	150ΚΩ	0,34W	
53.55	221 605	Resistance	180ΚΩ	0,34W	
170,197	221 609	Resistance	220ΚΩ	0,34W	
33-36,59-62				0,0111	
206	221 049	Resistance	470ΚΩ	0,34W	
215	231 144	Resistance	180Ω	0,5W	
171,198	231 700	Resistance	4,7 Ω	0,5W	
167,194	221 865	Resistance	22 Ω	0,5W	
57	221 161	Resistance	47 Ω	0,5W	
5.7.207	221 183	Resistance	1KΩ	0,5W	
1	221 184	Resistance			
	221 397	Resistance	2,2ΚΩ	0,5W	
216	221 397	nesistance	4,7ΚΩ	0,5W	
163,164,		770	5 32 00000	10000	
190,191	231 204	Wire resistor	0,1 Ω	4W	
16,17	231 176	Wire resistor	0,22 Ω	4W	
217	221 276	Wire resistor	470 Ω	1W	
148	231 699	Wire resistor	9,1ΚΩ	4W	
175,200	221 305	Trimmer potentiometer	2,2KΩ Lin.	0,1W	
125-128	220 266	Ceramic capacitor	27pF	400V	
138,148	220 181	Ceramic capacitor	47pF	400V	
97,98	220 274	Ceramic capacitor	330pF	400V	
136,146	220 241	Ceramic capacitor	560pF	400V	
172-175	220 185	Ceramic capacitor	270pF	400V	
180-185	220 231	Ceramic capacitor	2200pF	400V	
91-95,119,120	220 341	Ceramic capacitor	4700pF	100V	
101,102	220 496	Ceramic capacitor	1,5nF		
140,141,149,150	220 534	Ceramic capacitor	6,8nF	63V	
160,161	220 425	MKT-capacitor	0,01µF	100V	
107,163	220 335	MKT-capacitor	0,022µF	63V	
	50,, 51,54,55,88,90		0,022μΓ	031	
	220 334	MKT-capacitor	0,1µF	63V	
129,130,143,152 59,65	220 333	MKT-capacitor	0,7μF 0,22μF	63V	
	9,, C52,53,58,64,7		0,22μΓ	031	
121-124	220 332	MKT-capacitor	0,33µF	63V	3.5
0,61,66,67,135,1	45,	,	o jour ju		
164,165,176-179	220 535	MKT-capacitor	1µF	63V	1
166,167	220 460	MKT-capacitor	3,3µF	63V	
62,63,68,69	220 243	Tantal-capacitor	100μF	зV	
87.89	220 159	Electrolytic-capacitor	4,7μF	63V	
47	220 162	Electrolytic-capacitor	10μF	63V	
155,156,170,171	220 317	Electrolytic-capacitor	22μF	63V	
11	220 160	Electrolytic-capacitor	100µF	10V	
1,30,31,	220 100	2.30th of the Gapacitor	Ιούμι	100	
0,56,57,154	220 250	Electrolytic-capacitor	100μF	25V	
6	220 281	Electrolytic-capacitor	1000μF	25V	
	220 283	Electrolytic-capacitor	2200µF	25V	
	220 286	Electrolytic-capacitor	4700µF	25V	***
12	220 287	Electrolytic-capacitor  Electrolytic-capacitor		40V	
4			4700µF		
131-134	220 436	Electrolytic-capacitor	4700µF	63V	
137,147	220 553	Electrolytic-capacitor bipolar	4,7µF	25V	

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## 3.12. Functional description of the CB CONTROL UNIT ES V

The microprocessor (IC 1) on the CONTROL UNIT is the central control chip of the phonograph. It drives, controls, and monitors all functions of the appliance, e.g. display, keyboard, coin mechanism, title display, sound, and volume as well as the drive of the CD changer.

The control unit is equipped with a battery-buffered RAM IC 5 (battery-RAM) including a real time clock. The selected titles, credits, and actual adjustments of sound and volume are stored in this RAM.

With the service programs several adjustments can be programmed and stored. E.g. specific parameters, prices for titles to be played, monetary settings, free credits, background music, autoplay, lock—out titles, and so on.

The integrated real time clock allows to activate several functions automatically depending on the actual date and time.

Within the RAM of the control unit voluminous statistic counters are stored. They can be evaluated with help of the service programs. They also can be printed out on the DATA PRINT. Statistical data are e.g.

popularity of the CDs
hitparade
cash box
counters of coin mechanism
selected or played titles or albums
autoplays
free credits
background titles
advertisement titles

Additionally the last 20 error reports are stored in an error stack with date and time of occurrance in case of a malfunction of the phonograph. This stack can be evaluated and printed out for diagnostics.

In case that the CB CONTROL UNIT or the memory chips located on it have to be exchanged all parameters mentioned above have to be programmed anew.

Therefore it is adviseable to note down the programming of the phonograph.

The new CB CONTROL UNIT resp. the new memory chip simply can be reprogrammed with these parameters.

# 3.12.1. Test routines for the CB CONTROL UNIT

The input test checks all input ports and shows the results in a matrix on display 3. The test can be stopped by pressing "C".

0:

Start input test (display 2 briefly shows F7)

Enter: P 156 H 0

i.e. key switch operated:



The 4 digits of displays are used as follows:

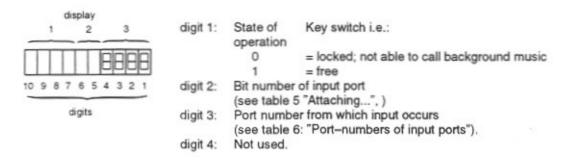
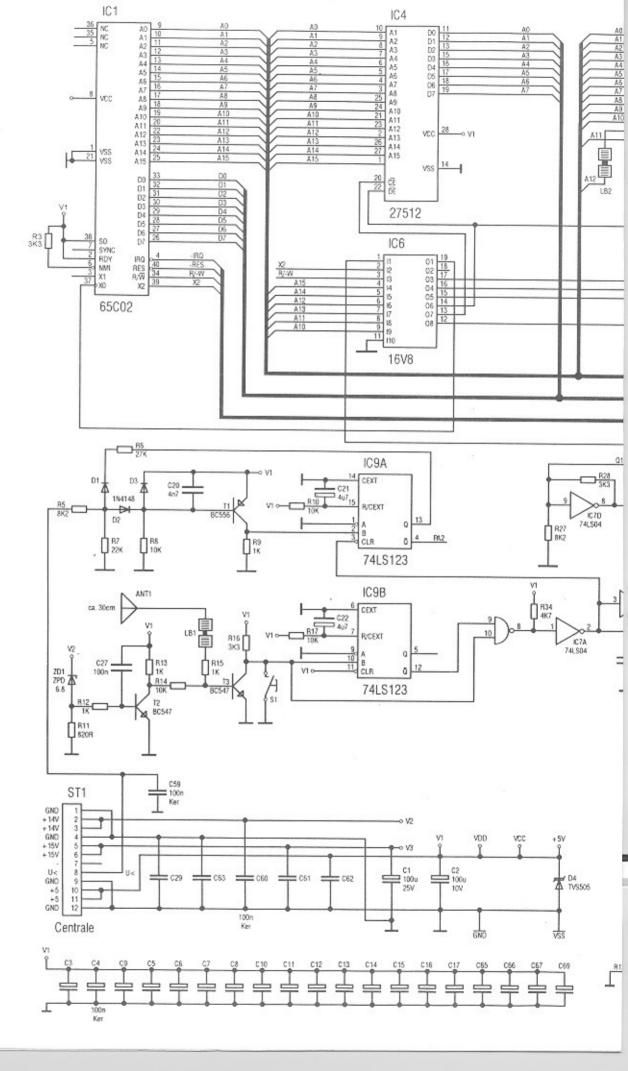


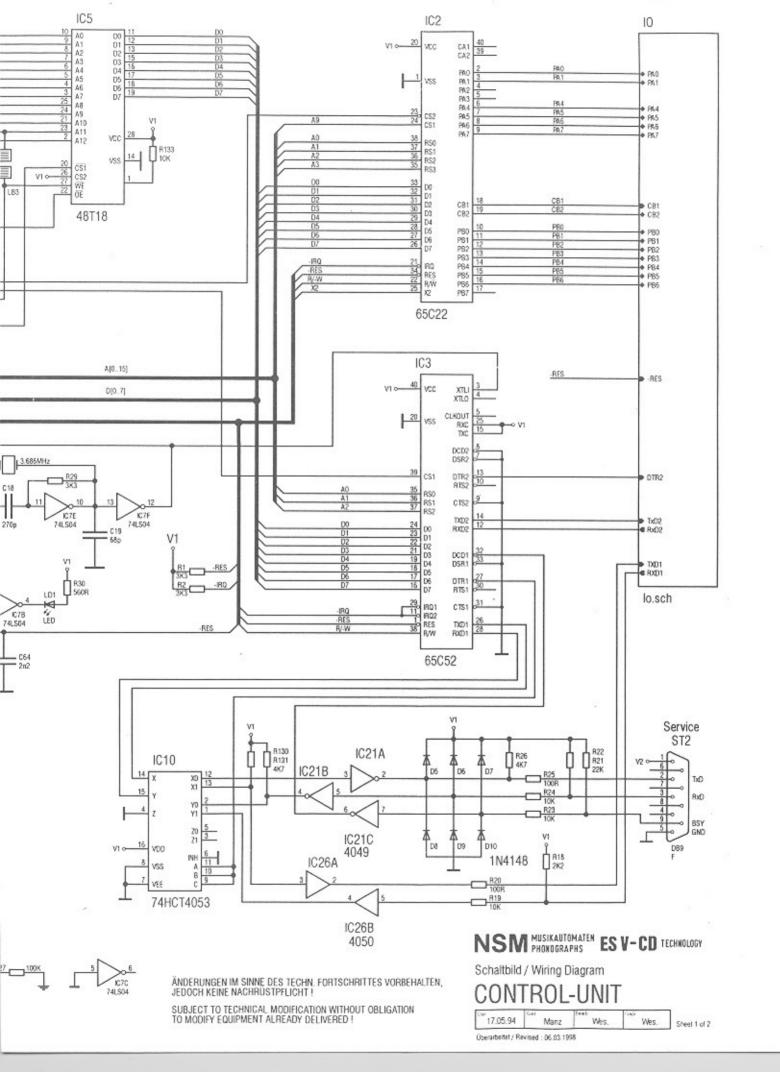
Table 5: Attaching of bit numbers to input ports

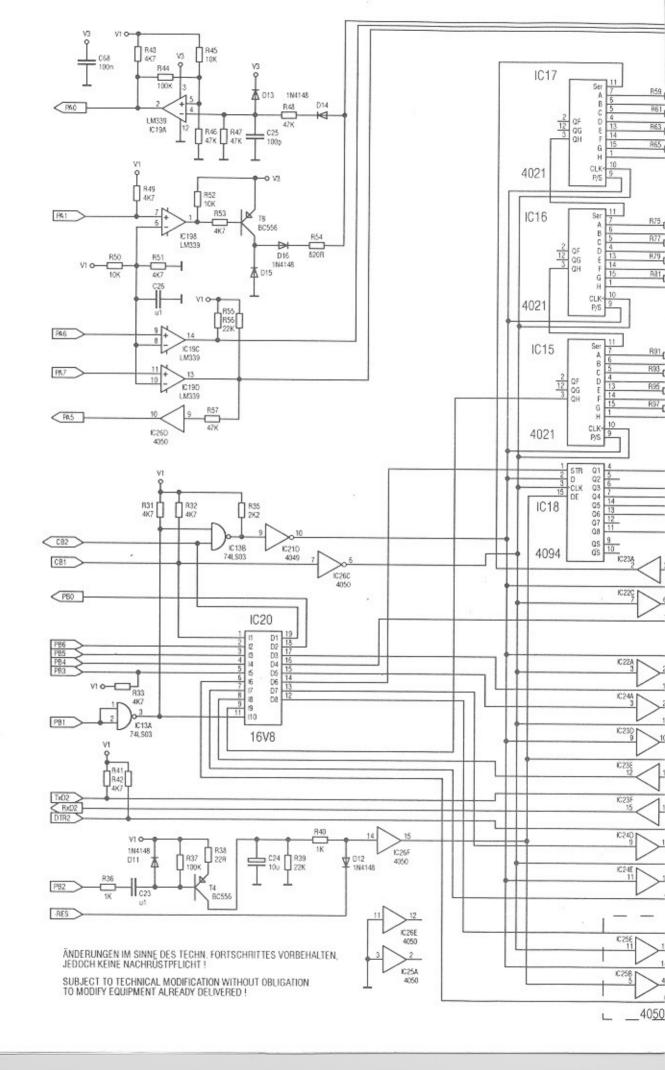
Bit number	corresponds to wirir diagram "Control Ur
0	signal line A
1	В
2	С
3	D
4	E
5	F
6	G
7	Н

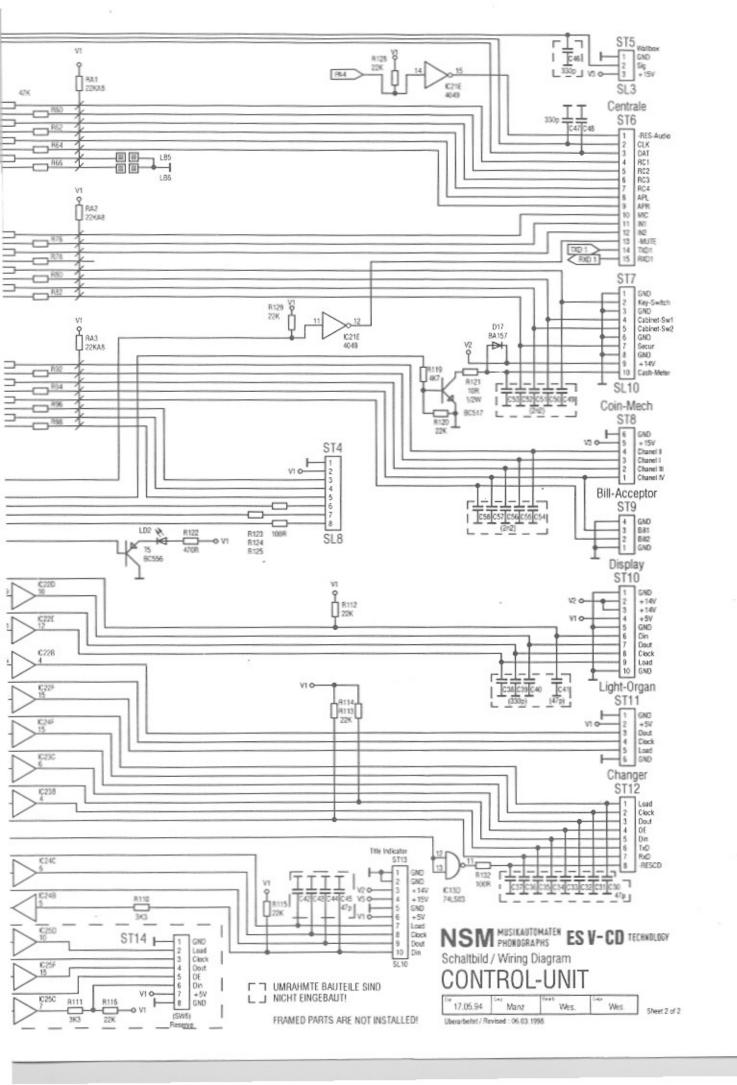
Table 6: Port-numbers of input ports

Port number	name of input port	
0	Control Unit (IC15)	
1	Control Unit (IC16)	
2	Control Unit (IC17)	
3	Key pad	
4	Title display (IC1)	
5	Not used	
6	Pickup driver (IC3)	

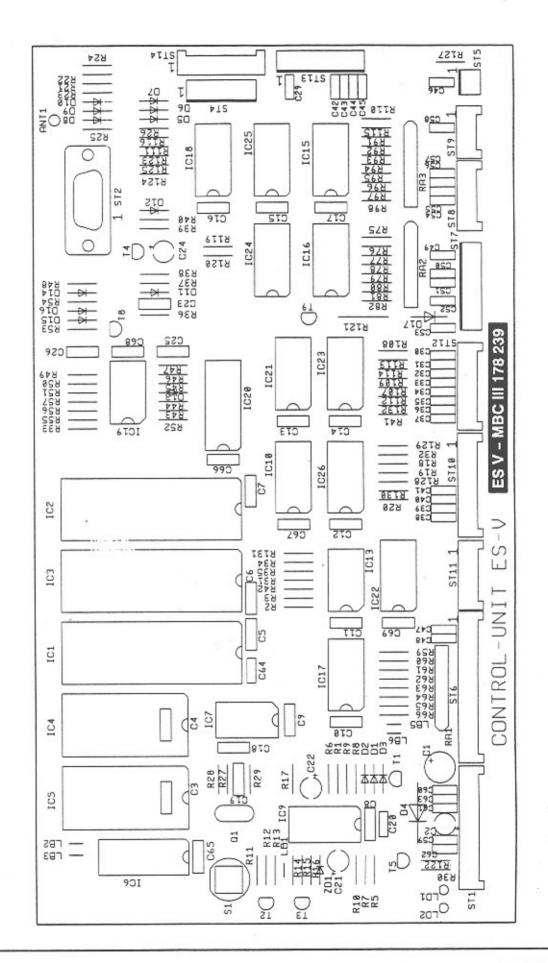








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	*							
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						*		
						20	•	
The following pag	es contain the i	necessary s	spare parts	s list for th	e CB CON	TROL UNIT ES	V-MBC	III.



Pos .	Part-No.	Description	Data	Quantity
	178 239 *	CB-CONTROL UNIT ES V-MBC III, complete		1
	250 311	Profile	251 mm long	1
ST9	225 651	Pin plug	4 poles	1
ST 8	225 652	Pin plug	6 poles	1
ST 11	225 992	Pin plug red	6 poles	1
ST 12	225 653	Pin plug	8 poles	1
ST 10	225 654	Pin plug	10 poles	1
ST 1	225 655	Pin plug	12 poles	1
ST 6	225 656	Pin plug	15 poles	1
ST5	225 439	Plug connector	3 poles	1
ST 7, 13	225 440	Plug connector	10 poles	2
ST 2	225 828	D-Sub-connector	9 poles	1
Q 1	231 621	Oszillator quartz	3,6864 MHz	1
IC 6	176 397	IC-PAL, programmed	DECO 1.0	1
IC 20	176 561	IC-PAL, programmed	MUX 1.0	1
	000 447	IO Coolest for IOA IOE	00	
0.2000	222 447	IC-Socket for IC4, IC5	28 poles	2
IC 4 IC 5	178 238 231 497	IC-Memory, programmed IC-Memory	M48T18-150PC1	1
	222 448	IC-Socket for IC1, 2, 3	40 poles	3
IC 1	231 412	IC-Microprocessor	R65C02P2	1
IC 2	231 414	IC-Microprocessor	R65C22P2	i
IC 3	231 462	IC-Microprocessor	R65C52P3	1
IC 13	221 525	IC-Logic	74LS03	1
IC 7	221 652	· IC-Logic	74LS04	1
IC 9	221 792	IC-J ogle	74LS123	1
IC 10	231 339	IC-Logic	HCT4053	1
IC 15-17	221 763	IC-Logic	HEF4021B	3
IC 21	221 541	IC-Logic	F4049BC	1
IC 22-24,26	221 810	IC-Logic	HEF4050BP	4
IC 18	221 771	IC-Logic	HEF4094B	1
IC 19	221 813	IC-Linear	LM 339 N	1
D 1-3,				
D5-16	221 114	Si-Diode	1N4148	15
D 17	221 822	Si–Diode	1N4936RL	1
D 4	221 539	Transzorb-Diode	ICTE-5	1
ZD 1	231 601	Zener-Diode	ZPD 7,5	1
LD 1, 2	231 475	LED	LTL-4223021	2
T 2, 3	221 757	Si–Transistor	NPN BC 547B	2
T9	221 492	Si–Transistor	NPN BC 517	1
T1,4,5,8	221 459	Si–Transistor	PNP BC 556B	4

<sup>\*</sup> Exchange unit

Continuation	: LP-Contr	ol-Unit ESV-MBC III				
C3,4,9,29,60-63		Ceramic capacitor		0,1 μF	63V	8
C3,4,9,29,80-63 C19	220 242	Ceramic capacitor		68 pF	400V	1
7/107	220 242	Ceramic capacitor		100 pF	400V	1
C25	220 185	Ceramic capacitor		270 pF	400V	1
C18	220 165	Ceramic capacitor		120 pF	400V	2
C47,48 C37,64	220 231	Ceramic capacitor		2200 pF	63V	2
C20	220 435	KT-capacitor		4700 pF	63V	1
C5-8,10-17,23,						
C26,27,28 65-69	220 334	MKT-capacitor		0,1 μF	63V	21
C21, 22	220 159	Electrolytic capacitor		4,7 μF	63V	2
C24	220 162	Electrolytic capacitor		10 μF	63V	1
C2	220 160	Electrolytic capacitor		100 μF	10V	1
C1	220 250	Electrolytic capacitor		100 μF	25V	1
R38	221 620	Resistance		22 Ω	0,34W	1
R20.25,						
R123-125,132	221 600	Resistance		100 Ω	0,34W	6
R122	221 099	Resistance		470 Ω	0,34W	1
R30	221 621	Resistance		560 Ω	0,34W	1
R11,54	221 622	Resistance		820 Ω	0,34W	2
R9,	004 000	Desistance		1 ΚΩ	0.24141	
R12,13,15,36,40		Resistance		2.2 ΚΩ	0,34W 0,34W	2
R18,35	221 031	Resistance		2,2 152	0,3444	2
R1-3,16, R28,29,108-110	221 033	Recistance		3.3 ΚΩ	0.34W	9
			-			
R26, 31-34,41-4	13.					
R49,51,53,119,	004 004	Desistence		4710	0.2414/	4.4
R130,131	221 034	Resistance		4,7 ΚΩ	0,34W	14
R5,27	221 172	Resistance		8,2 KΩ	0,34W	4
R8,10,14,19,23,						
R24,45,46,50,		12 NOTE:			0.0444	
R52,107,133	221 035	Resistance		10 KΩ	0,34W	12
R7,21,22,39,55,						
R56,112-115.	004 004	Desistance		20 10	0.24 W	40
R120, 128,129	221 604	Resistance		22 KΩ	0,34 W	13
R6	221 601	Resistance		27 ΚΩ	0,34 W	1
R47,48,57,59-66 75-82,91-98,13		Resistance		47 ΚΩ	0,34 W	28
		Resistance		100 ΚΩ	0,34 W	- 4
R17,37,44,127	221 273	Resistance		10 Ω	0,5 W	- 1
R121	221213	Desistance		10 36	0,0 11	,

# 3.13. Functional description of display and keyboard

# 3.13.1. Display

The multi-functional display with the integrated 12-button keyboard is the communication medium of the NSM phonograph. The juke box issues messages concerning instantaneous functions and malfunctions via the different displays and lamps. The keyboard waits for different inputs corresponding to input request.

Therefore the display serves as a display for a hitparade in normal operating mode (stand-by) respectively for the remaining credits and the CD played at that moment (normal operating mode).

In the service mode the program steps and the counts of a counter are indicated as well as programmed register contents and error messages.

The display is operated in multiplex—method. The shift registers IC 301 to IC 303 are the output—ports for the controlling means of the display. The segment information for each case 1 digit is provided with IC 302 and IC 303 via the driver IC 308 and IC 309. The transformers T 301 to 305, triggered by IC 307 via 301, connect the respectively multiplex—level for the duration of 4 ms. The resistors R 332 to R 345 limit the segment—voltage. The lamps L1 to L5 are statically triggered via IC 307, Pin 12, Pin 14 and IC 306, Pin 10, 11, 12. The resistors R 325 to 329 limit the current at make. The load signal for the output—shift register is controlled by the circuit IC 306, Pin 4 and 13; R 306; C 303; D 301. During the time of the load impuls the display is darkly touched (avoidance of cross—talk). C 303 is discharged via D 301 and IC 306, Pin 13. The OE of IC 301 to IC 303 will be LOW and therefore inactive. Is the load—signal off, OE will be inactive via R 305. Capacitor 302 avoids a short flash of the digits after connecting.

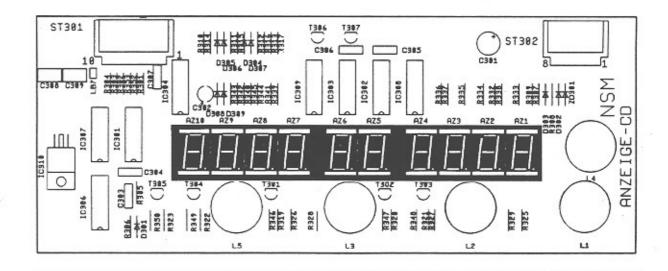
# 3.13.2. Keyboard

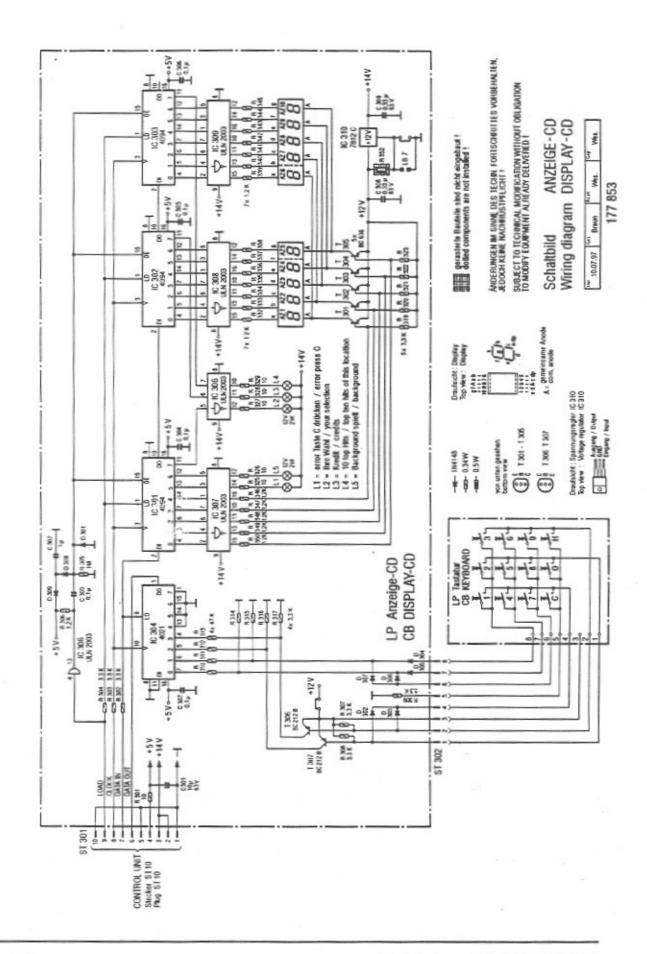
The 12-button keyboard still has more functions.

In normal operating mode the keyboard serves to select titles and to reverse to hitparade (key H) respectively to correct input errors (key C). See also the following figure. In service mode the different command numbers are put in via keyboard or the control commands for the lift alignments are given.

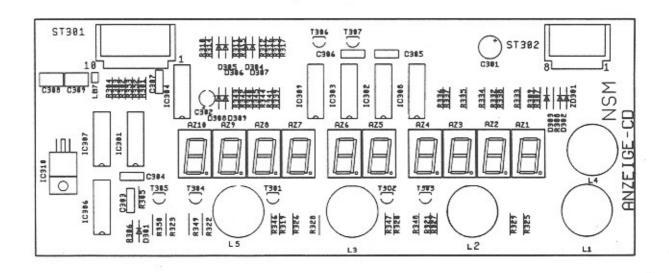
IC 304 is an input-port for the keyboard which is connected with plug ST 302. The circuit with the diodes D 302-307 and the transistors T 306, T 307 codes the keyboard-matrix to a 4-bit signal combination. The keyboard can only be changed entirely.

# 3.13.3. Printed board of CB Display





Pos .	Part-No.	Description	Data		Quantity
	173 664	CB-DISPLAY-CD, complete			1
ST 302	225 663	Pin plug	8 poles		1
ST 301	225 664	Pin plug	10 poles		1
AZ 1-10	231 416	Display	TD SL 515	0	10
	176 413	Tubus			1
IC 310	221 573	IC-voltage regulator	12 V / 1 A		1
IC 301-303	221 771	IC-Logic	HEF 4094	В	3
IC 304	221 763	IC-Logic	HEF 4021	В	1
IC 306-309	221 497	IC-Linear	ULN 2003	A	4
D301-309	221 114	Si–Diode	1 N 4148		9
T 301–305	231 240	Si-Transistor	BC 636 F		5
T 306, 307	221 283	Si-Transistor	PNP BC 2	12 B	2
C 301	220 162	Electrolytic capacitor	10 μF	63 V	1
C 302	220 249	Electrolytic capacitor	1 μF	63 V	1
C 303-307	220 334	MKT-capacitor	0,1 µF	63 V	5
C 308, 309	220 332	MKT-capacitor	0,33 μF	63 V	2
R 301	221 611	Resistance	10 Ω	0,34 W	1
R 306, 332-356		Resistance	1,2 ΚΩ	0,34 W	20
R 302-304,307			30770.070		10000
309,314-317,					
319-323, 354	221 033	Resistance	3,3 KΩ	0,34 W	16
R 310-313	221 038	Resistance	47 KΩ	0,34 W	4
R 305	221 009	Resistance	1 ΜΩ	0,34 W	1
R 325–329	231 366	MetResistance	10 Ω	0,34 W	5
L 1-5	225 533	Lamp socket			5
	226 056	Lamps	12 V-15 V	2 W	5



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# Technical Description MBC III-TOP

CD-Changer for NSM Phonographs

# 1. General description

The MBCIII is a CD changer for 100 audio CDs altogether. The device is equipped with a professionnal CD player and is constructed especially for the NSM phonograph.

It contains 2 compact CD magazines with trays for each 50 CDs with 12 cm diameter in which the CDs are kept dustfree. The magazines are easy to remove; the CDs can be exchanged comfortably and without any problem. Via the trays they are being transported carefully to the CD player, where they are being played contactlessly.

The MBCIII contains an autonomic controller which controls and surveys all functions. Via a serial interface it communicates with the control unit of the phonograph, exchanging commands and status requests.

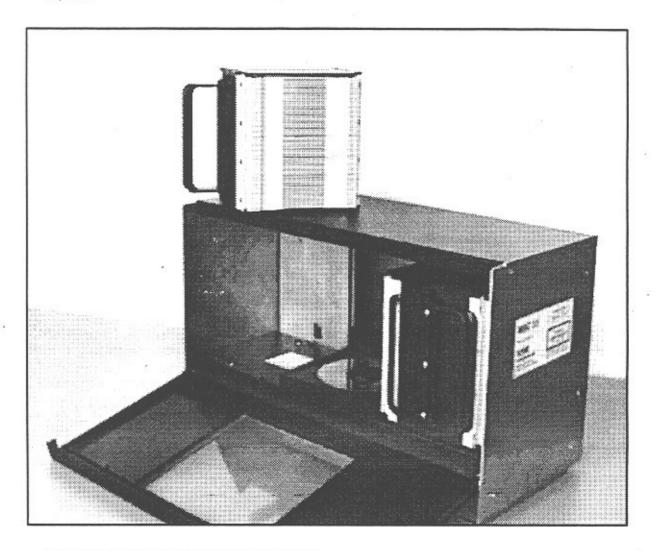


Figure 1: General view to the CD changer MBC III

# 2. Functional description

The following description refers to the frontal view to the CD changer, that means view to the magazines.

# 2.1 Function of the changer mechanism

The function of the changer is based on the following motors and sensors.

#### Motors:

- MoLift= Stepper motor for lift movement
- MoGr= Stepper motor for grip movement
- MaGr= Selector motor for right side or left side access of the grip

#### Sensors

- sLift= Optocoupler for lift synchronization
- Encoder= Optical encoder for controlling the motor "MoLift"
- sGrl= Optocoupler for grip synchronization "Inner"
- sGrO= Optocoupler for grip synchronization "Outer"
- sGrL= Optocoupler for controlling the motor "MaGr" left
- sGrR= Optocoupler for controlling the motor "MaGr" right

#### 2.1.1 Lift

The lift is driven by two lift shafts and moved up and down by the motor "MoLift" via two synchronous running belts.

Inside the lift there are no electrical drivers or sensors. All necessary electrical components are placed beneath the bottom plate (lower supporting plate).

Both lift shafts are arranged turnably and are grooved for transmitting the motor turnings to the grips and the grip access.

An eventual hindrance to or a malfunction of the lift are surveyed by the optical "Encoder".

This encoder is built up with an optocoupler and a diaphragm with 100 slits and is directly mounted on the shaft of the motor "MoLift". So every stepping error can be detected.

When the lift is moved down to the home position at the bottom of the appliance another diaphragm will darken the optocoupler "sLift" (CB OPTO). So this optocoupler can serve for synchronising the lift motor.

The upper part (cover) of the lift contains a stretching cone with an integrated toric magnet in order to press the CD on the turntable of the player. When a CD is being played no mechanical pressure is effected on the player.

## 2.1.2 Grip

Inside the lift there are 2 gripper. They are moved in opposite direction by the "right lift leading shaft" driven by the stepper motor "MoGr". The gripper can take the positions "Inner" (tray in lift) or "Outer" (tray not in lift). Depending on the position of the switch inside the lift and during rotation of motor "MoGr" one grip (left or right) at a time engages in the groove of the tray after leaving the switch; the attached tray is transported into resp. out of the lift.

The two optocouplers "sGrl" (grip position Inner) and "sGrO" (grip position Outer) are used to synchronize the grip motor. The corresponding diaphragm (a lever) is coupled with the shift linkage. In position "Inner" the optocoupler "sGrl" and in position "Outer" the optocoupler "sGrO" will be darkened.

All optocouplers are positioned on the CB OPTO.

## 2.1.3 Grip access

The grip access selection to a tray (left hand or right hand) is defined by the position of motor "MaGr". This motor works like a "twin magnet" which moves a switch inside the lift in a motor angle of 18° via the left lift shaft. Depending on the position of this switch (left or right) the grip access to the tray is controlled. Two optocouplers "sGrL" or "sGrR" are used to monitor the correct functioning of the change mechanism. Depending on the position of the switch one of these two optocouplers is darkened by a lever (CB OPTO).

# 2.1.4 Synchronization of the changer mechanism

The two stepper motors "MoLift" for lift movement and "MoGr" for grip movement are synchronized via optocouplers (sLift, sGrl, sGrO). The points of synchronization are automatically requested by the MBC—controller while power on. The distance (measured in motor steps) between the mechanical reference point and the respective synchronization point is "learned" automatically while the controller is in "learn mode". Therefore the mechanism must be positioned manually to the mechanical reference point. Afterwards one "learn run" must be performed by executing the corresponding service program step via display/keyboard. The detected values are stored in the non–volatile memory chip IC4 of the MBC—controller.

The setting of the synchronization points is already completed in the factory and does not have to be repeated. A new setting of the synchronization points becomes necessary after:

- An unacceptably tight mechanical hit
- Exchange of lift or grip mechanism
- Exchange of parts of the driver mechanism
- Exchange of the "CB OPTO"
- Exchange of the "CB CONTROLLER"
- Exchange of the memory chip IC4 (on CB CONTROLLER)

Refer to "Setting the grip- and lift reference".

# 2.2 Driving and functionning of the CD player

The CD player is a professional "PHILIPS CDM12-Ind." CD drive.

This drive is mounted vibration-free on the lower side of the changer's mounting plate.

The whole electronics (servo, decoder, D/A changer) of the CD player are placed directly below the CDM 12 drive

Via a serial interface the MBC controller communicates with the controller of the CD player.

Thereby all necessary commands and status information of the player are transmitted.

A steel plate stretching the CD is pressed into the turntable. It serves as antipole for the toric magnet within the stretching cone placed in the upper part of the lift.

The CD is being pressed magnetically, that means contactlessly, onto the turntable of the player.

## 2.3 Technical data

Power supply:

Mains voltage: +28V DC ±15% / 1.5A

+14V DC ±15% / 1A

+5V DC ±10% / 0.6A

Operating conditions:

Ambient temperature: 5° to 45° C, operating

-25° to 55° C, storage

Relative humidity: 5% to 90%, operating

(non-condensing) 5% to 95%, storage

**Dimensions and Weight:** 

Height: 275 mm

Width: 465 mm

Depth: 220 mm

Weight (without CDs): 11.3 kg

Magazines/Trays:

Number of magazines:

Dimensions: 160(H)x150(B)x180(T) mm

Number of trays: 50 per magazine

Dimensions: 3(H)x151(B)x137(T) mm

Robotic:

Media swap time: 1.2 sec.

Media swap time: 2.5 sec.

Media exchange time: 2 sec. (average)

CD Drive:

Brand: PHILIPS CDM12-Ind.

Applicable disc format: Red-book

Rotational speed: approx. 200 to 530 rpm

MTBF (Mean Time Between Failures): 30,000 power-on hours

Audio specification:

Output level: 1.5 Veff

Output impedance: 110  $\Omega$ 

Frequency range: 20Hz - 20KHz

Noise voltage ratio: -90 dB

Channel separation: -89 dB

K-factor: 0.05%

# 3. Settings

# 3.1. Setting the Gripper Reference (P158)

Before setting the gripper reference please read the chapter "Function of the changer mechanism" first for a better understanding of the subject.

- At first it has to be checked whether the diaphragm coupled with the shift linkage symmetrically darkens the two optocouplers "sGrl" and "sGrO". Remove the magazines from the CD changer. Place the unit upside down on the table and disassemble the bottom tub.
- Move the diaphragm wheel manually by turning the flywheel of the grip motor first to one and then to the other stop. Check if the diaphragm symmetrically darkens the optocouplers "sGrl" and "sGrO" in the two final positions (stream of light interrupted).

The rough setting is done by applying the driver toothed belt.

The fine adjustment may be changed by loosening the clamping screw at the diaphragm wheel.

After checking or setting the grip rough adjustment put the CD changer once again into its correct position and re-insert the magazines.

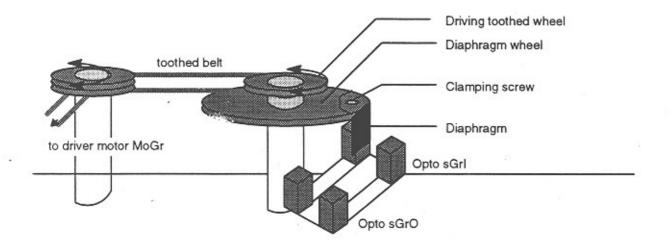


Figure 2: Principle of function

3.	Connect the device	with the	pnonograpn.

Enter service mode by pulling out the service switch.

Enter 158+H Display shows: P158 \_\_\_\_\_

4. Enter 0 Display shows: P158 \_\_ 1418 (for example)

The display shows the actually stored synchronisation values for the grippers (outer distance = 18 motor steps, inner distance = 14 motor steps).

#### Enter H

The grippers are moved automatically to the "outer position".

Display shows: P158 \_\_\_\_0

6	Enter H
	Grippers are moved automatically to the "inner position".
	Display shows: P1581
7.	Enter H. The new reference values will be evaluated and the grippers are moved to the outside position.  The display shows the new synchronisation values, for example: P158 1517 (outer distance = 17 motor steps, inner distance = 15 motor steps).
	Enter H
8.	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O
	The new values are saved to memory.
Note	For best functionality of the changer the displayed values must be in a range from 12 to 25. The difference between the two displayed values must be ≤ 5 (maximum display "P1581217" or "P158 2025).
9.	Enter H. The next service program step is entered.
	Display shows: P159
The s	setting of the gripper reference is now terminated.
	values are outside the allowed tolerances, the error lamp will blink and the old values are anged.
	program may be interrupted at any stage previous to step 8. by pressing the <b>C</b> button on the key- The original values will be unchanged.
Alter	natively to this step-bystep routine you can use an automatic routine:
1.	Call up the service program as usual (P158 +H)
2.	Enter 1 + H  The automatic routine is started. The evaluated values will be directly saved to memory.
3.	Enter H. The next service program step is entered.  Display shows: P159

# 3.2. Setting the Lift-Reference (P159)

For a better understanding first read the chapter "Function of the changer mechanism".

The setting of the lift refence should be performed after setting the grip reference (no tray in the lift).

The setting of the lift is performed without any mechanical adjustment.

The vertical distance from the lower bottom plate up to the synchronization mark (sLift) is stored automatically by starting the service menu. A control and possible height correction is performed in front of tray 49.

1.	Connect the CD-changer switch.	with the phonograph. Enter service mode by pulling out the service
	Enter 159+H	Display shows: P159
2.		Display shows: P159 2902 (for example) ored distance between bottom plate and optocoupler sLift (29). It, during the previous adjustment, the lift was set 2 (two) steps higher.
3.		synchronize at the position "optocoupler sLift" and afterwards the ve the lift against the bottom plate.
	Display shows: P159	0
4.		ically to tray 49 (reference tray). Now you can perform corrections of ding to the position of tray 49 (see figure 4).
	Display shows: P159	00
5.	The lift can be moved in displayed (e.g.: "P159	chonograph to manually grip or to put back a CD tray (see figure 4):ingle steps up or down. There—by the actual height correction value is01").  d manually by turning the right lift leading shaft.
6.	The setting of the lift refe	rection value is saved to the non-volatile memory IC4. rence is now terminated. The lift moves back to the bottom plate. reving or if the height correction value is > 10 the "error" lamp will unchanged.
7.	Enter H The program steps to the	Display shows: P160 enext service program step.
	sing the C button on the ke al values are unchanged.	ypad at any stage (1. to 7.) will interrupt this program step and the
Alterr	natively to this step-by-ste	ep routine you can use an automatic routine:
1.	Call up the service progra	am step "P159" (P159 +H)
2.	Enter 1 + H. There is no pause betwe position (tray 49).	en sychronisation at the bottom plate and moving to the reference

Use the keyboard of the phonograph to manually grip or to put back a CD tray (see figure 4). The lift can be moved in single steps up or down. There—by the actual height correction value is

The gripper can be moved manually by turning the right lift leading shaft.

displayed (e.g.: "P159 .. ...01").

4. Enter H

The displayed height correction value is saved to the non-volatile memory IC4. The setting of the lift reference is now terminated. The lift moves back to the bottom plate. If an error occurs while moving or if the height correction value is > 10 the "error" lamp will blink and the old value is unchanged.

Enter H Display shows: P160 \_\_\_\_\_
 The program steps to the next service program step.

Pressing the C button on the keypad at any stage (1. to 5.) will interrupt this program step and the original values are unchanged.

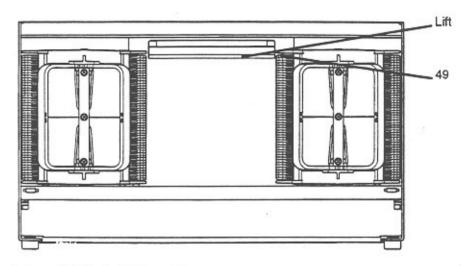


Figure 3: Front view with lift in front of tray 49

During the service program step P159 the keyboard of the CD changer serves the following functions:

- 1: not used
- 2: not used
- 3: Drive lift one motor step upwards
- 4: Grip tray from left magazine
- 5: Insert tray into magazine
- 6: Grip tray from right magazine
- 7: not used
- 8: not used
- 9: Drive lift one motor step downwards
- 0: not used
- C: Cancel procedure
- H: Store displayed lift correction value

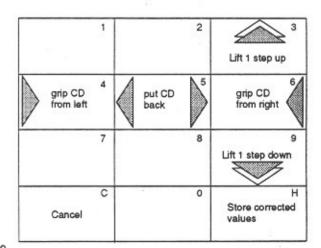


Figure 4: Keyboard layout during service program P159

# 3.3. Manual control of the MBC III (P157)

For checking the functions of the "MBC III" it may be controlled manually using the service program step "P157".

# 3.3.1 P157.0: Manual control of the CD-changer with testing the CD-player

After selection of the service program step "P157" the status of the optocouplers of the "MBC III" will be displayed on the phonograph's display:

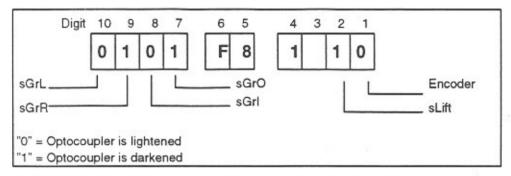


Figure 5: Separation of the phonograph's display for displaying the status information

During "P157.0" the keypad buttons of the phonograph serve the following functions if no CD is placed on the CD-player:

## A: No CD on player

- 1: not used
- 2: Drive lift upwards
- 3: Drive lift one motor step upwards
- 4: Grip tray from left magazine
- 5: Insert tray into magazine
- 6: Grip tray from right magazine
- 7: not used
- 8: Drive lift downwards
- 9: Drive lift one motor step downwards
- Insert tray into magazine Drive lift in home position
- C: Leave service program
- H: not used

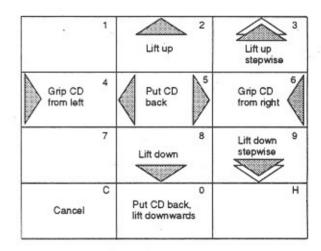


Figure 6: Keyboard layout during service program P157.0 without CD on player

During "P157.0" the keypad buttons of the phonograph serve the following functions if a CD is placed on the CD-player:

## B: CD on player

- 1: CD-Player Start/Pause
- 2: Fast play forward
- 3: Play next track
- 4: Put last CD on player
- 5: Insert tray into magazine
- 6: Put the next CD on player
- 7: not used
- 8: Fast play backward
- 9: Playing of the last track
- 0: Stop / Return CD
- C: Leave the service program
- H: Change to the next service program

CD-Player Start/Pause Stop Fast play	2 Fast play forward	3 Play next track
- 4 Put CD back grip last one	5 Insert tray into magazine	6 Put CD back, grip next one
7	8 Fast play backward	9 Play next title
Cancel	Stop CD, return CD	н

Figure 7: Keyboard layout during service program P157.0 with CD on player

# 3.3.2 P157.1: Manual control of the CD-changer without testing the CD-player

The keypad layout for P157.1 is nearly the same as for P157.0 without CD (see figure 6). Additionally the lift motor can be set to a currentless state thus to move the motor manually to check the lift for stiffness. Use key "1" or "7" to switch between left and right magazine to pick a CD-tray. Use key "H" to center the lift to the next CD-tray in a magazine.

#### Manual control

- 1: Put selector motor "MaGr" to left hand access
- 2: Move lift upwards
- 3: Move lift upwards in single steps
- 4: Grip CD-tray from the left magazine
- 5: Put CD-tray back into magazine
- 6: Grip CD-tray from the right magazine
- 7: Put selector motor "MaGr" to right hand access
- 8: Move lift downwards
- 9: Move lift downwards in single steps
- 0: Set lift motor to currentless state
- C: Cancel
- H: Center lift to the next CD-tray

1	2	3
Put selector motor MaGr to left	Lift up	Lift up stepwise
4 Grip CD from left	5 Put CD back	Grip CD from right
7 Put selector motor MaGr to right	8 Lift down	9 Lift down stepwise
C Cancel	0 Lift motor currentless	Center lift to next CD-tray

Figure 8: Keyboard layout during service program P157.1 without CD

Press C to leave service program step P157.1.

# 4. Exchange of components

Caution: Before exchanging a unit or demounting parts of the device, pull out the phonograph's mains connection first!!

## 4.1. MBC-Controller

When exchanging the CB CONTROLLER-MBC III please consider the following:

The memory chip IC4 located on the CB stores all necessary non-volatile data as-

- Lift reference
- Gripper reference
- Number of tray inside the lift.

Take care that before the exchange of the CB CONTROLLER no tray remains inside the lift (if necessary push out manually by turning the left lift shaft).

After exchange of the CB the lift and gripper reference have to be readjusted. Therefore see chapter 3 (Settings).

In case that the memory chip IC4 on the disassembled CB is still o.k., it can be pulled out of its socket and exchanged with the one on the newly assembled CB. The previous adjustments are then preserved and do not have to be repeated.

After the exchange of the MBC-Controller verify all functions of the device.

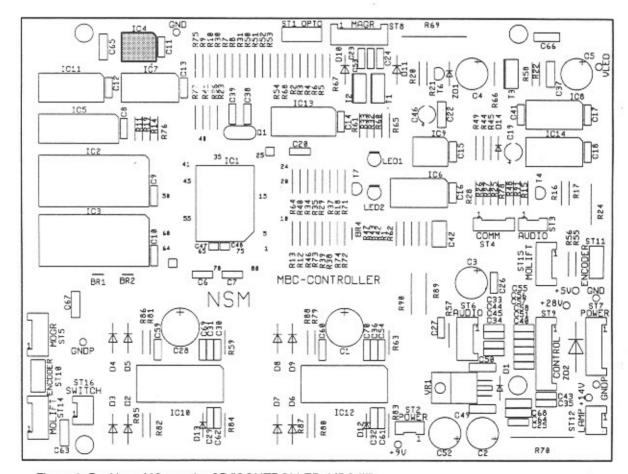


Figure 9: Position of IC4 on the CB "CONTROLLER-MBC III",

# 4.2 Test for Opto Diagnosis P154

The MBC III CD changer is built in a way which offers the possibilities to check each optocoupler with service program step P154. Using this program step, it is possible to tell if any of the 5 optos in the MBC III changer is performing poorly. This is done as follows:

- Open the phonograph and enter the service mode by pulling out the service switch.
- Press C on the keypad.
- Press 154 H 0.
- The MBC III changer will then check each opto in succession by performing certain lift movements. Afterwards, a relative value denoting the supply voltage is displayed. This number should be between 165 and 195.
- Now check each optocoupler by pressing the corresponding key:

Key 1 = sLift opto.	Value should be between 25 and 80. Otherwise, change opto.
Key 2 = sGrO opto.	Value should be between 25 and 80. Otherwise, change opto.
Key 3 = sGrl opto.	Value should be between 25 and 80. Otherwise, change opto.
Key 4 = sGrR opto.	Value should be between 15 and 75. Otherwise, change opto.
Key 5 = sGrL opto.	Value should be between 15 and 75. Otherwise, change opto.

Note: This test is a performance test, and requires all optos to be at least minimally functional.
If there is the value "100", so the corresponding opto may be dead.
Is the opto coppler illuminated with stray light, a value of "00" is determined. In this case, cover the opto during the test.

# 4.3 Repairs at the lift of MBC III

Removal and installation are carried out as follows.

#### Removal:

- Remove the frontal cover.
- Take out the magazines.
- 3. Remove the screws on the backside of the device.
- Loosen the upper and the two backwards located screws of the right and the left side wall.
   Lift off the L-shaped outer plate.
- Lay down the device upside-down and remove the four holding screws.
   Take off the bottom plate.
- Remove the both Benzing lock washers from the ends of the lift spindles and take out the washers.
- In order to remove the selector motor (MaGr) pull out its mains connector and loosen the fixing screws from the motor end shield.
- Loosen the grip motor and remove the toothed belts from the right lift spindles.
- In order to take out the right toothed belt remove the right Benzing lock washer from the spindle axle. Hold the toothed belt in position and push its washer to the right hand side.
- Replace the device in upright position, remove the bearing housing from the upper mounting plate and pull out to the top the lift spindles (thereby also pull out the switch of the left lift spindle).
- Place the device on the front side and loosen the supporting screws; open both rocking levers to slacken the toothed beits.
- Take the toothed belts off the toothed wheel and push the loops deeper into the gaps of the lower mounting plate so that now you can remove the toothed belts from the lower wheels.
- 13. Take the lift out of the device.
- 14. For removal of the two toothed belts take their ends out of the holding clamps of the lift.

### Installation:

- After having pressed in the ends of the toothed belts with 4 teeth insert the lift into the device so that the NSM logo is frontally located.
- 16. The lift spindle with the twice stepped ends has to be pushed carefully turning from the front through the upper mounting plate and the bearings of the lift, so that the carrier springs in the lift bearings correspond to the groove of the spindles, and then through the bearings into the lower mounting plate. The left lift spindle synchronically has to be inserted into the switch of the selector motor.
- 17. Insert the upper bearing housings with the spring washer and screw down the bearings.
- 18. Place the paired ends of the lower toothed belts around the two lower belt washers, so that the lift can be pulled parallely to the mounting plate.
- Adjust the belt tension with the belt stretchers and fix it with the supporting screws.
- Place the device upside-down.
- 21. Lock the switch at the left lift spindle with washer and locking washer.
- 22. Screw down the selector motor with the fixing screws. Insert the control lever with its plug into the slot of the switch lever. Take care that friction only emerges within the slot. Therefore insert distance sleeves. The switch lever has to be placed in its final position.
- Place the double stepped driving wheel on the right lift spindle so that the bigger wheel is located in direction of the lift spindle on the inner side.
- 24. Replace the toothed belt and remount the grip motor.
- 25. Turn the flywheel of the grip motor to the left side up to the stop and the switch segment control wheel with a lefthand rotation into the left optocoupler so that the segment (diaprahgm) will almost darken the range of this optocoupler.
- Place the toothed belt in this position onto the smaller belt wheel.
- Secure the tootical belt wheel with the Benzing lock washer after having mounted the flanged wheel.
- Turn the flywheel to the right hand side up to the stop. The switch segment control wheel must darken the right optocoupler.
- 29. By turning the control wheel several times into its final position check the position of the switch segment (diaphragm) with regard to the two optocouplers. Make sure that the darkening of the optocouplers in the final position is symmetrically. The switch segment is connected with the control wheel by a long hole so that a fine adjustment can be made.
- Place the toothed belt for the lift transportation onto the belt wheel, fit the 4 fifth—wheel king pins
  into the counterpart located on the spindle, and replace the Benzing lock washer.
- Place the device face up and adjust the grip— and lift reference (see section adjustment of grip— and lift reference).
- 32. Verify the functioning of the device and remount the bottom—and the outside plates.

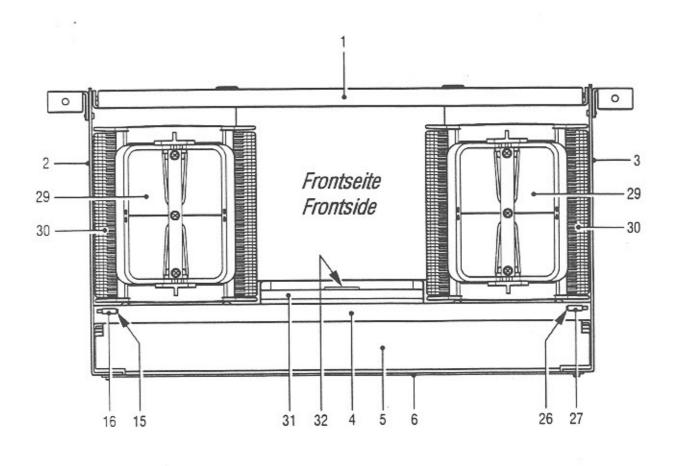
# 5. Spare parts list:

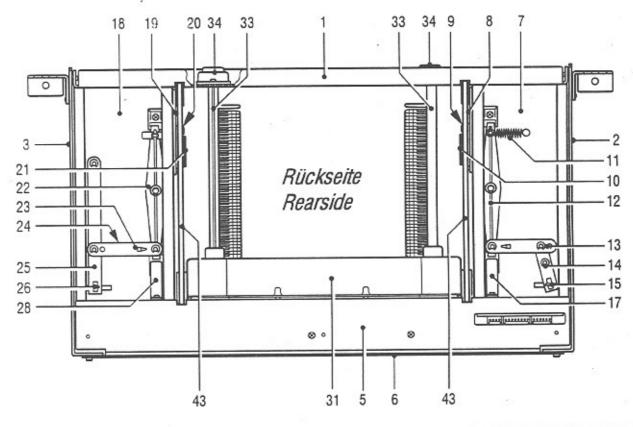
Overview:

CD-Changer MBC III-TOP page 17

LP CONTROLLER-MBC III-TOP page 21

LP OPTO page 23

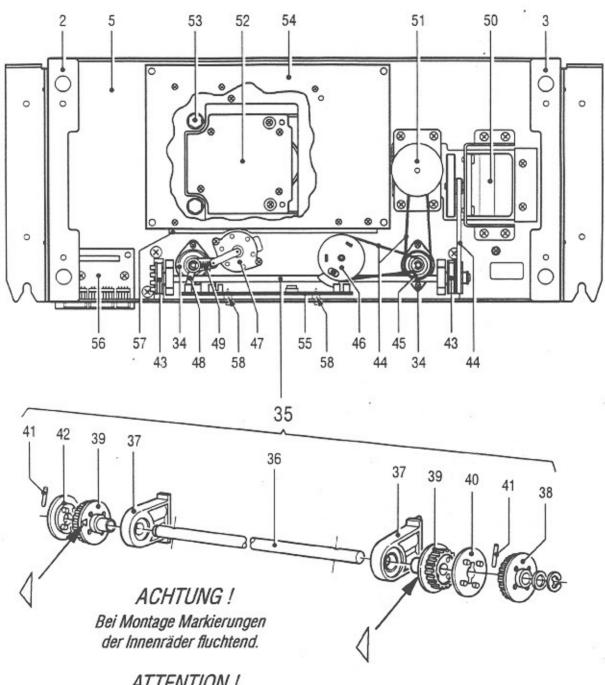




Pos.	Part-No.	Description	Data	103=00.58 - 10	Qantitiy	
	179 241 *	CD-CHANGER MBC III, compl. (w/o locking bracket left and right) (w/o design parts) (w/o magazine)			1	
				•		
1	179 182	Cover MBC III			1	
	212 939	Cover plate			1	
	300 264	Scotch tape 6mm white	560mm long		1	
2	179 188	Side wall left, riveted	•		1	
3	179 189	Side wall right, riveted			1	
1	140 315	Cover plate, compl.			1	
5	179 184	Basic plate lower, riveted			1	
6	140 265	Basic plate			1	
7	179 128	Profile left, riveted			1	
8	141 135	Guide plate, riveted			1	
9	141 140	Guiding			1	
10	205 614	Tension spring	Guide plate		1	
11	205 877	Tension spring	Magazin		1	
12	140 082	Latch lever left, mounted	magazin		1	
13	140 058	Connection lever			1	
14	140 080	Connection piece short, riveted			1	
15	140 055	Opening pawl			1	
16	140 054	Cap			1	
17	140 234	Spaing flat			1	
18	179 185	Profile right, riveted			1	
19	141 135	Guide plate, riveted			1	
20	141 140	Guiding			1	
21	205 614	Tension spring	Guide plate		1	
22	140 083	Latch lever right, mounted			1	
23	140 058	Connection lever			1	
24	205 877	Tension spring	Magazin		1	
25	140 081	Connection piece short, riveted			1	
26	140 055	Opening pawl			1	
27	140 054	Cap			1	
28	140 234	Spring flat			1	
29	178 136	Magazines compl., without CD holder			2	
30	140 024	CD holder (single)	(single)		50	
31	140 313	Lift compl.			1	
32	140 221	CD clamp / cover			1	
33	180 754	Bar, mounted	Lift		2	
34	140 127	Bearing housing, mounted			4	

<sup>\*</sup> Exchange unit

# Von unten gesehen Bottom view

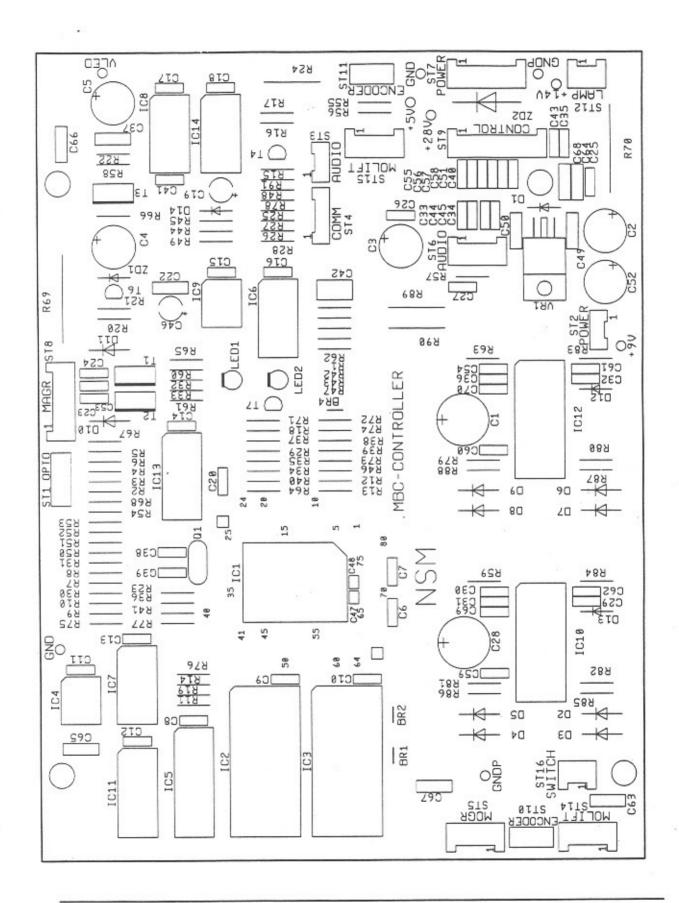


# ATTENTION!

Observe the alignment of the signs on the inner toothed wheels.

Pos.	Part-No.	Description	Data		Qantitiy
CD-cha	nger MBC IIII co	ontinued			
35	140 139	Bar, mounted	(Driving axle)		1
36	211 723	Bar			1
37	140 162	Bearing block, mounted			2
38	140 172	Outer wheel	Z 40		1
39	140 173	Inner wheel	Z 25		2
40	140 174	Transmission washer	- 3		1
41	726 013	Needle roll	B2,0 x 13.8		2
42	179 167	Pivot washer	22,0 % 70.0		1
43	216 283	Toothed belt	3MR-492	Lift	2
44	216 281	Toothed belt	2MR-224		3
15	140 175	Driving wheel II, mounted			1
16	140 128	Control wheel, compl.			1
17	140 150	Stepper motor, mounted			1
18	140 148	Switch lever			1
19	205 892	Pressure spring			1
50	178 743	Motor 23 LM, compl.	6		1
	178 641	Distance piece	(for motor)		4
51	178 744,	Motor 17 PM, compl.			1
	178 641	Distance piece	(for motor)		4
52	179 195 *	CD-Player CD-PRO, montiert			1
53	140 321	Rubber base mounted			4
54	178 963 *	CB CONTROLLER - MBC III-50	see page 25		1
55	179 192	CB-OPTO, compl.	see page 27		1
56	179 193	CB- ADAPTER MBC III, compl.	See page 27		1
57	179 063	Isolating plate	under LP CON	TROLLER	1
58	179 054	Spacer bolt	under LP-OPT		2
	227 642	Cable set for CDM 12	Power	4 poles	1
	227 642	Cable set for CDM 12	Audio		1
	227 643	Cable set for CDM 12	DSA	4 polies	
	140 243	Cable harness Encoder	250 mm long	6 poles 6 polies	1
	140 240	Cable Harriess Effecter	230 11111 10119	o polles	1

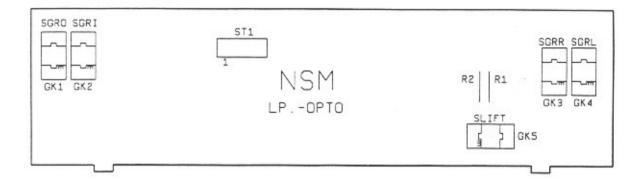
<sup>\*</sup> Exchange unit

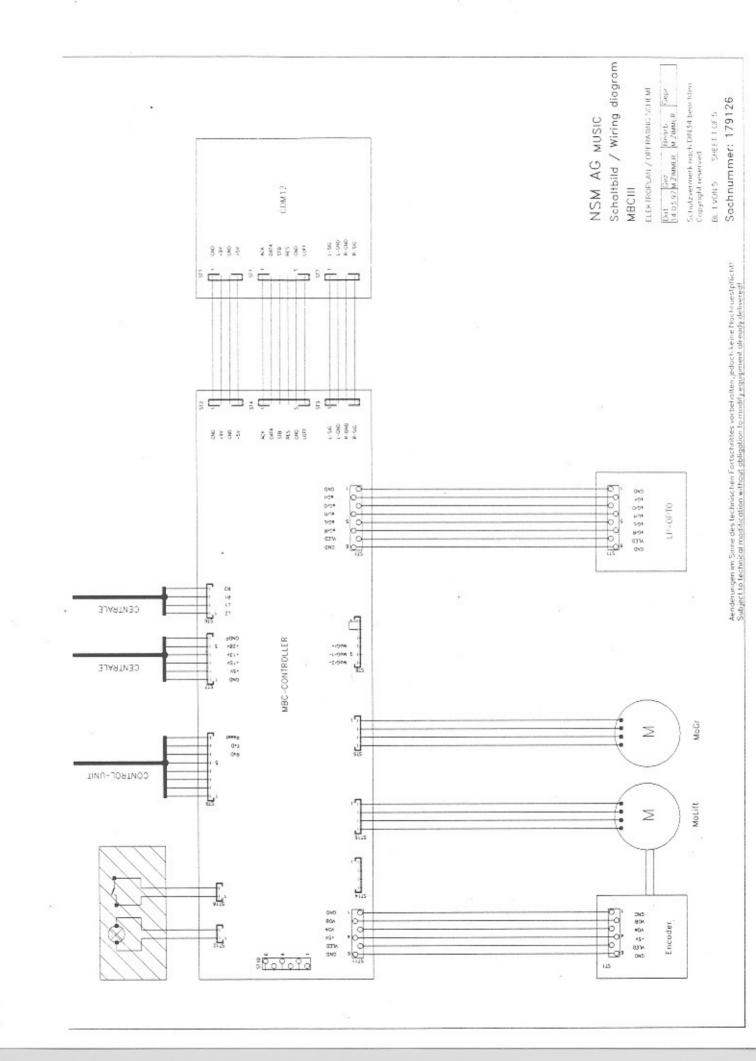


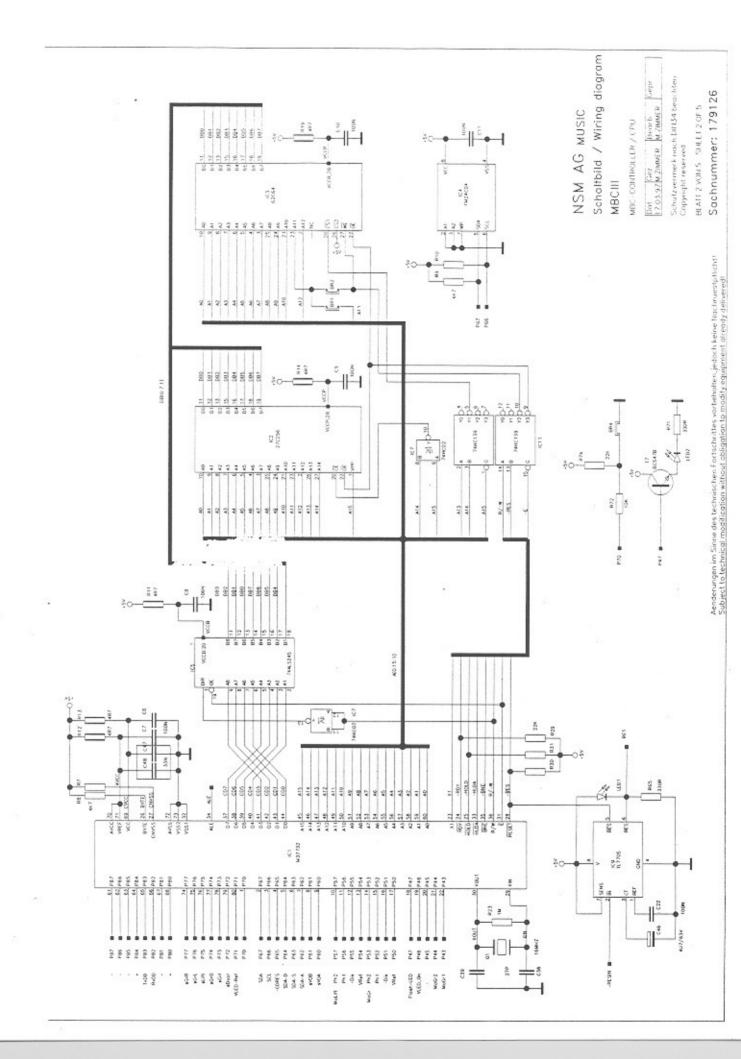
Pos.	Part-No.	Description	Data	Qantitiy
	178 963 *	LP CONTROLLER-MBC III-TO	P, compl.	1
	140 275	Distance plate		1
ST2, 3	235 120	Pin plug	4 poles	2
ST4	235 121	Pin plug	6 poles	1
ST10, 11	225 872	Socket	AMP-Micro-Match 6 poles	2
ST1	235 074	Socket	AMP-Micro-Match 8 poles	1
ST12	225 650	Pin panel	2 poles	1
ST5, 6, 14, 15	225 651	Pin panel	4 poles	4
ST7, 8	225 652	Pin panel	6 poles	2
ST9	225 653	Pin panel	8 poles	1
Semicondu	ctors:		22	
IC 1	231 791	IC-Micro computer	M37732S4BFP	1
	140.071	IC Manage		
C2	140 371	IC-Memory	programmed	1
IC2	222 447	IC-Socket	28 poles	1
IC3	231 444	IC-Memory	HM6264-LP-12	1
IC3	222 447	ICSocket	28 poles	1
IC4	231 792 <sup>-</sup>	ICMemory	FM24C04	1
IC4	222 307	IC-Socket	8 poles	1
C6	231 633	IC-Logic	.PC74HC08P	1 .
IC7	231 632	IC-Logic	PC74HC02P	1
IC8	231 808	IC-Logic	74HC393	1
IC11	231 804	IC-Logic	74HC139	1
IC13	221 810	IC-Logic	HEF4050BP	1
IC14	231 809	IC-Logic	74HC74	1
IC5	231 807	IC-Logic	74ALS245	1
IC9	231 431	IC-Interface	TL7705ACP	1
IC10, 12	231 794	IC-Motor-driver	PBL 3774	2
VR1	231 806	IC-Voltage regulator	L4940V85	1
Q1	231 567	Quarz	16 MHz	1
T1, 2, 3	231 150	Darlington-transistor	NPN TIP130	3
T4	221 459	Si-Transistor	PNP BC556B	1
T6, 7	221 757	Si-Transistor	NPN BC547B	2
LED1, 2	221 466	Lumineszens diode	TLUR 440.1	2
ZD1	221 512	Si-Zener diode	ZPD 12	1
ZD2	221 539	Transzorb diode	IC TE-5	1
D2 - D11	231 863	Si-diode	UF 4004	10
D1, 12, 13, 14	221 114	Si-diode	1N4148	4

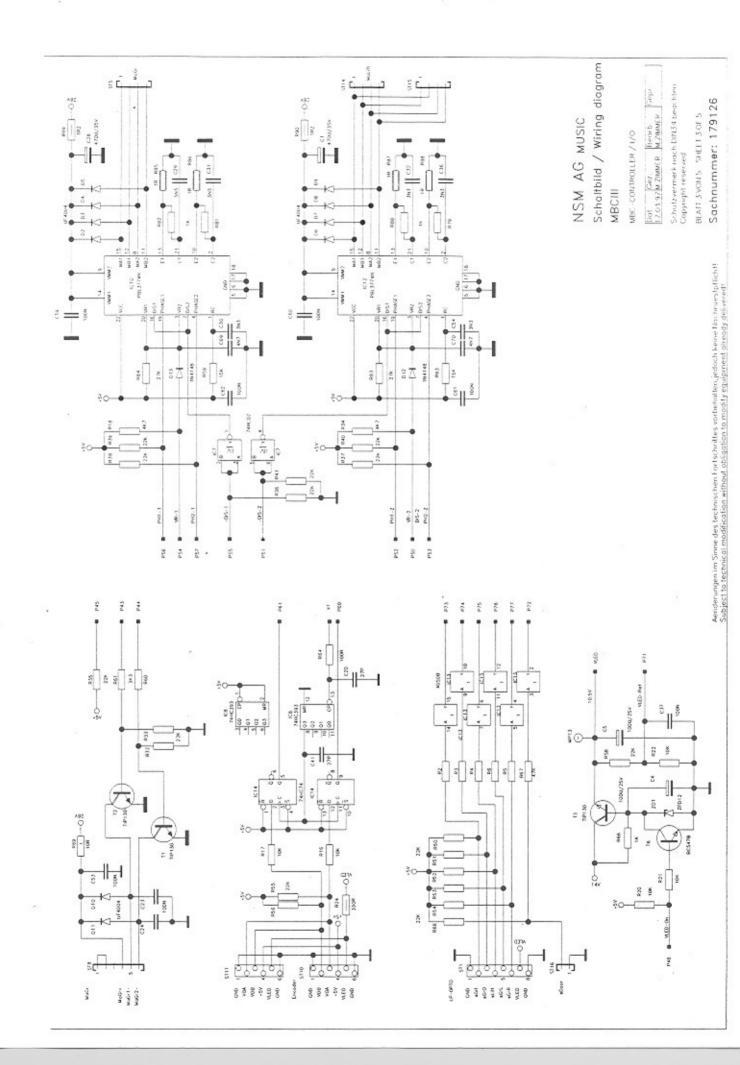
CB CONTROLLER-MBC III-50, continued  Capacitors:  266	Qa	ntitiy
Capacitors:         220 159         Electrolytic capacitor         4,7 μF           219 220 249         Electrolytic capacitor         1 μF           220 34, 5, 52 220 250         Electrolytic capacitor         100 μF           21, 28, 5, 52 220 255         Electrolytic capacitor         470 μF           220, 36, 39, 41         220 266         Ceramic capacitor         27 pF           240, 43, 44, 45, 55-58         220 185         Ceramic capacitor         270 pF           283-688         220 344         Ceramic capacitor         0,022 μ           28-618, 623-627, 535, 659-662         220 498         Ceramic capacitor         100 nF           28-70, 253, 659-622         220 498         Ceramic capacitor         100 nF           28-71, 659, 70         220 435         KT-type capacitor         100 pF           28-72, 36, 54         220 401         KT-type capacitor         470 pF           28-73, 49, 50         220 334         MKT-type capacitor         0,1 μF           28-88, 88, 70         220 334         MKT-type capacitor         0,1 μF           28-8-88         21 626         Resistor         10 Ω           28-8-89         21 626         Resistor         10 Ω           28-7, 60-62         221 033         Resistor<		
220 159   Electrolytic capacitor   4,7 μF   1,1 μF   1,2		
220 249   Electrolytic capacitor   1 μF   100	2017	
C2_3, 4, 5, 52   220 250   Electrolytic capacitor   100 μF   470 μF   47	63V	1
201,28   220 551   Electrolytic capacitor   470 μF	63V	1
220, 38, 39, 41   220 266   Ceramic capacitor   27 pF		5
240,43,44,45,   255-58   220 185   Ceramic capacitor   270 pF   265-58   220 344   Ceramic capacitor   0,022 μ    256-018,023-027,   253,059-062   220 498   Ceramic capacitor   100 nF   2033,34,35,51   220 142   KT-type capacitor   3300 pF   269-32,36,54   220 401   KT-type capacitor   3300 pF   269-32,36,54   220 401   KT-type capacitor   4700 pF   262,37,49,50   220 334   MKT-type capacitor   0,1 μF   262,37,49,50   220 334   MKT-type capacitor   0,33 μF   262,37,49,50   220 332   MKT-type capacitor   0,33 μF   266,79   221 600   Resistor   100 Ω Resistor	40V	2
C55-58         220 185         Ceramic capacitor         270 pF           C63-C68         220 344         Ceramic capacitor         0,022 μl           C6-C18, C23-C27, C53, C59-C62         220 498         Ceramic capacitor         100 nF           C33, 34, 35, 51         220 142         KT-type capacitor         3300 pF           C59-32, 36, 54         220 401         KT-type capacitor         4700 pF           C69, 70         220 435         KT-type capacitor         0,1 μF           C622, 37, 49, 50, 220 334         MKT-type capacitor         0,33 μF           Resistors:         R85-88         221 626         Resistor         1Ω           R64         221 600         Resistor         100 Ω         Resistor           R65, 71         221 614         Resistor         330 Ω         AR           R66, 79-82, 91 221 029         Resistor         1 KΩ         3,3 KΩ           R7-10,         R81, 34, 78         221 033         Resistor         4,7 KΩ           R829-33, 35-56,         Resistor         10 KΩ         15 KΩ           R83, 84         221 034         Resistor         22 KΩ           R83, 84         221 601         Resistor         22 KΩ           R83, 84         221 601<	400V	4
255-58         220 185         Ceramic capacitor         270 pF           268-C68         220 344         Ceramic capacitor         0,022 μl           26-C18, C23-C27, 253, C59-C62         220 498         Ceramic capacitor         100 nF           233, 34, 35, 51         220 142         KT-type capacitor         3300 pF           229-92, 36, 54         220 401         KT-type capacitor         4700 pF           269, 70         220 435         KT-type capacitor         0,1 μF           222, 37, 49, 50, 220 334         MKT-type capacitor         0,33 μF           Resistors:         R85-88         221 626         Resistor         1Ω           R64         221 600         Resistor         100 Ω         Resistor           R65, 71         221 614         Resistor         330 Ω         AR           R66, 79-82, 91 221 029         Resistor         1 KΩ         3,3 KΩ           R7-10,         R818, 34, 78         221 033         Resistor         4,7 KΩ           R829-33, 35-56,         Resistor         22 KΩ         Resistor         22 KΩ           R83, 84         221 034         Resistor         22 KΩ           R83, 84         221 601         Resistor         27 KΩ           R83, 84		
C68-C18, C23-C27, C53, C59-C62 220 498	400V	8
Coss,	F 63V	6
C33, 34, 35, 51   220 142   KT-type capacitor   1000 pF   C29-32, 36, 54   220 401   KT-type capacitor   3300 pF   C69, 70   220 435   KT-type capacitor   4700 pF   C22, 37, 49, 50.   220 332   MKT-type capacitor   0,1 μF   C42   220 332   MKT-type capacitor   0,33 μF   C42   C4		
C29-32, 36, 54       220 401       KT-type capacitor       3300 pF         C69, 70       220 435       KT-type capacitor       4700 pF         C22, 37, 49, 50, 220 334       MKT-type capacitor       0,1 μF         C42       220 332       MKT-type capacitor       0,33 μF         Resistors:         R85-88       221 626       Resistor       100 Ω         R65, 71       221 614       Resistor       330 Ω         R25-28       221 099       Resistor       470 Ω         R66, 79-82, 91 221 029       Resistor       1 ΚΩ         R57, 60-62       221 033       Resistor       1 ΚΩ         R7-10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 ΚΩ         R15-17,       R20-22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 ΚΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 ΚΩ         R29-33, 35-56,       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R1-6, 67       221 038       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1-6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 Μ         R89, 90 <t< td=""><td>63V</td><td>23</td></t<>	63V	23
C29-32, 36, 54       220 401       KT-type capacitor       3300 pF         C69, 70       220 435       KT-type capacitor       4700 pF         C22, 37, 49, 50, 220 334       MKT-type capacitor       0,1 μF         C42       220 332       MKT-type capacitor       0,33 μF         Resistors:         R85-88       221 626       Resistor       100 Ω         R65, 71       221 614       Resistor       330 Ω         R25-28       221 099       Resistor       470 Ω         R66, 79-82, 91 221 029       Resistor       1 ΚΩ         R57, 60-62       221 033       Resistor       1 ΚΩ         R7-10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 ΚΩ         R15-17,       R20-22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 ΚΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 ΚΩ         R29-33, 35-56,       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R1-6, 67       221 038       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1-6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 Μ         R89, 90 <t< td=""><td>100V</td><td>4</td></t<>	100V	4
C69, 70       220 435       KT-type capacitor       4700 pF         C22, 37, 49, 50, 220 334       MKT-type capacitor       0,1 μF         C42       220 332       MKT-type capacitor       0,33 μF         Resistors:         R85-88       221 626       Resistor       100 Ω         R65, 71       221 614       Resistor       330 Ω         R25-28       221 099       Resistor       470 Ω         R66, 79-82, 91 221 029       Resistor       1 ΚΩ         R57, 60-62       221 033       Resistor       1 ΚΩ         R7-10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 ΚΩ         R15-17,       R20-22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 ΚΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 ΚΩ         R29-33, 35-56,       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1-6, 67       221 038       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1-6, 67       221 038       Resistor       1 ΜΩ         R1-14, 19       231 527       Met-Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox-Resistor       1,2 Ω		6
C42       220 332       MKT-type capacitor       0,33 μF         Resistors:         R85-88       221 626       Resistor       100 Ω         R65, 71       221 614       Resistor       330 Ω         R25-28       221 099       Resistor       470 Ω         R66, 79-82, 91 221 029       Resistor       1 ΚΩ         R57, 60-62       221 033       Resistor       3,3 ΚΩ         R7-10,         R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 ΚΩ         R15-17,       R20-22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 ΚΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 ΚΩ         R29-33, 35-56,       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1-6, 67       221 038       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 ΜΩ         R11-14, 19       231 527       Met-Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox-Resistor       1,2 Ω		2
C42       220 332       MKT-type capacitor       0,33 μF         Resistors:         R85-88       221 626       Resistor       100 Ω         R65, 71       221 614       Resistor       330 Ω         R25-28       221 099       Resistor       470 Ω         R66, 79-82, 91 221, 029       Resistor       1 ΚΩ         R57, 60-62       221 033       Resistor       3,3 ΚΩ         R7-10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 ΚΩ         R15-17,       R20-22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 ΚΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 ΚΩ         R29-33, 35-56,       R58, 68, 73-77 221 604       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1-6, 67       221 038       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 ΜΩ         R81-14, 19       231 527       Met-Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox-Resistor       1,2 Ω	63V	4
R85–88       221 626       Resistor       1 Ω         R64       221 600       Resistor       100 Ω         R65, 71       221 614       Resistor       330 Ω         R25–28       221 099       Resistor       470 Ω         R66, 79–82, 91 221, 029       Resistor       1 ΚΩ         R57, 60–62       221 033       Resistor       3,3 ΚΩ         R7–10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 ΚΩ         R15–17,       R20–22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 ΚΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 ΚΩ         R29–33, 35–56,       R58, 68, 73–77 221 604       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R1–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 Ω		1
R85–88       221 626       Resistor       1 Ω         R64       221 600       Resistor       100 Ω         R65, 71       221 614       Resistor       330 Ω         R25–28       221 099       Resistor       470 Ω         R66, 79–82, 91 221, 029       Resistor       1 ΚΩ         R57, 60–62       221 033       Resistor       3,3 ΚΩ         R7–10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 ΚΩ         R15–17,       R20–22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 ΚΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 ΚΩ         R29–33, 35–56,       R58, 68, 73–77 221 604       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R1–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 Ω		
R64       221 600       Resistor       100 $\Omega$ R65, 71       221 614       Resistor       330 $\Omega$ R25–28       221 099       Resistor       470 $\Omega$ R66, 79–82, 91 221, 029       Resistor       1 K $\Omega$ R57, 60–62       221 033       Resistor       3,3 K $\Omega$ R7–10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 K $\Omega$ R15–17,       R20–22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 K $\Omega$ R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 K $\Omega$ R29–33, 35–66,       Resistor       22 K $\Omega$ R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 K $\Omega$ R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 K $\Omega$ R23       221 009       Resistor       47 K $\Omega$ R11–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 $\Omega$ R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 $\Omega$		
R64       221 600       Resistor       100 Ω         R65, 71       221 614       Resistor       330 Ω         R25–28       221 099       Resistor       470 Ω         R66, 79–82, 91 221, 029       Resistor       1 ΚΩ         R57, 60–62       221 033       Resistor       3,3 ΚΩ         R7–10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 ΚΩ         R15–17,       R20–22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 ΚΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 ΚΩ         R29–33, 35–56,       R58, 68, 73–77 221 604       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R11–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 Ω	0,34W	4
R65, 71       221 614       Resistor       330 Ω         R25–28       221 099       Resistor       470 Ω         R66, 79–82, 91 221, 029       Resistor       1 KΩ         R57, 60–62       221 033       Resistor       3,3 KΩ         R7–10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 KΩ         R15–17,       R20–22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 KΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 KΩ         R29–33, 35–56,       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 ΜΩ         R11–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 Ω	0,34W	1
R25–28       221 099       Resistor       470 Ω         R66, 79–82, 91 221, 029       Resistor       1 KΩ         R57, 60–62       221 033       Resistor       3,3 KΩ         R7–10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 KΩ         R15–17,       R20–22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 KΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 KΩ         R29–33, 35–56,       R8s, 68, 73–77 221 604       Resistor       22 KΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 KΩ         R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 KΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 MΩ         R11–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 Ω	0,34W	2
R66, 79–82, 91 221, 029       Resistor       1 ΚΩ         R57, 60–62       221 033       Resistor       3,3 ΚΩ         R7–10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 ΚΩ         R15–17,       R20–22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 ΚΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 ΚΩ         R29–33, 35–56,       R85, 68, 73–77 221 604       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 ΜΩ         R11–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 Ω	0,34W	4
R57, 60–62       221 033       Resistor       3,3 KΩ         R7–10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 KΩ         R15–17,       R20–22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 KΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 KΩ         R29–33, 35–56,       R88, 68, 73–77 221 604       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 ΜΩ         R11–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 Ω	0,34W	6
R7-10,       R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 KΩ         R15-17,       R20-22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 KΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 KΩ         R29-33, 35-56,       R88, 68, 73-77 221 604       Resistor       22 KΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1-6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 MΩ         R11-14, 19       231 527       Met-Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox-Resistor       1,2 Ω		4
R18, 34, 78       221 034       Resistor       4,7 ΚΩ         R15–17,       R20–22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 ΚΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 ΚΩ         R29–33, 35–56,       R58, 68, 73–77 221 604       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 ΜΩ         R11–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 Ω		
R15–17.       R20–22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 KΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 KΩ         R29–33, 35–56.       R58, 68, 73–77 221 604       Resistor       22 KΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 KΩ         R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 KΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 MΩ         R11–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 Ω	0,34W	7
R20-22, 72       221 035       Resistor       10 ΚΩ         R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 ΚΩ         R29-33, 35-56,       R58, 68, 73-77 221 604       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1-6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 ΜΩ         R11-14, 19       231 527       Met-Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox-Resistor       1,2 Ω		
R59, 63       221 036       Resistor       15 ΚΩ         R29–33, 35–56,       R58, 68, 73–77 221 604       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 ΜΩ         R11–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 Ω	0.04141	-
R29–33, 35–56,       22 ΚΩ         R58, 68, 73–77 221 604       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 ΜΩ         R11–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 Ω	0,34W	7
R58, 68, 73–77 221 604       Resistor       22 ΚΩ         R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1–6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 ΜΩ         R11–14, 19       231 527       Met–Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox–Resistor       1,2 Ω	0,34W	2
R83, 84       221 601       Resistor       27 ΚΩ         R1-6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 ΚΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 ΜΩ         R11-14, 19       231 527       Met-Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox-Resistor       1,2 Ω		200
R1-6, 67       221 038       Resistor       47 KΩ         R23       221 009       Resistor       1 MΩ         R11-14, 19       231 527       Met-Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox-Resistor       1,2 Ω	0,34W	34
R23       221 009       Resistor       1 MΩ         R11-14, 19       231 527       Met-Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox-Resistor       1,2 Ω	0,34W	2
R23       221 009       Resistor       1 MΩ         R11-14, 19       231 527       Met-Resistor, highly flameable       4,7 Ω         R89, 90       231 139       Metox-Resistor       1,2 Ω	0,34W	7
R89, 90 231 139 Metox-Resistor 1,2 Ω	0,34W	1
100 Page 19 Page 19 Page 19 Page 19 Page 1	0,34W	5
R24 221 152 Resistor 330 Ω	0,5W	2
	0,5W	1
R69, 70 221 169 Wire—resistor 10 Ω	1W	2

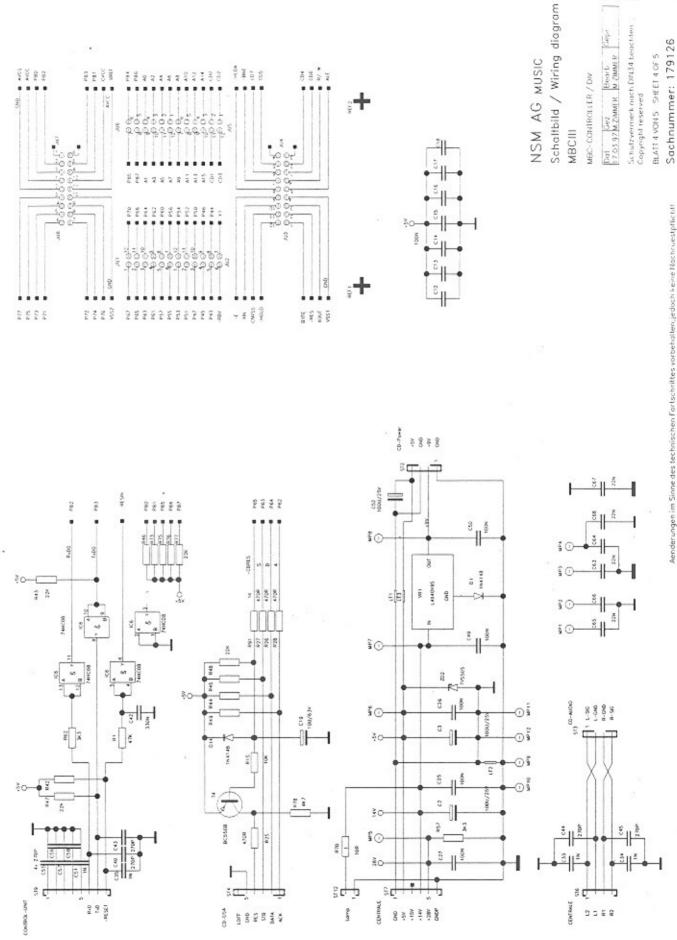
Pos.	Part-No.	Description	Data		Qantitiy
	179 192	CB OPTO, compl.			1
ST1	235 074	Sleeve	AMP Micro-N	Match 8 poles	1
GK1,2.5	231 322	Opto coupler	LTH-301A-N		3
Ri	221 638	Resistor	270 Ω	0,34W	1
R2	221 624	Resistor	220 Ω	0,34W	1



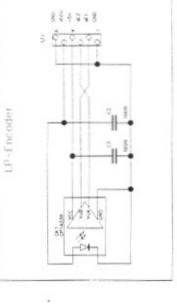








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V<sub>S</sub> Nos

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